

$g = \{(1, 2), (2, 0), (3, 0), (4, 1)\}$ $D = \{-1, 1\}$
 $f(x) = \sqrt{1-x^2}$ $3f = \{(-1, 0), (0, 1), (1, 3), (2, 3), (3, 1), (4, 1)\}$
 $2g = \{(-1, 2), (1, 2), (2, 0), (3, 0), (4, 1)\}$
 $2g - 3f = \{(-1, 2), (2, -3), (1, 4), (0, 5)\}$

1

$f(x) = 2x - 1 \rightarrow D_f = [3, +\infty)$ $R_f = [5, +\infty)$
 $g(x) = \frac{1}{x}x + 3 \rightarrow D_g = (-\infty, 3]$ $R_g = (-\infty, 4]$
 $R_f \cup R_g = \mathbb{R} - (4, 5)$

2

$y = \frac{-2x^2}{x} + x + 3 \quad \frac{b}{a} = \frac{-1}{-1} = 1 \xrightarrow{x=1} y = \frac{-1}{1} + 1 + 3 = \frac{3}{1}$
 $R_y = (-\infty, \frac{3}{1})$
 $(\frac{3}{1}, \frac{3}{1})$ $b = \frac{3}{1}, a = \frac{3}{1}$
 $\sqrt{\frac{3}{1} - \frac{3}{1}} = \sqrt{\frac{4}{1}} = \sqrt{4} = 2$

3

$y = |x-1| + |x-3| + |2x-4|$

-1	0	1	2	3
12	8	4	2	4

 کسری ندر = 2

4

$y = |x| - 2|x+1|$

5

$$y = \frac{x^r + ax + m}{x+1} \rightarrow yx + y = x^r + ax + m$$

$$x^r + (a-y)x + m - y < 0$$

$$(a-y)^r - f(m-y) \geq 0$$

$$ra - 1 \cdot y + y^r - rm + ry \geq 0$$

$$y^r - y + r(a-y) \geq 0$$

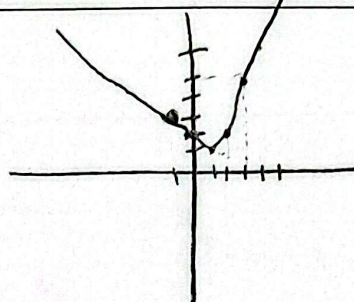
$$ry - f(ra - rm) < 0$$

$$-ry + 1 \cdot m < 0 \quad 1 \cdot m < ry \quad m < ry$$

sub, f m, r, 1, r, m

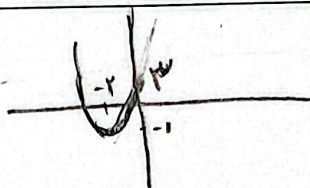
m < f

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x+r, & x \geq r \\ x^r - rx + r, & 0 \leq x < r \\ 1/r, & x < 0 \end{cases}$$



$$R_f = [1, +\infty)$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^r + rx + r, & x \leq 0 \\ [rx] - rx, & x > 0 \end{cases}$$



$$-1 < [rx] - rx \leq 0$$

$$(-1, 0] \cup [-1, +\infty) = [-1, +\infty)$$

$$y = a + 1 - \sqrt{rx + r}$$

$$D_f = \begin{cases} rx + r \geq 0 \\ rx \geq -r \\ x \geq -\frac{r}{r} \end{cases} \Rightarrow b = -\frac{r}{r}$$

$$D_y = [b, +\infty)$$

$$R_y = (-\infty, a] \quad x = -\frac{r}{r} \Rightarrow a + 1 - \sqrt{r(-\frac{r}{r}) + r} = a \Rightarrow \begin{cases} a + 1 = a \\ a = r \end{cases}$$

$$ab = f \cdot x = \frac{r}{r} = -1$$

$$\textcircled{+0} \quad f(x) + g(x) = r \sqrt{r + r \sqrt{1 - 2r}} \rightarrow \sqrt{r + r \sqrt{1 - 2r}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\underbrace{(\sqrt{1+x})^r}_{a^r} + \underbrace{(\sqrt{1-x})^r}_{b^r} + \underbrace{r \sqrt{1-2r}}_{r \cdot a \cdot b}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{(\sqrt{1+x} + \sqrt{1-x})^r} \Rightarrow \sqrt{1+x} + \sqrt{1-x} = \sqrt{r + r \sqrt{1-2r}}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) + g(x) = r (\sqrt{1-x} + \sqrt{1+x}) \Rightarrow \frac{f(x)}{r} + \frac{g(x)}{r}$$

$$= \sqrt{1+x} + \sqrt{1-x}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{f(x)}{r} = \sqrt{1+x} + \sqrt{1-x} - \frac{g(x)}{r}$$

$$\frac{r f(x)}{r} - \frac{r}{r} f(x) = \sqrt{1+x} + \sqrt{1-x} - \frac{g(x)}{r} - (\sqrt{1+x} + r \sqrt{1-x})$$

$$\frac{f(x)}{r} - \frac{g(x)}{r} = (\sqrt{1+x}) + r(\sqrt{1-x} - \sqrt{1+x} - \sqrt{1-x})$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{f(x)}{r} - \frac{g(x)}{r} = \sqrt{1-x}$$

$$R = [0, \sqrt{r}]$$

