

$$n^2 \cdot f(n+1) \geq 0$$

$$n^2 \cdot \frac{1}{r} \cdot \frac{n+1-r}{r} - 1 \geq 0 \quad n^2 \cdot \frac{1}{r} \cdot \frac{n-1}{r} - 1 \geq 0$$

$$n^2 \geq 0 \rightarrow n \geq 0$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \cdot \frac{n-1}{r} - 1 \geq 0 \quad \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{n-1} \geq 1 \quad n-1 \leq 0 \quad n \leq 1$$

$n < 0$
 $n^2 < 0$
 $\left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{n-1} - 1 < 0$
 $n-1 \geq 0$
 $n \geq 1$

$$f(-n) = \sqrt{-n+1-n+2} = \sqrt{-2n+3}$$

$$-n+1-n+2 \geq 0$$

$$Df = [0, 1]$$

$$n \geq 2 \quad \sqrt{-n+1-n+2} = \sqrt{-2n+3} \quad \text{غلط}$$

$$n \leq 2 \quad \sqrt{-n+1-n+2} = \sqrt{-2n+3} \quad -2n+3 \geq 0 \quad -2n \geq -3 \quad n \leq 1.5$$

$$Df = (-\infty, 1.5]$$

$$\frac{n-1}{f(n)} \geq 0$$

	-0	-1	1	2	3
$n-1$	-	-	-	0	+
$f(n)$	$\times$	$\frac{0}{0}$	$+$	$\frac{0}{0}$	$+$
	$\times$	$\frac{0}{0}$	$+$	$+$	$\times$

$$Df = (-1, 1) \cup (2, 3)$$

$$9n^2 - \sqrt{2n^2 - 4n - 5} = (3n^2 - n - 5)(3n^2 + n + 1)$$

$$\sqrt{-(a+b)} = \sqrt{-(-5)} = 2 \quad \text{غلط}$$

$$\sqrt{-(a+b)} = \sqrt{-(2)} = \sqrt{-2} \quad \text{غلط}$$

$$f(n) - f\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) \geq 0 \Rightarrow f(n) \geq f\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)$$

$$n^2 + n \geq \frac{4}{n^2} + \frac{1}{n}$$

$$= \frac{n^3 + n^2 - 4 - n}{n^2}$$

$$n^2 + n \geq \frac{4}{n^2} + \frac{1}{n} \Rightarrow n^2 + n - \frac{4}{n^2} - \frac{1}{n} \geq 0$$

$$n^3 + n^2 - 4 - n = (n-2)(n+2)(n^2 + 0n + 1)$$

$$2 = \frac{4}{n^2} \Rightarrow n = \pm 2$$

$$\Delta = 20 - 64 < 0$$

	-2	0	2
	-	+	+

$$Df = [-2, 0) \cup [2, +\infty)$$

$$f(x^r+n) = r x^r - 1$$

$$x^r+n=r$$

$$\boxed{n=1}$$

$$f(r) = r(r)^r - 1 = 1$$

$$x^r+n=1$$

$$\boxed{n=r}$$

$$f(10) = r(r)^r - 1 = v$$

$$f(r) + f(10) = 1 + v = \Lambda$$

$$g(t) = t^r + 9t^r + rvt$$

$$g(n) = (n+r)^r - rv$$

$$(t+r)^r - rv + rv = (t+r)^r$$

$$f(n) = (n+r)^r + 1$$

$$g(\sqrt{v}-r) = (\sqrt{v}-r+r)^r = (\sqrt{v})^r = v$$

$$f(t) = t^r - 6t^r + 1rt = (t-r)^r + \Lambda$$

$$f(\sqrt{r}+r) = (\sqrt{r}+r-r)^r + \Lambda = (\sqrt{r})^r + \Lambda = 10$$

$$\frac{g(\sqrt{v}-r)}{f(\sqrt{r}+r)} = \frac{v}{10} = \frac{v}{10}$$

$$f^r(n) + g^r(n) + r(f(n) \cdot g(n))$$

$$n = \epsilon \sqrt{n-\epsilon} + x + \epsilon \sqrt{n-\epsilon} + r \sqrt{\frac{n^r-16(n-\epsilon)}{n-16n+7\epsilon}}$$

$$rn + r(n-\Lambda) = \epsilon n 14$$

$$\sqrt{\epsilon n - 16} = r \sqrt{n - \epsilon}$$

$$\frac{0+r}{-\epsilon} = \frac{-1}{r}$$

$$x^r - \epsilon n + r = (n-1)(n+r)$$

$$Df = 1R - \{1, r\}$$

$$f(r) = \frac{r+r}{\epsilon - \Lambda + r} = -\epsilon$$

$$f(0) = \frac{0+r}{0 - \epsilon(0) + r} = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$\frac{g}{f} = \left\{ (r, -\epsilon), (0, r) \right\}$$

$$الف) f(rn) = \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{r}, r \right), \left(\frac{r}{r}, -1 \right), (r, r), \left(-\frac{1}{r}, r \right) \right\}$$

$$ب) f(n^r) = \left\{ \left(\sqrt{r}, r \right), (\sqrt{r}, -1), \left(\sqrt{\frac{r}{r}}, r \right), \left(\sqrt{\frac{r}{r}}, -1 \right) \right\}$$

$$ج) rg^r(n) + 1 = \left\{ (-r, 19), (1, r), (r, 9), (-1, 1) \right\}$$

$$r(r)^r + 1 = 19 \quad r(-1)^r + 1 = r \quad r(r)^r + 1 = 9 \quad r(0)^r + 1 = 1$$

$$د) \frac{rf}{g} = \left\{ \left(1, \frac{-\epsilon}{r} \right), \left(r, \frac{-1}{r} \right), \left(-\frac{1}{r}, \frac{1}{r} \right) \right\}$$

$$اب) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x^r = 1 \rightarrow x = \pm 1 \\ x^r = r \rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt[r]{r} \\ x^r = r \rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt[r]{r} \\ x^r = -1 \rightarrow x \end{array} \right.$$

$$\rightarrow \left\{ (\pm 1, r), (\pm \sqrt[r]{r}, -1), (\pm \sqrt[r]{r}, r) \right\}$$