

10, 16

کلاس: سوره B دفتر: زدم تعجب سه شنبه

کلیف: 1: 10

نام خانوادگی: رزاقی

$$F(x) = \sqrt{1-x^2} \quad \begin{cases} y = (-1, 1), (0, 4), (2, 0), (0, 2) \\ -x^2 + 1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x^2 \leq 1 \rightarrow -1 \leq x \leq 1 \rightarrow D_f \cap D_g = \{-1, 0, 1\} \end{cases}$$

$$f_g - f_f = 0 \rightarrow \{(-1, 2), (0, 4), (1, 4)\} \rightarrow R = \{2, 4, 4\}$$

$$2 + 4 + 4 = 11$$

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$$\begin{cases} R_f = [4, +\infty) \\ R_g = (-\infty, 4] \end{cases} \xrightarrow{U} R = (4, 4)$$

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2

$$y = -\frac{x^2}{r} + x + r \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} -\frac{b}{2a} = \frac{-1}{-1} = 1 \\ \frac{1}{r} \end{array} \right. \quad R = (-\infty, \frac{r}{2}]$$

$$\frac{-2x^2 + 2x + r}{r} \xrightarrow{\frac{r}{2} \times \frac{r}{2}} \quad \begin{aligned} 2x^2 - 2x - r &< 0 \\ \rightarrow -kx &< r \\ \rightarrow \sqrt{b-a} &= r \end{aligned}$$

$$2x^2 - 2x - r < 0$$

$$\rightarrow \sqrt{b-a} = r$$

3

$$y = |x-1| + |x-2| + |x-3|$$

$\swarrow \quad \quad \quad \swarrow \quad \quad \quad \swarrow$
 $x=1 \quad \quad \quad x=2 \quad \quad \quad x=3$

	1	2	3
$-x+1$	$x-1$	$-x+2$	$x-3$
$-x+2$	$x-2$	$-x+3$	$x-4$
$-x+3$	$x-3$	$-x+4$	$x-5$

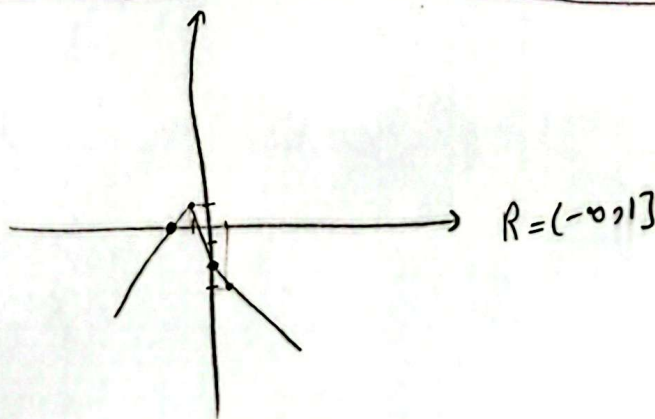
کمترین مقدار این تابع 2 است

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4

$$y = |x| - 2|x+1|$$

$\swarrow \quad \quad \quad \swarrow$
 $x=0 \quad \quad \quad x=-1$



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4

در این مسئله از روش جداسازی متغیرها استفاده می‌کنیم. ابتدا باید معادله را به فرم $y' = f(x)g(y)$ درآوریم. در اینجا داریم:

$$x^2 + (x-y)x + m-y = 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{y - x \pm \sqrt{(x-y)^2 - 4(m-y)}}{2}$$

$y^2 - 4y + 4x - 4m = 0$

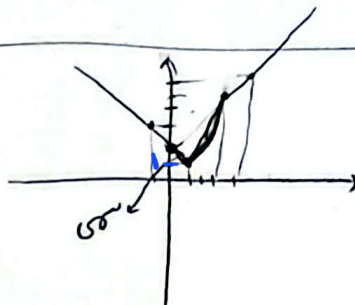
②

$$ay \rightarrow 1 > 0$$

$$\Delta < 0 \rightarrow m < 1 \rightarrow m \text{ نمره‌داره برابر ۱ باشد}$$

$$m = 1, 2, 4$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x+2 & x > 2 \\ x^2-2x+2 & 0 < x \leq 2 \\ |x|+2 & x \leq 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \left| \frac{-b}{2a} \right| = 1$$



1, 1/8

③

$$R = [1, +\infty)$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 4x + 2 & x \leq 0 \rightarrow [-1, +\infty) = R \\ [2x] - 2x & x > 0 \rightarrow [-1, 0] = R \end{cases} \rightarrow \left| \frac{-b}{2a} \right| = -2$$

$\hookrightarrow -1 \leq [2x] - 2x \leq 0$

$$R = [-1, +\infty)$$

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④

$$y = a+1 - \sqrt{2x+3} \quad 2x+3 \leq 0 \rightarrow 2x \leq -3 \rightarrow x \leq -\frac{3}{2} \rightarrow D = R - \{x \leq -\frac{3}{2}\} \rightarrow b = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$D = [b, +\infty) \quad x = b, y = 0 \rightarrow a+1 - \sqrt{2(-\frac{3}{2})+3} = 0 \rightarrow a = -1$$

$$R = (-\infty, 4] \quad a \times b = (-1) \times (-\frac{3}{2}) = \frac{3}{2}$$

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⑤

$$g(x) = 2\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{1-x^2}} - 2\sqrt{x+1} - 4\sqrt{1-x}$$

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$$\frac{f(x) - g(x)}{4} = \frac{2\sqrt{x+1} + 4\sqrt{1-x} - 2\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{1-x^2}} + 2\sqrt{x+1} + 4\sqrt{1-x}}{4}$$

$$= -\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \sqrt{x+1} + 2\sqrt{1-x} = \sqrt{(\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{1-x})^2} + \sqrt{x+1} + 2\sqrt{1-x}$$

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$$= -(\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{1-x}) + \sqrt{x+1} + 2\sqrt{1-x} = \sqrt{1-x} \Rightarrow R = [0, \sqrt{2}]$$