

الف) $\frac{x+3}{2x^3+3x^2-11x+3} \neq 0 \rightarrow (x-1)(2x^2+5x-3) = (x-1)(x+3)(x-\frac{1}{2}) \rightarrow$
 $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-3, \frac{1}{2}, 1\}$

ب) $\frac{x+3}{2x^3+9x^2+10x+3} \neq 0 \rightarrow (x+1)(2x^2+7x+3) = (x+1)(x+\frac{1}{2})(x+3) \rightarrow$
 $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-3, -1, -\frac{1}{2}\}$

الف) $\frac{x+3}{x^3-2x^2-2x-1} \neq 0 \rightarrow (x-1)(x^2-x+1) \xrightarrow{\Delta < 0} D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1\}$

ب) $\sqrt{\frac{x+3}{x^3-2x^2-2x-1}} \rightarrow (x-1)(x^2-x+1) \xrightarrow{\Delta < 0} D_f = (-\infty, -3] \cup (1, +\infty)$

الف) $y = \frac{2}{x^2-5|x-1|-2x+5} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\frac{x^2-3x}{x(x+3)} - \frac{x^2-5x+10}{(x-5)(x-2)}} \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-3, 0, 2, 5\}$

الف) $\frac{x+3}{|2x+1|-|x+3|} \neq 0 \rightarrow \frac{-3}{-x+2} - \frac{-\frac{1}{2}}{-3x-5} \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-\frac{5}{3}, 2\}$

ب) $\sqrt{|2x+1|-|x+3|} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{-3}{-x+2} - \frac{-\frac{1}{2}}{-3x-5} \rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -\frac{5}{3}] \cup [2, +\infty)$

الف) $y = \log_{\frac{1}{\mu}}(1-\log_{\mu} x) \rightarrow 1-\log_{\mu} x > 0 \rightarrow \log_{\mu} x < 1 \rightarrow x < \mu \text{ (د)} \quad \text{و (د)} \rightarrow (0, \mu)$
 $\hookrightarrow x > 0 \text{ (ب)}$

ب) $\log_{\frac{1}{\mu}}(1-\log_{\frac{1}{\mu}} x) \rightarrow \log_{\frac{1}{\mu}} x > 1 \rightarrow x > \frac{1}{\mu} \rightarrow D_f = (\frac{1}{\mu}, +\infty)$
 $\hookrightarrow x > 0$

$$f(x) = \log_{\frac{1}{2}} \log_0^{(x-1)} \rightarrow x-1 > 0 \rightarrow x > \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{①} \quad \text{①} \cap \text{②} \cap \text{③} \rightarrow D_f = (1, 2]$$

$$\hookrightarrow \log_0^{x-1} > 0 \rightarrow x-1 > 1 \rightarrow x > 2 \quad \text{②}$$

$$\hookrightarrow \log_{\frac{1}{2}} \log_0^{(x-1)} \geq 0 \rightarrow \log_0^{x-1} \leq 1 \rightarrow x-1 \leq 0 \rightarrow x \leq 1 \quad \text{③}$$

$$\text{الف, } \log(r \cos x + 1) \rightarrow r \cos x + 1 > 0 \rightarrow \cos x > -\frac{1}{r} \quad \text{①} \quad D_f = \left(k\pi - \frac{\pi}{r}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{r} \right)$$

$$\text{ب, } \sqrt{\log \frac{x+1}{x-1}} \quad \frac{x+1}{x-1} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{-1}{+1-1+} \quad \text{①} \quad \text{①} \cap \text{②} \rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -1)$$

$$\log_{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{x+1}{x-1} \geq 0 \quad \frac{x+1}{x-1} \geq 1 \rightarrow \frac{x+1-x-1}{x-1} = \frac{-2}{x-1} \geq 0 \quad \text{②}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{(a+r)x^2 + ax + b} \quad a+r=0 \rightarrow a=-r$$

$$\text{if } a=-r \rightarrow f(x) = \sqrt{-rx+b} \rightarrow \text{if } x=r \rightarrow \sqrt{-r+b} \rightarrow b=r$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + px + q - m^2} \rightarrow \Delta < 0 \rightarrow f - \Delta + f m^2 < 0 \rightarrow f m^2 < f \rightarrow m^2 < 1$$

$$-1 < m < 1$$

$$1 - (-1) = 2$$

$$\sqrt{f-x^2} \geq 0 \rightarrow -x \leq x \leq x$$

$$\lfloor x \rfloor + \lfloor -x \rfloor + 1 \rightarrow \neq 0 \rightarrow \lfloor x \rfloor + \lfloor -x \rfloor \neq -1 \rightarrow x \in \mathbb{Z} \quad \left\{ D_f = \{-1, 0, 1, 2\} \right.$$

$$\hookrightarrow \text{①}$$