

الف) $y = \frac{n+3}{n^3 + 3n^2 - 12n + 12}$ ریشه

$(n-1)(n^2 + 4n + 12) = (n-1)(n-\frac{1}{2})(n+3)$ $\rightarrow 1, \frac{1}{2}, -3$ $Df: \mathbb{R} - \{1, \frac{1}{2}, -3\}$

ب) $y = \frac{n^3 + 9n^2 + 12n + 3}{(n+1)(n^2 + 4n + 12)}$ $Df: \mathbb{R} - \{-1, -3, -\frac{1}{2}\}$

الف) $y = \frac{n+3}{n^3 - 3n^2 + 3n - 1}$ ۵

$(n-1)(n^2 - 2n + 1) = (n-1)^3$ $\rightarrow 1$ $Df: \mathbb{R} - \{1\}$

ب) $y = \sqrt{\frac{n+3}{n^3 - 3n^2 + 3n - 1}}$ $Df: (-\infty, -1] \cup (1, +\infty)$

~~$y = \frac{n^2 + 4n + 12}{n^3 - 3n^2 + 3n - 1}$~~ ۳

$y = \frac{n^2 + 4n + 12}{n^3 - 3n^2 + 3n - 1}$ $Df: \mathbb{R} - \{0, 2, 4, -3\}$

الف) $y = \frac{n+3}{|n+1| - |n+3|}$ ۴

$|n+1| - |n+3| = 0 \rightarrow n = -2$ $Df: \mathbb{R} - \{-2\}$

ب) $y = \sqrt{|n+1| - |n+3|}$ $Df: (-\infty, -2] \cup [2, +\infty)$

الف) $y = \log \left(\frac{1 - \log \frac{n}{r}}{r} \right) \rightarrow n > 0$ ۵

$1 - \log \frac{n}{r} > 0 \rightarrow \log \frac{n}{r} < 1 \rightarrow n < r$ $Df: (0, r)$

ب) $y = \log \left(\frac{1 - \log \frac{n}{\frac{1}{r}}}{\frac{1}{r}} \right) \rightarrow n > 0$ $Df: (\frac{1}{r}, +\infty)$

$$f(n) = \sqrt{\log \log \frac{r_{n-1}}{a}} \rightarrow r_{n-1} > 0 \rightarrow n > \frac{1}{r} \quad (1)$$

$$\log \frac{r_{n-1}}{a} > 0 \rightarrow r_{n-1} > a \rightarrow n > \frac{1}{r} \quad (2)$$

$$\log \frac{1}{r} \geq 0 \rightarrow \log \frac{r_{n-1}}{a} \leq 1 \rightarrow r_{n-1} \leq a \rightarrow n \leq \frac{1}{r} \quad (3)$$

Df. $(1, \frac{1}{r}]$

و) $y = \log(r \cos n + 1) \rightarrow r \cos n + 1 > 0 \rightarrow r \cos n > -1 \rightarrow \cos n > -\frac{1}{r}$

Df. $(rK\pi - \frac{r\pi}{r}, rK\pi + \frac{r\pi}{r})$

$$y = \sqrt{1 - \frac{n-1}{n+1}} \rightarrow \frac{n-1}{n+1} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{-1+1}{+1-1} \rightarrow \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\log \frac{n-1}{n+1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{n-1}{n+1} \geq 1 \rightarrow \frac{-1-n-1}{n+1} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{-2-n}{n+1} > 0 \rightarrow n < -1$$

Df. $(-\infty, -1)$

$b? \in (-\infty, \frac{1}{r}] \leftarrow f(n) = \sqrt{(a+r)x^2 + a_2x + b}$

$a+r=0$
 $a_2=r$

$f(n) = \sqrt{-r_2x + b}$
 $r_2 = \frac{1}{r}$
 $-r_2x + b \geq 0 \rightarrow b \geq \frac{1}{r}x$

Df. $(-\infty, \frac{1}{r}]$

$f(n) = \sqrt{n^2 + r_2n + r_2 - m^2} \rightarrow Df = \mathbb{R}$

$\Delta < 0 \rightarrow$ محاسبه می شود

$(r)^2 - \varepsilon(r \cdot m^2)$

$\varepsilon' - \Lambda + \varepsilon m < 0 \rightarrow \frac{m^2}{m^2} - 1 < 0 \rightarrow \frac{m^2}{m^2} < 1 \rightarrow -1 < m < 1 \rightarrow 1 - (-1) = 2$

$f(n) = \sqrt{\varepsilon - n^2} \rightarrow \varepsilon - n^2 \geq 0 \rightarrow n^2 \leq \varepsilon$

$\lfloor n \rfloor + \lfloor -n \rfloor + 1$

$-r \leq n \leq r$

$n \in \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow n \in \mathbb{Z}$

Df. $\{-r, -1, 0, 1, r\}$