

الف) $R_f = 1R$

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$$\rightarrow \frac{(n-1)^r - 1}{y(n^r - 1)} = 1 \quad y(n-1)^r - y = 1 \xrightarrow{\div y} (n-1)^r - 1 = \frac{1}{y}$$

$$(n-1)^r = \frac{1}{y} + y \quad \sqrt{\quad}, \quad n-1 = \sqrt{\frac{1}{y} + y} \quad n = \sqrt{y + \frac{1}{y}} + 1$$

$$R_f = IR - (-1, 0)$$

الف) $y = x^2 - 6x + 10$ $a > 0$ $\rightarrow \begin{cases} x_{min} = -\frac{b}{2a} = \frac{6}{2} = 3 \\ y_{min} = 4 \end{cases} \rightarrow R_f = [4, +\infty)$

1.) $y = -x^2 + 9x + 18 \quad a < 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} x_{\min} = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-9}{-2} = 4.5 \\ y_{\min} = 18 \end{cases} \rightarrow [R_f = (-\infty, 18)]$

2.) $y = \sqrt{r^2 - r_n^2 - r_1^2} \rightarrow a > 0$ $\begin{cases} y_{\min} = 1r \\ x_{\min} = -\frac{b}{r_n} = \frac{c}{r} = r \\ y_{\min} = -V \end{cases}$

$$2) y = \sqrt{x-a} \quad a < 0 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x_{\min} = \frac{-b}{f_a} = \frac{-0}{-1} = 0 \\ y_{\min} = 0 \end{array} \right. \quad (-\infty, 0] \quad \sqrt{\quad} \quad \left[\begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \right]$$

$$(-\infty, 9] \quad \sqrt{\quad} \quad R = [0, 7]$$

جیڑجیڑ اسی کر سکتے ہیں $\boxed{R_f = 1R}$ (الف)

$$\rightarrow R_f = IR \leftarrow \dots$$

$$2.) y = \sqrt{n^2 - 4n + 4} + 1 \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \xrightarrow{\sqrt{\quad}} \mathbb{R}_+^* =]0, +\infty)$$

زیر ایا ہے؟ $R_f = (0, \infty)$

هر دو هموار اند از دید آنها

نسبت $R_f = IR - \left\{ \frac{9}{c} \right\}$

الف) $R_f = IR - \left\{ \frac{5}{1} \right\}$

ب) $R_f = IR - \left\{ \frac{5}{1} \right\}$

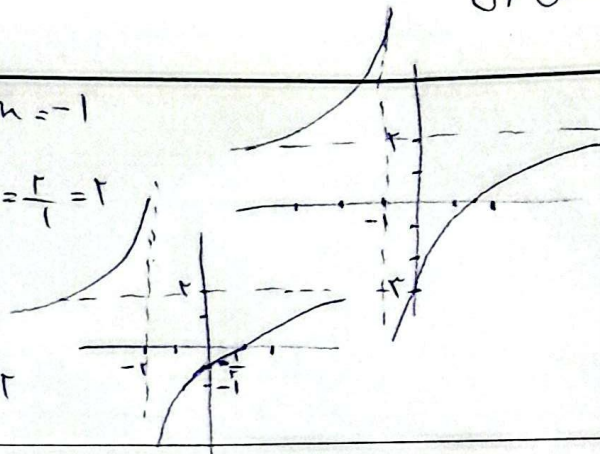
$$\therefore R_f = IR - \left\{ \frac{I}{1} \right\}$$

الف) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x+1}}$ $\xrightarrow{\text{معرّفه}} \mathbb{R} - \{-1\} \xrightarrow{\sqrt{\quad}} \mathbb{R}_f = [-, +\infty) - \{-1\}$

ج) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-2}} \rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x+2}}$ محدداً $\mathbb{R} - \{-2\} \xrightarrow{\sqrt{\quad}} \mathbb{R}_+ = [0, +\infty)$

الف) $n = -1$ → شذوحت
 → افق → $y = \frac{a}{c} = \frac{r}{1} = r$

ب) $n = -2$ → شذوحت
 → افق → $y = \frac{a}{c} = r$



الف) $y = \sin n + \frac{1}{\sin n}$ $-1 \leq \sin n \leq 1$ $R_f = (-\infty, -r] \cup [r, +\infty)$

ب) $y = \frac{n^2+1}{n^2} \Rightarrow n^2 + \frac{1}{n^2}$ $R_f = (-\infty, -r] \cup [r, +\infty)$

ج) $\frac{\sqrt[n]{n}+1}{\sqrt[n]{n}} = \sqrt[n]{\frac{n+1}{n}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{n}}$ $R_f = (-\infty, -r] \cup [r, +\infty)$

د) $y = \sqrt{n} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$ $a > 0$ $R_f = [r, +\infty)$

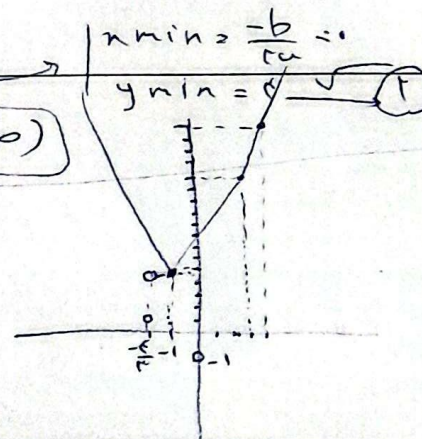
الف) $n^2 + \frac{1}{n^2+r}$ $n^2+r + \frac{1}{n^2+r}$ $n^2+r = a \Rightarrow a + \frac{1}{a}$

$a + \frac{1}{a} - r \geq -1$ $a + \frac{1}{a} \geq r$ $n^2+r + \frac{1}{n^2+r} - r$
 $n^2=0 \Rightarrow R_f = [\frac{1}{r}, +\infty)$

ب) $\frac{n^2+r+1}{\sqrt{n^2+r}} = \sqrt{n^2+r} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+r}}$

$\min_{n \in \mathbb{R}} = r + \frac{1}{r} = \frac{0}{r}$ $R_f = [\frac{0}{r}, +\infty)$

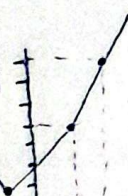
$y = |x-r| + |x+r|$
 $\begin{cases} x+1 & n > r \\ r+1 & -\frac{r}{r} \leq n \leq r \\ -r-1 & n < -\frac{r}{r} \end{cases}$
 $\begin{cases} n=r & y=1r \\ n=r & y=1r \\ n=r & y=1r \\ x=-\frac{r}{r} & y=\frac{1}{r} \\ n=-\frac{r}{r} & y=\frac{1}{r} \\ n=0 & y=-1 \end{cases}$



الف) $y = |n-r| + |n+r|$

$\begin{cases} n-r+r = 2n & n > r \\ -n+r+r = n & -1 \leq n \leq r \\ -n+r-r = -2n & n < -1 \end{cases}$

$R_f = [r, +\infty)$



ب) $y = |r-n-r| - |n+1|$

$\begin{cases} r-n-r-n-1 = n-r & n > 1 \\ -r-n-r-n-1 = -2n-1 & -1 \leq n \leq 1 \\ -r-n-r+n+1 = -n-r & n < -1 \end{cases}$

