

11, 15

الف)  $f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x}} - \frac{x}{x+1} \geq 0 \rightarrow x \neq 0 \quad x \neq -1 \quad \frac{x-1}{x} - \frac{x}{x+1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x} \geq 0$   
 $\frac{1}{x} - \frac{x}{x+1} \geq 0 \rightarrow (-\infty, 0) \cup [\frac{1}{2}, +\infty)$  150

ب)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{x}{x-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow x+1 \neq 0 \quad x \neq -1 \quad \frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{x}{x-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{1-x^2}{x^2-x} \geq 0$   
 $\frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{x}{x-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow (-\infty, -2) \cup (1, +\infty)$   
 $\frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{x}{x-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow x \neq -\frac{2}{x}$   
DP =  $\mathbb{R} - \{1, -1, -\frac{2}{x}\}$

الف)  $f(x) = \sqrt{(\frac{x}{2})^2 - 9} (3x - 2^x) \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{x}{2} - 3 \geq 0 \quad x = -2$   
 $3x - 2^x = 0 \quad 3x = 2^x \quad 2x = \infty \quad x = \frac{\infty}{2}$   
 $\frac{-2}{2} \frac{\infty}{2} (-\infty, -2] \cup [\frac{\infty}{2}, +\infty)$

ب)  $\sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{y+1} = 3$   
 $\sqrt{x-1} \geq 0 \quad \sqrt{y+1} \geq 0 \quad \sqrt{x-1} \leq 3 \quad x-1 \leq 9 \quad x \leq 10$   
 $\sqrt{y+1} \leq 3 \quad y+1 \leq 9 \quad y \leq 8$   
 $\textcircled{1} x \geq 1 \quad \textcircled{2} x \leq 10$   
 $\textcircled{1} \cap \textcircled{2} \Rightarrow [1, 10]$

$f(x) = \log_f(\frac{x^2-x-2}{\sqrt{x^2-1}+1}) \geq 0 \rightarrow x^2-x-2 > 0 \quad (x-2)(x+1) > 0 \rightarrow (-\infty, -1) \cup (2, +\infty)$   
 $\sqrt{x^2-1} \geq 0 \quad x^2-1 \geq 0 \quad x^2 \geq 1 \quad x \geq 1 \quad x \leq -1$   
 $\sqrt{x^2-1} + 1 \neq 0 \quad \sqrt{x^2-1} \neq -1 \quad \emptyset$   
 $\textcircled{1} \cap \textcircled{2} \cap \textcircled{3} \Rightarrow (-\infty, -1) \cup (2, +\infty)$

$\sqrt{3+ax-x^2} \rightarrow x^2 - ax - 3 \geq 0 \rightarrow (-2)^2 - a(-2) - 3 = 0$   
 $-2a - 1 = 0 \rightarrow -2a = 1 \rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{2}$   
 $a = -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x - 3 \rightarrow (x+2)(x-1) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow [-2, \frac{1}{2}]$   
 $a+b = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 0$

$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x-2 & x \geq 1 \\ 2x+3 & x < 1 \end{cases} \quad g(x) = \sqrt{f(x)-x} \rightarrow f(x)-x \geq 0$   
 $x \geq 1 \rightarrow (3x-2)-x \geq 0 \rightarrow 2x-2 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq 1$   
 $x < 1 \rightarrow (2x+3)-x \geq 0 \rightarrow x+3 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq -3 \rightarrow \textcircled{1} \cap \textcircled{2} = [1, -3]$   
 $[1, +\infty) \cup [1, -3] = [-3, +\infty)$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} (a+1)(x+1) & x > 1 \\ r a + r x & x \leq 1 \end{cases} \quad \begin{matrix} r f(\omega) = f(-1) + a \\ x > 1 \\ x \leq 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$\rightarrow r(a+1)(\omega+1) = r a + r(-1) + a \quad (1) \quad r a - r = r a - r + a$$

$$10a = -11 \quad a = -\frac{11}{10} \quad \left\{ -\frac{9}{\omega} \right\}$$

6

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + r \quad f(r-\sqrt{r}) + f(r+\sqrt{r}) = ? \quad (r-\sqrt{r})(r+\sqrt{r}) = 1$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \sqrt{r-\sqrt{r}} &= \frac{1-\sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{r}} \\ \sqrt{r+\sqrt{r}} &= \frac{1+\sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{r}} \end{aligned} \right\} \frac{1-\sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{r}} + \frac{\sqrt{r}}{1-\sqrt{r}} + r + \frac{1+\sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{r}} + \frac{\sqrt{r}}{1+\sqrt{r}} + r$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{r}\sqrt{r}}{r} - \frac{\sqrt{r}\sqrt{r}}{r} + r + \frac{\sqrt{r+\sqrt{r}}}{\sqrt{r+\sqrt{r}}} - \frac{\sqrt{r-\sqrt{r}}}{\sqrt{r-\sqrt{r}}} + r = \boxed{r} \quad (1,0)$$

7

$$r f(x) - r f(-x) = r x^r - x \times r \quad r f(x) - r f(-x) = r x^r - r x$$

$$r f(-x) - r f(x) = r x^r + x \times r \quad r f(x) - r f(x) = r x^r - r x$$

$$-2 f(x) = -r x \quad f(x) = \frac{r x}{2} \quad f(x) = -r x^r - \frac{1}{0} x \quad (1,0)$$

8

$$(x+r)f(x) - r x f(x+r) = r x^r - m x + r m - 1$$

$$x=0 \rightarrow r f(0) = r m - 1 \quad f(0) = \frac{r m - 1}{r} \quad x=-1 \rightarrow r f(0) = 14 + r m + r m - 1$$

$$\frac{r m - 1}{r} = \frac{2m + 14}{r} \quad 9m - 1 = 2m + 14 \quad 11 \neq 11m \quad m = \frac{9}{r} \quad f(0) = \frac{2m + 14}{r}$$

$$\frac{m - \frac{9}{r}}{r} \rightarrow \frac{r m - 1}{r} \rightarrow f(0) = \frac{r(\frac{9}{r}) - 1}{r} = \left\{ \frac{9 - 1}{r} \right\}$$

9

$$f(x) + f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \frac{r x^r - 1 r x + r}{x} \quad \left. \frac{r x^r}{x} - \frac{1 r x}{x} + \frac{r}{x} = r x - 1 + \frac{r}{x} \right\}$$

$$f(x) = ax + b \rightarrow f(x) + f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = ax + b + \frac{a}{x} + b = ax + \frac{a}{x} + 2b$$

$$\rightarrow a = r \quad 2b = -1 \quad b = -\frac{1}{2} \quad f(x) = r x - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f(-1) = r(-1) - \frac{1}{2} = \boxed{-\frac{9}{2}}$$

10