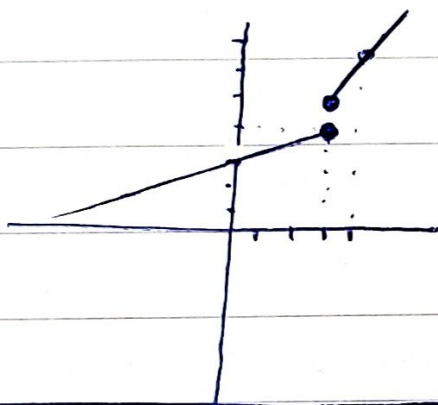


① $D_{f_m} \rightarrow 1 - m^2 \geq 0 \quad 1 \geq m \geq -1$

$D_f \cap D_g = \{-1, 0, 1\} \quad f(m) = \{(-1, 0), (1, 0), (0, 1)\}$

$g - f = \{(-1, 2), (1, 2), (0, 1)\} \quad 2 + 0 + 1 = 1$



$R_f = [\omega, +\infty)$

$R_g = (-\infty, \varepsilon]$

$R_f \cup R_g = \mathbb{R} - (t, \omega)$

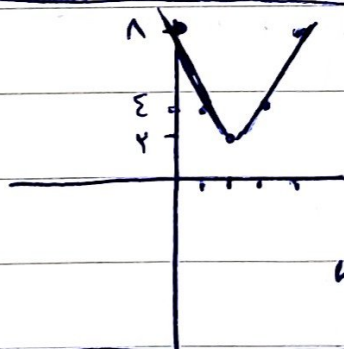
$\frac{-m^2}{2} + m + 2 > \frac{2}{2}$

$-m^2 + 2m + 2 > 0$

$\sqrt{b-a} = \sqrt{\varepsilon} = 2$

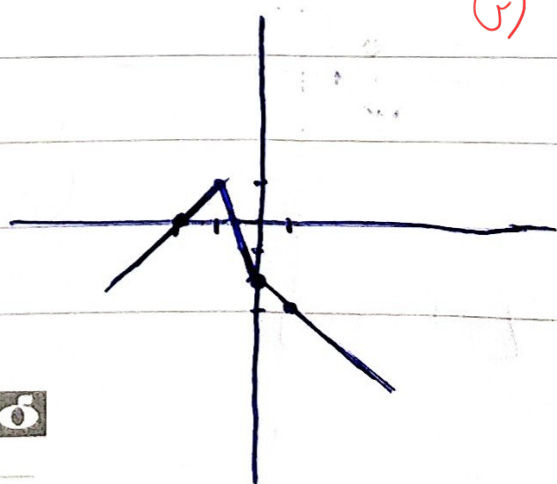
$m \begin{cases} -1 \\ 2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow a = -1, b = 2$

$m = 2 \rightarrow y = 1$
 $m = 2 \rightarrow y = 2$
 $m = 1 \rightarrow y = 2$
 $m = 1 \rightarrow y = 2$
 $m = 0 \rightarrow y = 1$



$-1 \quad 0$
 $-m + 2m + 2 \quad -m - 2 \quad m - 2m + 2$
 $m + 2 \quad -2m - 2 \quad -m - 2$

$R_1 = (-\infty, 1]$



$$y = \frac{n^2 + \omega n + m}{n+1} \rightarrow y n + y = n^2 + \omega n + m$$

(2) (6)

