

$$Z_T = (-\infty, \infty) \cup \left[\frac{1}{4}, 1 \right)$$

$$D = R - \left\{ -1, 0, 1, 2, \dots, \frac{a}{c} \right\}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right)^x - 9 = 0 \rightarrow x = -2$$

$\frac{-4}{r} + \frac{2}{r}$

$$x \geq 1 \quad (5)$$

$$y+1 \geq 0 \rightarrow y \geq -1$$

$$\sqrt{y+1} = x \rightarrow y = x^2 - 1$$

$$\sqrt{x-1} = 1^u \rightarrow x = 1^u$$

$$1 \leq x \leq \infty$$

$$-1 \leq y \leq 1$$

$$x^2 - x - 2 > 0$$
$$(x+1)(x-2) = 0$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} -1 \quad P \\ + \quad - \quad + \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\star \cap \star \star = (-\infty, -1) \cup (1, +\infty)$$

$[-r, b]$
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$$x_1 = -r \quad x_r = b$$

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$$a+b = \frac{p}{r} - \frac{1}{r} = 1$$

$$\sqrt{f(x)-x} \rightarrow f(x)-x \geq 0 \quad x \geq 1$$

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$$U_{++} = [-E_0 + \infty)$$

$$x < 1 \wedge x \geq -1 \rightarrow -1 \leq x < 1$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} (a+1)(x+1) & x > 1 \\ 3a+2x & x \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$x=0 \rightarrow f(0) = (a+1)(1)$$

$$x=-1 \rightarrow f(-1) = 3a-1$$

$$f(0) = f(-1) + a$$

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$$(a+1)(1) = 3a-1+a$$

$$a+1 = 4a-1$$

$$10a = -1 \rightarrow a = -1, 1 = -\frac{9}{a}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 1$$

$$(\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{y})(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}) = \sqrt{(x-y)(y-x)} = \sqrt{y-x} = 1$$

$$\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{y}} \rightarrow f(\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{y}) + f(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}) = \left(\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{y} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{y}} + 1 \right) + \left(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}} + 1 \right)$$

$$= (\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{y} + \sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}) + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{y}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}} \right) + 2 = \sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{y} + \sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}} + 2 = \sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} + 2$$

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$$\frac{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y} + \sqrt{x}-\sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{(x-y)(y-x)}} = \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{1} = 2\sqrt{x}$$

$$(\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{y} + \sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y})^2 = (x-y) + (y-x) + 2\sqrt{x-y} = 2\sqrt{x-y} = 2 \rightarrow \sqrt{x-y} + \sqrt{y-x} = 2$$

$$\begin{cases} 2f(x) - 3f(-x) = 4x^2 - 2x \\ 2f(-x) - 3f(x) = -4x^2 + 2x \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 4f(x) - 9f(-x) = 12x^2 - 2x \\ 4f(-x) - 9f(x) = -12x^2 + 2x \end{cases}$$

$$-2f(x) = 4x^2 - 2x \rightarrow$$

$$f(x) = \frac{4x^2 - 2x}{-2}$$

1, 1, 0

$$(x+1)f(x) - 3xf(x+1) = 4x^2 - mx + m-1$$

$$x=0 \rightarrow 1f(1) - 0 = 4m-1 \rightarrow f(1) = \frac{4m-1}{1}$$

$$x=-1 \rightarrow 0 \cdot f(-1) - (-4)f(0) = (4 + 4m + 4m-1) \rightarrow 4f(0) = 12 + 8m$$

$$\rightarrow f(0) = \frac{12 + 8m}{4}$$

$$\frac{4m-1}{1} = \frac{4(m+1)}{1} \xrightarrow{x=1} 4m-1 = 4m+4$$

$$f(0) = \frac{4m-1}{1} = \frac{4m-1}{1} = \frac{4m-1}{1}$$

$$\leftarrow m = \frac{12}{4} = 3$$

$$f(x) + f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \frac{3x^2 - 12x + 12}{x}$$

$$\rightarrow ax + b + \frac{a}{x} + b = ax + \frac{a}{x} + 2b$$

$$\frac{3x^2}{x} - \frac{12x}{x} + \frac{12}{x} = 3x - 12 + \frac{12}{x}$$

$$ax + \frac{a}{x} + 2b = 3x - 12 + \frac{12}{x}$$

$$a=3$$

$$2b = -12 \rightarrow b = -6$$

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$$f(x) = 3x - 6$$

$$f(-1) = -3 - 6 = -9$$