

$$f(x) = \sqrt{1-x^2} \rightarrow D_f = [-1, 1]$$

$$D_g = \{-1, 0, 1, 2\} \quad n \rightarrow \{-1, 0, 1\}$$

$$\rightarrow rg - rf = \{(-1, f(1) - f(0)) (0, f(2) - f(1)) (1, f(2) - f(0))\} \rightarrow \{(-1, 2) (0, 0) (1, 2)\}$$

$$f(x) = x-1 \quad D_f = [r, +\infty) \rightarrow f(r) = 0 \sim R_f = [0, +\infty)$$

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{x} x + r \quad D_g = (-\infty, r] \rightarrow g(r) = r \sim R_g = (-\infty, r]$$

$$U \rightarrow R = (-\infty, r] \cup [0, +\infty)$$

$$\frac{-\lambda^2 + \lambda + r}{1} > \frac{r}{1} \rightarrow -\lambda^2 + \lambda + r > r \rightarrow \lambda^2 - \lambda - r < 0 \rightarrow (\lambda - r)(\lambda + 1) < 0$$

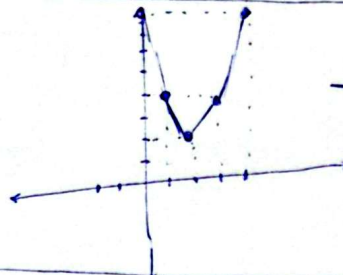
$$(r - (-1)) = \sqrt{r} = r$$

$$a = -1$$

$$b = r$$

$$y = |x-1| + |x-2| + |x-3|$$

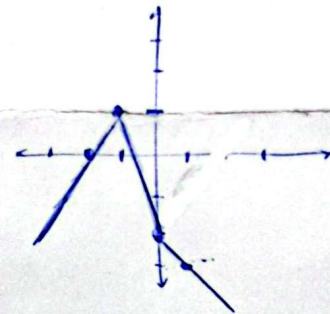
	1	2	3	
$-x+1$	$-x+2$	$x-2$	$x-3$	
$ x-1 $	$ x-2 $	$ x-2 $	$ x-3 $	



$$\min y = 2$$

$$y = |x-2| + |x+1|$$

	-1	2	
$x+1$	$-x+2$	$x-2$	
$ x+1 $	$ x-2 $	$ x-2 $	



$$R_y = (-\infty, 3]$$

$$y = \frac{\lambda^2 + \omega\lambda + m}{\lambda + 1}$$

$$\rightarrow 1+m=\omega \rightarrow m=r$$

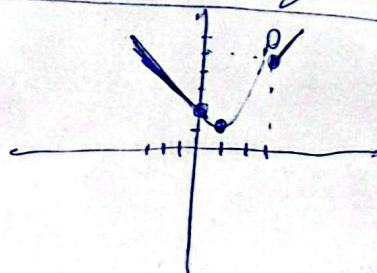
$$\lambda y + y = \lambda^2 + \omega\lambda + m \rightarrow \lambda^2 + (\omega - y)\lambda + (m - y) = 0$$

$$\Delta = (\omega - y)^2 - 4(m - y) \geq 0$$

$$y^2 - \omega y + \omega^2 - 4m + 4y > 0$$

$$y^2 - \omega y + \omega^2 - 4m > 0$$

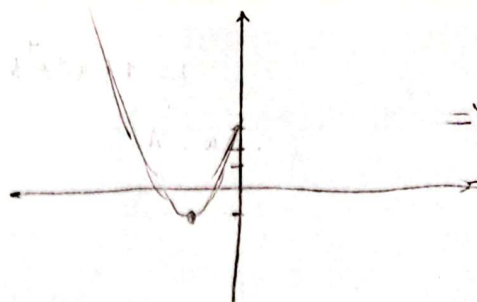
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x+r & x \geq r \\ x^2 - rx + r & 0 \leq x < r \\ |x| + r & x < 0 \end{cases}$$



$$R_f = [r, +\infty)$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 5x + 1 & x \leq 0 \\ [x] - x & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$-1 \leq [x] - x < 0 \Rightarrow -1 \leq [x] - x \leq 0$$



$$\Rightarrow R_f = [1, +\infty)$$

البيان صحيح (صحيح)

$$y = a + 1 - \sqrt{x+1} \rightarrow D_y = [b, +\infty)$$

(صحيح)

$$\rightarrow x+1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq -1 \rightarrow b = -1$$

$$R_y = (-\infty, 0]$$

$$a+1-0=0 \Rightarrow a=-1$$

$$\rightarrow -\frac{1}{x} \times 1 = \frac{-1}{x}$$

$$f(x) = 2\sqrt{x+1} + 1\sqrt{1-x} \rightarrow D_f = -1 \leq x \leq 1$$

(صحيح)

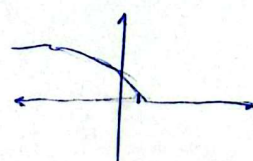
$$f(x) + g(x) = 2\sqrt{x+1} + 1\sqrt{1-x} = 2\sqrt{(1-x)+1} = 2\sqrt{1-x} + 2\sqrt{1+x}$$

$$g(x) = 2\sqrt{1-x} + 1\sqrt{1+x} - 2\sqrt{x+1} - 1\sqrt{1-x} = \sqrt{1+x} - \sqrt{1-x}$$

$$y = \frac{f(x)}{2} - \frac{g(x)}{1} = \frac{f(x) - 2g(x)}{2}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{x+1} + 1\sqrt{1-x} - 2(\sqrt{1-x} + 1\sqrt{1+x})}{2} = \frac{2\sqrt{x+1} - 2\sqrt{1+x}}{2}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{2} \rightarrow y = \sqrt{1-x}$$



$$R_y = [0, +\infty)$$