

① مقادیر n را طوری تعیین کنید که توابع یک به یک شوند؟

الف) $f \in \{(x, y), (n, 0), (3, n^2 - n), (m, 2), (-1, 4)\}$

ب) $f \in \{(x, y), (1, 1), (2, 3), (a, m-1), (a+2, n), (m, 3)\}$

$$n^2 - n \leq 2 \quad n^2 - n = 0$$

$$(n-2)(n+1) = 0$$

$$\boxed{n \leq 2} \quad \text{غیر از } n = -1 \quad \boxed{m \leq 3}$$

$$m \leq 2 \rightarrow m-1 \leq 2-1 \leq 1 \quad (a, 1) \text{ و } a \leq -1$$

$$a \leq -1 \rightarrow a+2 \rightarrow -1+2 \leq 1 \rightarrow (1, n) \quad \boxed{n \leq 2}$$

② تابع یک به یک عدد a را تعیین کنید.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2, & x \geq 1 \\ x+a, & x < 1 \end{cases}$$

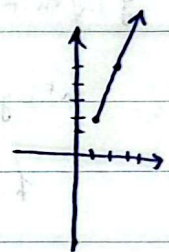
$$x < 1 \quad x+a < 1 \quad 1+a \leq 1 \quad \boxed{a \leq 0}$$

در این صورت

مجموعه $(m, 2)$

$$x^2 \in (-\infty, 1+a)$$

$$1+a \leq 1 \quad \boxed{a \leq 0}$$



۵

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 1, & x \geq 1 \\ a + x - 1, & x < 1 \end{cases}$$

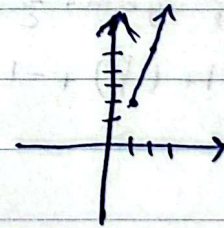
در این صورت $(x, y) \in (-\infty, \infty)$ است

در این صورت یک به یک است

سی می باشد خط با $y = 0$ و $x = 1$

$$\begin{cases} a > 0 \\ a-1 < 2 \rightarrow a < 3 \end{cases}$$

$$\boxed{0 < a < 3}$$



۵

③ مقادیر a و b را بدین گونه تعیین کنید که یک به یک و بر دین تابع باشد.

$$y \in m^2 - 2$$

$$y_1 \neq y_2 \rightarrow m_1 \neq m_2$$

$$m_1^2 - 2 \neq m_2^2 - 2 \quad m_1 \neq m_2$$

$$m^2 \neq y - 2 \quad m \neq \sqrt{y-2}$$

$$f^{-1}(m) \neq g \neq \sqrt{m-2}$$

$$y \in m^2 - 4m + 2$$

$$y_1 \neq y_2 \rightarrow m_1 \neq m_2$$

$$m_1^2 - 4m_1 + 2 \neq m_2^2 - 4m_2 + 2$$

$$m_1 \neq m_2$$

$$x \neq m$$

۵

ا) $y = \frac{r_{m+1}}{n-r}$

ب) $y = \frac{r_{m+1}}{n+r}$

⑤

$y_{n-r} = r_{m+1} \rightarrow n(y-r) = r_{m+1}$

$\frac{a+b}{c+d} \rightarrow ad = bc$

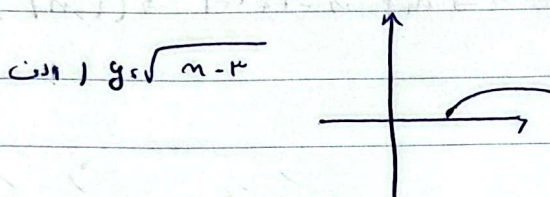
$n = \frac{r_{m+1}}{y-r} \rightarrow y = \frac{r_{m+1}}{n-r}$

$r_1, r_2 \in \mathbb{R}$
 $\alpha \sqrt{\frac{r_1}{r_2}}$

⑤

$f^{-1}(m) = \frac{r_{m+1}}{n-r}$

④



ا) $y = \sqrt{n-r}$

ب) $y = n^r - (n+r) \quad n \in [r, +\infty)$

$y = \sqrt{n-r} \quad n = \sqrt{y+r}$

$y = (n-r)^r - 1 \rightarrow n-r = \sqrt[r]{y+1}$
 $\Rightarrow n = \sqrt[r]{y+1} + r$

