

19, 175

ا) $f = \{ (r, r) / (h, \omega) (r, h^r - n) (m, r) / (-b, r) \}$

$m = 2$

$n^2 - n = 2 \quad h^2 - h = 2 \quad \begin{cases} h = 2 \\ h = -1 \end{cases}$

نقطة
تقاطع

2

ب) $f = \{ (-1, 1) (1, 2) (2, 3) (a, m-1) (a+2, h) (h, \omega) \}$

$f(n) = \begin{cases} n-1 & n \geq 1 \\ n+1 & n \leq -1 \end{cases}$ المتغير بدو

$R_1 = [2, +\infty)$

$R_2 = (-\infty, a-1)$

$a-1 \leq 2$
 $a \leq 3$

$a \in (-\infty, 3]$

$f(n) = \begin{cases} n-1 & ; n \geq 1 \\ n+1 & ; n \leq -1 \end{cases}$ شبه

$R_1 = [2, +\infty)$

$R_2 = (-\infty, a-1]$

$a-1 < 2$

$a < 3$

$a \in (-\infty, 3)$

$a \in (0, 3)$

1, 175

ا) $y = n^2 + 2$

$n = y - 2$

$f(n) = \sqrt{n-2}$

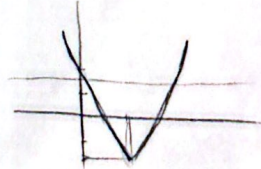


نقطة

2

2

ب) $y = n^2 - 2n + 2$

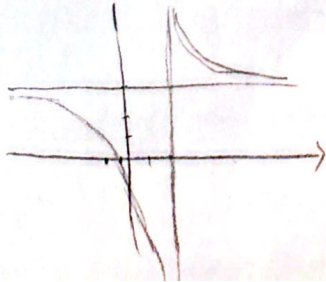


نقطة

ا) $y = \frac{3n+1}{n-2}$

$n = \frac{y+1}{3-y}$

$f(n) = \frac{3n+1}{n-2}$



نقطة

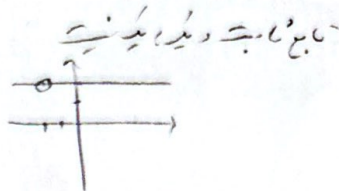
$n = \frac{3y+1}{y-2}$

$y = -\frac{3n-1}{n-2} = \frac{3n+1}{n-2}$

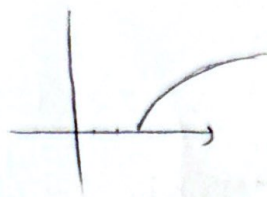
$f(n) = \frac{3n+1}{n-2}$

2

$$y = \frac{t+2n}{n+2} = \frac{2(2+t)}{n+2} = 2$$



الف) $y = \sqrt{n-2}$



معرکه است

$$D_f = (2+\infty) = R_f - 1$$

$$R = (0+\infty) = D_f - 1$$

- 6

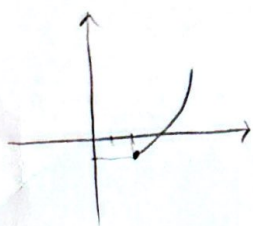
5

$$n = \sqrt{y-2}$$

$$n^2 = y-2$$

$$y = n^2 + 2 \rightarrow f^{-1}(n) = n^2 + 2 ; n_1$$

ب) $y = n^2 - (n+2)$



معرکه است

$$D_f = (2+\infty) = R_f - 1$$

$$n+2 = y^2 - (n+2)$$

$$n+2 = (y-2)^2$$

$$y-2 = \pm \sqrt{n+2}$$

$$y = 2 \pm \sqrt{n+2} \rightarrow f^{-1}(n) = 2 + \sqrt{n+2}$$

$$f(n) = n + \sqrt{n}$$

$$D_f = (0+\infty) = R_f - 1$$

$$n = y + \sqrt{y}$$

$$n + \frac{1}{y} = y + \sqrt{y} + \frac{1}{y}$$

$$n + \frac{1}{y} = (\sqrt{y} + \frac{1}{y})^2$$

$$\sqrt{y} + \frac{1}{y} = \pm \sqrt{n + \frac{1}{y}}$$

- 7

5

$$\sqrt{y} = \sqrt{n + \frac{1}{y}} - \frac{1}{y}$$

$$\rightarrow y = n + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{y} - \sqrt{n + \frac{1}{y}} = n + \frac{2}{y} - \sqrt{n + \frac{1}{y}}$$

$$a = 1$$

$$b = \frac{1}{y}$$

$$c = -\frac{1}{y}$$

$$a+2b+c = 1+1-1 = 1$$

$$y = \frac{n}{\sqrt{n^2-2}}$$

$$\frac{n_1}{\sqrt{n_1^2-2}}$$

$$= \frac{n_2}{\sqrt{n_2^2-2}}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{n_1^2}{n_1^2-2} = \frac{n_2^2}{n_2^2-2}$$

$$= \frac{n_1^2}{n_2^2-2}$$

- 8

$$\frac{n_1^2}{n_2^2-2} = \frac{n_1^2}{n_2^2-2}$$

$$n_1^2 = n_2^2$$

$$n_1 = \pm n_2$$

$$n_1 = -n_2$$

$$n_1 = n_2$$

از دو طرف هم علامت

در دو طرف هم علامت. پس $n_1 = -n_2$ غیر قابل قبول است و $n_1 = n_2$ پس تابع یک به یک است.

در دو طرف هم علامت. پس $n_1 = n_2$ از هر دو طرف هم علامت است.

$$n = \frac{y}{\sqrt{y^2-2}}$$

$$\rightarrow n^2 = \frac{y^2}{y^2-2}$$

$$y^2 = \frac{-2n^2}{n^2-1} = \frac{2n^2}{n^2-1}$$

$$y = \frac{\sqrt{2n}}{\sqrt{n^2-1}}$$

از دو طرف هم علامت

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{|x|+1} = -\frac{2}{a} \quad \frac{x}{-x+1} = -\frac{2}{a} \quad \begin{matrix} ax = 2x - 2 \\ x = -\frac{2}{a} \end{matrix}$$

منخرج مخرجاً
سواءً

$$f\left(-\frac{2}{a}\right) = -\frac{2}{a}$$

$$y(x) = \sqrt{x} - 1 = -\frac{2}{a} \quad \sqrt{x} = \frac{2}{a} \quad x = \frac{4}{a^2}$$

$$y^{-1}\left(-\frac{2}{a}\right) = \frac{4}{a^2}$$

$$f\left(-\frac{2}{a}\right) + y^{-1}\left(-\frac{2}{a}\right) = \frac{4}{a^2} - \frac{2}{a} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{a}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{a}}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x-1} \rightarrow x = \sqrt[3]{y-1} \quad \begin{matrix} x^3 = y-1 \\ y = x^3 + 1 \\ f(x) = x^3 + 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$g(x) = x^3 + 1 + \sqrt{x^3 + 1} = 12 \rightarrow x = 2$$

$$y^{-1}(12) = 2$$