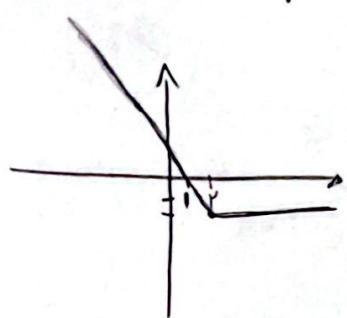


$$+2n^p \left(\frac{1}{r} - n - 1 \right) \geq 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad - \frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r} = -\frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow D_f = [0, 1] \quad (1)$$

$$f(-n) = \sqrt{-n+1-n+2} \quad -n+1-n+2 \geq 0 \quad \begin{matrix} n \leq +\infty & n > +\infty \\ \downarrow (I) & \end{matrix} \quad (2)$$



$$D_f = (-\infty, 1] \quad \Leftarrow I \cap II \quad \Leftarrow 2n \leq 2 \Rightarrow n \leq 1 \quad \Leftarrow$$

$$\frac{n-1}{f(n)} \geq 0 \quad \text{نقص} \quad \checkmark \quad \Leftarrow n-1 > 0 \quad f(n) > 0 \quad \Leftarrow (2, 3) \quad (3)$$

$$n-1 \geq 0 \Rightarrow n \geq 1 \quad \checkmark \quad \Leftarrow n-1 < 0 \quad f(n) < 0 \quad \Leftarrow (-4, 1) \quad (4)$$

$$9n^p - 4n^p - kn - \frac{p}{n} = k(3n^p + an + b) \quad \text{عبارت ها} \quad \checkmark \quad \Leftarrow \sqrt{f} = 2 \quad (5)$$

$$y = \sqrt{n^p + n - \frac{4f}{n^p} - \frac{f}{n}} \Rightarrow n \neq 0 \quad \text{نقص} \quad \checkmark \quad \Leftarrow \frac{1}{n^p} \quad (6)$$

$$\frac{n^4 + n^p - kn^p - 4f}{n^p} \geq 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad - \frac{4f}{n^p} + \frac{p}{n^p} \quad \text{نقص} \quad \checkmark \quad \Leftarrow \frac{1}{n^p} \quad (7)$$

$$n^p + n = p \Rightarrow n^p + n - p = 0 \Rightarrow 2n^p - 1 = 1 \quad \text{نقص} \quad \checkmark \quad \Leftarrow \frac{1}{n^p} \quad (8)$$

$$S(n) = \dots (2n^p - p) + \Lambda \quad \text{نقص} \quad \checkmark \quad \Leftarrow \frac{1}{n^p} \quad (9)$$

$$\frac{p-p}{p+\Lambda} = \frac{-p}{10} = -\frac{p}{10}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{\sqrt{x-4} + 2}$$

$x-4+4+4\sqrt{x-4}$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{\sqrt{x-4} - 2}$$

$x-4+4-4\sqrt{x-4}$

5 (1)

$$f(x) + g(x) = |\sqrt{x-4} + 2| + |\sqrt{x-4} - 2|$$

مساوی < 0

$$\sqrt{x-4} + 2 + \sqrt{x-4} - 2$$

با توجه به اینکه در صواب آف باید ارقام داشته باشیم (جواب نباید 0 باشد)
و داخل ارقام به ما داده شده

$$2\sqrt{x-4} \quad a=0 \quad b=2 \quad c=-4 \quad \frac{2}{-4} = \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

5

$$x=2 \Rightarrow g(x)=1 / f(x) = \frac{2}{-1} = -2 \Rightarrow \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$f(x) = \frac{x+2}{(x-4)(x-1)}$ (9)

$$x=1 \Rightarrow f(x)=0 \quad \times$$

$$x=3 \Rightarrow \quad / \quad / \quad / \quad \times$$

$$x=0 \Rightarrow g(x)=2 \quad f(x) = \frac{2}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{f}{g} = 1$$

$$\frac{g}{f} = \left\{ \left(2, -\frac{1}{2}\right), (0, 4) \right\}$$

الف) $f(4x) = \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{4}, 2\right), \left(\frac{3}{4}, -1\right), (2, 2), \left(-\frac{1}{4}, 4\right) \right\}$

5 (1)

ب) $f(x^2) = \left\{ (1, 2), (-1, 2), (\sqrt{3}, -1), (-\sqrt{3}, -1), (2, 2), (-2, 2) \right\}$

ج) $2g^2(x) + 1 = \left\{ (-2, 19), (1, 3), (3, 9), (-1, 1) \right\}$

د) $f \cap g = 1 / 3 / -1 \quad \frac{2f}{g} \rightarrow \text{وینده} \Rightarrow \times$

$$\frac{2f}{g} = \left\{ \left(1, \frac{2}{1}\right), \left(3, \frac{2}{3}\right) \right\} \Rightarrow \left\{ (1, -2) \cup \left(3, -\frac{2}{3}\right) \right\}$$