⑤

$n^r < y+r \rightarrow y = n^r - r \rightarrow n = \sqrt[r]{y+r}$

$f^{-1}(m) = r + \sqrt[m+1]{m+1}$

$f^{-1}(m) = n^r - r \quad m \geq 0$

$f(a+b+c) = ab+bc+ca$

⑤

ا) $y = f(m) = n-r \rightarrow f^{-1}(m) = am + b\sqrt{n-r}$

$y = n + \sqrt{n} \rightarrow (n + \frac{1}{r})^r - \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow n + \frac{1}{r} = (\sqrt{y} + \frac{1}{r})^r \rightarrow \sqrt{y} = \sqrt{n + \frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r}}$

$\Rightarrow y = n + \frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}{r} - \sqrt{n + \frac{1}{r}} \rightarrow f^{-1}(m) = m + \frac{1}{r} - \sqrt{n + \frac{1}{r}}$

⑤

$1 + (\frac{1}{r}) - 1 = 1$

$a = \frac{1}{r} \quad b = \frac{1}{r} \quad c = \frac{1}{r}$

④

$f(m_1) = f(m_2) \rightarrow \frac{m_1}{\sqrt{m_1^2 - r}} = \frac{m_2}{\sqrt{m_2^2 - r}} \rightarrow \frac{m_1^2}{m_1^2 - r} = \frac{m_2^2}{m_2^2 - r}$

⑤

$m_1^2 m_2^2 - r m_1^2 = m_2^2 m_1^2 - r m_2^2 \rightarrow m_1^2 = m_2^2 \rightarrow m_1 = m_2$

$y = \frac{m}{\sqrt{m^2 - r}} \rightarrow m = \frac{y}{\sqrt{y^2 - r}} \rightarrow m^2 = \frac{y^2}{y^2 - r} \rightarrow m^2 y^2 - r m^2 = y^2 \rightarrow y^2 m^2 - y^2 = r m^2$
 $y^2 (m^2 - 1) = r m^2$

$y = \frac{r}{m^2 - 1} \rightarrow y = \sqrt{\frac{r}{m^2 - 1}}$
 $\Rightarrow y = \sqrt{\frac{r}{m^2 - 1}}$

$$f^{-1}(m) = \frac{m}{1+m}$$

$$g(m) = \sqrt{m} - 1$$

$$g \text{ inverse } = -\frac{r}{g}$$

$$f(g) = -\frac{r}{g}$$

9

$$\sqrt{m} - 1 = -\frac{r}{g} \Rightarrow \sqrt{m} = -\frac{r}{g} + 1$$

$$m = \frac{g}{r/g}$$

$$f(-\frac{r}{g}) + g^{-1}(-\frac{r}{g}) = ?$$

$$\frac{g}{g} + -\frac{r}{r} = \frac{-r}{r}$$

$$-\frac{r}{g} = f \text{ sub } \rightarrow -\frac{r}{g} = f \text{ inverse}$$

$$\frac{m}{1+m} = -\frac{r}{g} \Rightarrow \Delta m = -r - r(1+m) \Rightarrow \Delta m = -r - r - rm$$

$$\Delta m = -r \rightarrow m = -\frac{r}{r}$$

5

$$f^{-1}(m) = \sqrt{m} - 1$$

$$g = \sqrt{m} - 1 \rightarrow m = \sqrt{g+1} \rightarrow m^2 = g+1 \rightarrow m^2+1 = g$$

$$g(m) = f(m) + \sqrt{f(m)}$$

$$f(m) = m^2+1$$

$$g^{-1}(r) = ?$$

$$g(m) = r$$

$$g(m) = f(m) + \sqrt{f(m)} = r$$

$$f(m) = g \quad m^2+1 = g \quad m^2 = g-1 \quad m = \sqrt{g-1}$$

10

5