

ا) $\frac{x+1}{x} - \frac{x}{x-1} \geq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1-x^2}{x(x-1)} \geq 0 \quad + \frac{1}{x} \frac{1}{x-1} \Rightarrow D = (-\infty, 0) \cup [\frac{1}{2}, 1)$

ب) $\frac{\frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{2}{x}}{\frac{3}{x-1} + \frac{1}{x+2}} \rightarrow x \neq 0 \quad x \neq -1$
 $x \neq 1 \quad x \neq -2$

$\frac{3}{x-1} + \frac{1}{x+2} = \frac{3x+2x-1}{(x-1)(x+2)} = \frac{5x-1}{(x-1)(x+2)} \neq 0 \Rightarrow x \neq \frac{1}{5}$

$\Rightarrow D = \mathbb{R} - \{-\frac{1}{5}, -2, -1, 0, 1\}$

ا) $((\frac{1}{x})^2 + 4)(3x - x^2) \geq 0 \rightarrow (x^{-2} - x^2)(x^2 - 3x) \geq 0$

$\frac{-2 \cdot \frac{1}{x^2}}{+1 - \frac{1}{x^2} +}$

$D = (-\infty, 2] \cup [\frac{3}{2}, +\infty)$

ب) $\sqrt[3]{x+1} + \sqrt{y+1} = 3$

$\sqrt{y+1} = 3 - \sqrt[3]{x+1} \quad x-1 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq 1$

$3 - \sqrt[3]{x+1} \geq 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt[3]{x+1} \leq 3 \Rightarrow x-1 \leq 1 \quad x \leq 12$

$D = [1, 12]$

$\frac{\log(x^2 - x)}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1} + 1} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x^2 - x - 2 > 0 \rightarrow (x-2)(x+1) > 0 \quad \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2} \Rightarrow (-\infty, -1) \cup (2, +\infty) \\ x^2 - 1 > 0 \Rightarrow (-\infty, -1] \cup [1, +\infty) \end{cases}$

$\Rightarrow D = (-\infty, -1) \cup (2, +\infty)$

$3+a-x-x^2 \rightarrow -(x^2 - ax - 3) = (x+2)(x-b) = x^2 + (2+b)x - 2b \Rightarrow 2b = -3 \quad b = -\frac{3}{2}$

$2+b = -a \Rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{2}$

$a+b = -2$

$\begin{cases} x \geq 1 \rightarrow 3x - 2x \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq 2 \\ x < 1 \rightarrow 3x + 3 - x \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq -3 \end{cases} \quad D = [-3, 1) \cup [2, +\infty)$

$f(0) = (a+1)(0+2) = 2a+2$

$f(-2) = 3a - 2$

$f(2a+2) = 2a - 3 + a$

$\Rightarrow 15a + 15 = 2a - 3 \Rightarrow 13a = -18 \quad a = -\frac{18}{13}$

$$f(\sqrt{t}-\sqrt{t}) + f(\sqrt{t}+\sqrt{t}) = \sqrt{t-\sqrt{t}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{t}-\sqrt{t}} + \sqrt{t+\sqrt{t}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{t}+\sqrt{t}} + t = (\sqrt{t-\sqrt{t}} + \sqrt{t+\sqrt{t}}) + t = A$$

$$\sqrt{t-\sqrt{t}} + \sqrt{t+\sqrt{t}} = t$$

$$t = \sqrt{t-\sqrt{t}} + \sqrt{t+\sqrt{t}} + t = t \Rightarrow t = \sqrt{t}$$

$$A = 2\sqrt{t} + t$$

$$t f(x) - t^2 f(x) = t x^2 x \xrightarrow{t} t f(x) - t^2 f(x) = 1 x^2 - t x$$

$$t f(-x) - t^2 f(x) = t x^2 + x \xrightarrow{t} t f(-x) - t^2 f(x) = 1 x^2 + t x$$

$$-2 f(x) = t_0 x^2 + x \Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{-t_0 x^2 - x}{2}$$

$$(2m-1)f(x) - t x f(x+t) = t x^2 - m x + m-1$$

$$x=0 \rightarrow t f(0) = m-1$$

$$x=-1 \rightarrow t f(0) = 1 + m + m-1 = 2m+1 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} x=0 \rightarrow t f(0) = m-1 \\ x=-1 \rightarrow t f(0) = 2m+1 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow f(0) = \frac{m-1}{t} = \frac{2m+1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2m-1 = 2m+1 \Rightarrow m = \frac{1}{2} \quad f(0) = \frac{t(\frac{1}{2})-1}{t} = \frac{t-2}{t}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} f(x) = ax + b \\ f(\frac{1}{x}) = \frac{a}{x} + b \end{array} \right\} f(x) + f(\frac{1}{x}) = \frac{ax+a+bx}{x} = \frac{tx^2-1}{x}$$

$$\Rightarrow a=1 \quad b=-1 \quad \Rightarrow f(-1) = 1(-1)-1 = -2$$