

نام و نام خانوادگی: پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره: کلاس: ۲۰

الف) $f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x}} - \frac{x}{x-1}$

$\frac{x-1}{x} - \frac{x}{x-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{x^2+1-x-x^2}{x^2-x} = \frac{1-2x}{x(x-1)} \geq 0$

$\frac{0}{+} \frac{1}{-} \frac{1}{+}$

$D = (-\infty, 0) \cup [\frac{1}{2}, +\infty)$

ب) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{2}{x}$

$\frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{2}{x} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{x-2(x+1)}{x(x+1)} = \frac{-x-2}{x(x+1)} \geq 0$

$\frac{-}{+} \frac{-}{+} \frac{+}{+}$

$D = \mathbb{R} - \{-2, -\frac{1}{x}\}$

الف) $f(x) = \sqrt{((\frac{1}{x})^2 - 9)(22 - x^2)}$

$((\frac{1}{x})^2 - 9)(22 - x^2) \geq 0$

$(\frac{1}{x})^2 - 9 = 0 \rightarrow (\frac{1}{x})^2 = 9 \rightarrow (\frac{1}{x}) = 3 \rightarrow x = \frac{1}{3}$

$22 - x^2 = 0 \rightarrow x^2 = 22 \rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{22}$

$D = (-\infty, -\sqrt{22}] \cup [\frac{1}{3}, +\infty)$

ب) $\sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{y+1} = 3$

$\sqrt{y+1} = 3 - \sqrt{x-1}$

$3 - \sqrt{x-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow 3 \geq \sqrt{x-1}$

$\rightarrow 11 \geq x-1 \rightarrow x \leq 12$ ①

$\sqrt{x-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow x-1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq 1$ ②

$D_1 \cap D_2 = [1, 12]$

$f(x) = \frac{\log_e(x^2-x-2)}{\sqrt{x^2-1} + 1}$

$x^2-x-2 > 0 \rightarrow (x-2)(x+1) > 0$

$\frac{-}{+} \frac{-}{-} \frac{+}{+}$

$D_1 = (-\infty, -1) \cup (2, +\infty)$

$\sqrt{x^2-1} + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{x^2-1} \neq -1$

$x^2-1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x^2 \geq 1 \rightarrow x \geq 1 \cup x \leq -1$

$D_2 = [1, +\infty) \cup (-\infty, -1]$

$D_1 \cap D_2 = (-\infty, -1) \cup (2, +\infty)$

$\sqrt{x+a-x^2} \rightarrow D = [-2, b]$ $a+b=?$

$x+a-x^2 \geq 0$

$x_1 + x_2 = -\frac{a}{-2} = \frac{a}{2} \rightarrow x_1 + x_2 = \frac{a}{2}$

$x_1 \times x_2 = \frac{a}{-2} = -\frac{a}{2} \rightarrow x_1 \times x_2 = -\frac{a}{2}$

$a+b = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{2} = 1$

$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2-2 & x \geq 1 \\ x^2+3 & x < 1 \end{cases}$

① $x \geq 1 \rightarrow x^2-2 \geq x \rightarrow x^2 \geq x+2 \rightarrow x \geq 1$

② $x < 1 \rightarrow x^2+3 \geq x \rightarrow x^2 \geq x-3 \rightarrow -3 \leq x < 1$

$D = D_1 \cup D_2 = [-3, +\infty)$

$g(x) = \sqrt{f(x)-x} \rightarrow f(x) \geq x$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} (a+1)(x+2) & x > 1 \\ 3a+2x & x \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$f(f(a)) = f(-1) + a \rightarrow f(3a+2) = 3a - 1 + a \rightarrow 1(3a+1) = 3a - 1 + a \rightarrow 1 \cdot a = -1 \rightarrow a = \frac{-1 \cdot 1}{1}$$

$$a = ?$$

$$f(a) = (a+1)(\frac{1}{a+1}) = 1a+1$$

$$f(-1) = 3a - 1$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 2 \quad f(1+\sqrt{x}) = \sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}} + 2 = \sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}} + \sqrt{1-\sqrt{x}} + 2$$

$$f(1-\sqrt{x}) + f(1+\sqrt{x}) = ?$$

$$f(1-\sqrt{x}) = \sqrt{1-\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sqrt{x}}} + 2 = \sqrt{1-\sqrt{x}} + \sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}} + 2$$

$$\sqrt{1-\sqrt{x}} + \sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}} + 2 + \sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}} + \sqrt{1-\sqrt{x}} + 2 = 2(\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}} + \sqrt{1-\sqrt{x}}) + 4 = 2\sqrt{4+x}$$

$$(\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}} + \sqrt{1-\sqrt{x}})^2 = 1 + \sqrt{x} + 1 - \sqrt{x} + 2\sqrt{1-\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}} = 2 \Rightarrow \sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}} + \sqrt{1-\sqrt{x}} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$f(x) - f(-x) = 6x^2 - x$$

$$x \rightarrow f(x) - f(-x) = 6x^2 - x \quad \frac{x^2}{x^2} \rightarrow \begin{cases} f(x) = ? \\ 4f(x) - 9f(-x) = 12x^2 + 3x \end{cases}$$

$$-x \rightarrow f(-x) - f(x) = 6x^2 + x$$

$$-2f(x) = 12x^2 + x \rightarrow f(x) = \frac{-12x^2 - x}{2}$$

$$-6x^2 - \frac{1}{2}x$$

$$(x+2)f(x) - 2xf(x+2) = 6x^2 - mx + 1 \quad f(0) = ?$$

$$x=0 \rightarrow 2f(0) = 1 \quad f(0) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x=-2 \rightarrow 4f(0) = 1 + 2m + 1 = 1 + 2m \rightarrow 4 \cdot \frac{1}{2} = 1 + 2m \rightarrow 2 = 1 + 2m \rightarrow m = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$m = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow 2f(0) = 1 + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} = 2 \rightarrow f(0) = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

$$f(x) + f(\frac{1}{x}) = \frac{3x^2 - 11x + 3}{x} \quad f(-1) = ?$$

$$x=-1 \rightarrow f(-1) + f(-1) = \frac{3+11+3}{-1} \rightarrow 2f(-1) = -17 \rightarrow f(-1) = -\frac{17}{2}$$

$$ax+b + a(\frac{1}{x}) + b = \frac{3x^2 - 11x + 3}{x} \rightarrow ax + \frac{a}{x} + 2b = 3x - 11 + \frac{3}{x} \Rightarrow a=3, b=-\frac{17}{2}$$

$$f(x) = ax+b \rightarrow f(x) = 3x - \frac{17}{2} \rightarrow f(1) = 3 \cdot 1 - \frac{17}{2} = -\frac{11}{2}$$