

1) $[(1,2), (1,3), (2,2), (2,3), (3,2), (3,3)] - [(2,2), (2,3), (3,2), (3,3)] = [(1,2), (1,3)]$ ✓

الف) $m^2 = m+2 \rightarrow m^2 - m - 2 = 0 \rightarrow (m+1)(m-2) = 0 \rightarrow m = -1 \checkmark$
 $m = 2 \times$

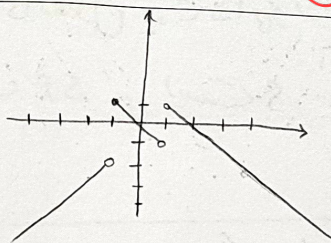
$\rightarrow m^2 = m+2 \rightarrow m^2 - m - 2 = 0 \rightarrow (m+1)(m-2) = 0 \rightarrow m = -1 \times$
 $m = 2 \times$ ✓

2) $x=1 \rightarrow 1-1 = a+b \rightarrow a+b=0$

$x=2 \rightarrow 1 = 2a+b \rightarrow 2a+b=1$
 $-a = -1 \rightarrow a=1 \Rightarrow b = -1 \rightarrow a \times b = 1 \times (-1) = -1$ ✓

3) $2x-3 = \frac{1}{x-2} \rightarrow \omega x = v \rightarrow x = \frac{v}{\omega} = k$ ✓

$-x+2; x > 1 \rightarrow \frac{x}{y} \mid \frac{2}{-1} \mid \frac{1}{-2} \mid 1$
 $-x; -1 \leq x < 1 \rightarrow \frac{x}{y} \mid \frac{1}{-1} \mid 1$
 $x-1; x < -1 \rightarrow \frac{x}{y} \mid \frac{-2}{-1} \mid \frac{-1}{-2} \mid 1$



$D_f = R - [1]$

$R_f = (-\infty, 1]$ ✓

4) الف) $\text{if } x^2 = x^2 \rightarrow y_1^2 = y_2^2 \rightarrow y_1 = y_2 \rightarrow y_1 = y_2 \rightarrow \text{مربع}$

$(x-1)^2 + (2y-3)^2 = 0$
 عبارت منته شطرنج $(1, \frac{3}{2})$ است و تابع است

الف) $x=0 \rightarrow 0 = y \sin 0 \rightarrow y \in R$ ✓

ب) $\sqrt{\frac{y}{x}} = \sqrt{\frac{y}{x}} = 1 \rightarrow y=x \neq 0 \rightarrow \text{تابع}$ ✓

الف) $\frac{x-1}{x-2} \geq 0 \rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, 2) \cup (2, +\infty)$ ✓

ب) $\sqrt{y-1} = \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{y} \rightarrow \sqrt{y-1} + \sqrt{y} = \sqrt{3} \rightarrow y \leq 3$ ✓

الف) $x^2 + 2x + 2 \geq 0 \rightarrow x^2 + 2x + 1 \geq -1 \rightarrow (x+1)^2 \geq -1$
 $x^2 + 2x + 2 \geq 0 \rightarrow x^2 + 2x + 1 \geq -1 \rightarrow (x+1)^2 \geq -1$

$\rightarrow x = 1, 2, 3, 4, n \rightarrow D_f = (1, +\infty) \cup (-\infty, 1]$ ✓

الف) $2x^2 - 5x + 3 \geq 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{1}}{4} = \frac{5 \pm 1}{4} \rightarrow x = 1, \frac{3}{2}$
 $3x^2 - 7x + 2 \geq 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{7 \pm \sqrt{1}}{6} = \frac{7 \pm 1}{6} \rightarrow x = 1, \frac{2}{3}$

ب) $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow D = (-\infty, \frac{1}{4}) \cup [\frac{1}{4}, +\infty) - [1]$ ✓