$$n^2 + (\omega - y)n + m - y = 0$$

$$\Delta = y^2 - 4y + 4\omega - 4m + 4y = y^2 - 4y + 4\omega - 4m$$

$$y^2 - 4y + 4\omega - 4m$$

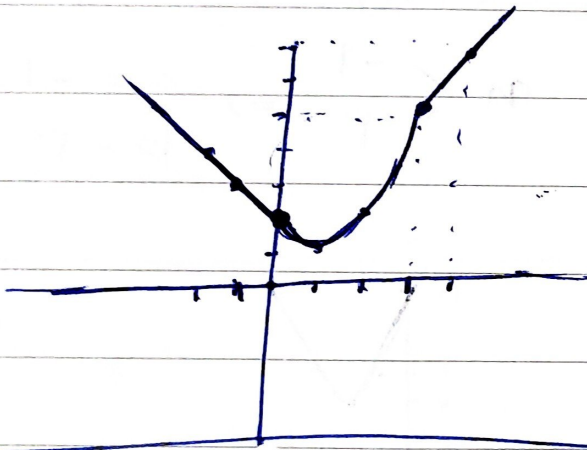
$$n = \frac{y - \omega \pm \sqrt{y^2 - 4y - 4\omega - 4m}}{2}$$

$$34 - 100 + 14m \leq 0$$

اگرچه این مسئله به سادگی در R است. $m \leq 4$ $4m \leq 16$

اگر $m = 4$ صورت برابر با $n+1$ خواهد بود و این به سادگی در $R - \{3\}$ است.
اگر $m < 4$ به سادگی در $R - \{3\}$ است. $\rightarrow \{3, 4, 5\}$

(7)



$$R_f = [1, +\infty)$$

(2)

تقریباً

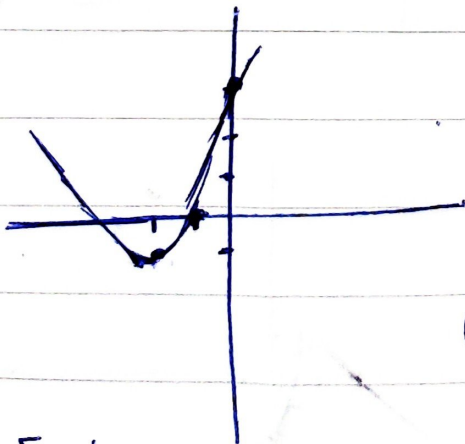
$$n^2 + \varepsilon n + \varepsilon$$

$$-\frac{b}{2a} = -\frac{\varepsilon}{2}$$

(2)

(1)

$$f(-1) + \varepsilon = -1 \quad \min = \left| \frac{-\varepsilon}{2} \right|$$



$$[f(n) - \varepsilon] \Rightarrow R = (-1, 0)$$

$$(-1, 0) \cup [-1, +\infty)$$

$$R = [-1, +\infty)$$

$$R_f = [-1, +\infty)$$

Subo

DATE: _____

$$\mu m + \mu \geq 0 \quad m \geq -\frac{\mu}{r} \rightarrow b = -\frac{\mu}{r} \quad (5) \quad (9)$$

$$\omega = a + 1 - \sqrt{-\mu + \mu} = a - a + 1 \quad a = \varepsilon$$

$$ab = -\frac{\mu}{r} \propto \varepsilon = \boxed{-\varepsilon}$$

$$F_{(1)} = \mu\sqrt{r} \quad F_{(0)} = \varepsilon \quad F_{(-1)} = \varepsilon\sqrt{r} \quad (5) \quad (10)$$

$$F_{(0)} + g_{(0)} = \varepsilon \quad \boxed{g_{(0)} = 0} \quad F_{(-1)} + g_{(-1)} = \mu\sqrt{r}$$

$$F_{(1)} + g_{(1)} = \mu\sqrt{r} \quad \boxed{g_{(1)} = \sqrt{r}} \quad \boxed{g_{(-1)} = -\sqrt{r}}$$

$$g_{(1)} = \frac{\mu\sqrt{r}}{\varepsilon} - \frac{\sqrt{r}}{\mu} = 0 \quad g_{(-1)} = \frac{\varepsilon\sqrt{r}}{\varepsilon} + \frac{\mu\sqrt{r}}{\varepsilon} = \sqrt{r}$$

$$R = [0, \sqrt{r}]$$