

$$الف) y = \frac{x+r}{x^2+x^2-10x+r} \Rightarrow \frac{x+r}{(x-1)(x^2+\omega x-4)} \quad \checkmark$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-3, \frac{1}{2}, 1\}$$

$$ب) y = \frac{x+r}{x^2+9x^2+10x+r} \Rightarrow \frac{x+r}{(x+1)(x^2-10x+9)}$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-1, \frac{1}{2}, 9\}$$

$$ج) y = \frac{x+r}{x^2-x^2+x-1} \Rightarrow \frac{x+r}{(x-1)(x^2-x+1)}$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1\}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \sqrt{\frac{x+r}{x^2-x^2+x-1}} \Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{x+r}{(x-1)(x^2-x+1)}}$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1\} \xrightarrow{\sqrt{\quad}} [0, +\infty) - \{1\}$$

$$y = \frac{r}{x^2-\omega|x-1|-rx+\omega}$$

$$\text{if } x > 1 \rightarrow x^2 - \omega x + \omega - rx + \omega = x^2 - rx + 10 = (x-\omega)(x-r) \quad \begin{matrix} x=\omega \\ x=r \end{matrix}$$

$$\text{if } x < 1 \rightarrow x^2 + \omega x - \omega - rx + \omega = x^2 + rx = x(x+r) \quad \begin{matrix} x=0 \\ x=-r \end{matrix}$$

$$\text{مجموعه } \Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-r, 0, r, \omega\}$$

$$الف) y = \frac{x+r}{|rx+1|-|x+r|} \quad |rx+1|-|x+r| \neq 0 \quad |rx+1| \neq |x+r|$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{مربع}} (rx+1)^2 \neq (x+r)^2 \quad rx^2+rx+1 \neq x^2+4x+9 \quad rx^2-rx-1 \neq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \sqrt{|rx+1|-|x+r|} \quad |rx+1|-|x+r| \geq 0 \quad |rx+1| \geq |x+r| \quad rx^2+rx+1 \geq x^2+4x+9$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{مربع}} rx^2-rx-1 \geq 0 \quad (x-4)(x+r) \geq 0 \quad \frac{-r}{4} - \frac{1}{r} + \dots \quad D_f = (-\infty, -\frac{r}{4}] \cup [\frac{1}{r}, +\infty)$$

$$الف) y = \log_r(1 - \log_r \frac{x}{r}) \quad x > 0 \quad 1 - \log_r \frac{x}{r} > 0 \quad \log_r \frac{x}{r} < 1 \quad x < r \quad D_f = (0, r)$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \log_r(1 - \log_r \frac{x}{r}) \quad x > 0 \quad 1 - \log_r \frac{x}{r} > 0 \quad \log_r \frac{x}{r} < 1 \quad x > \frac{1}{r} \quad D_f = (\frac{1}{r}, +\infty)$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} rx^2+rx-1 & x-1 \\ \hline -rx^2+rx & rx-r \\ \hline \omega rx-1 & \omega rx-\omega \\ \hline -\omega rx+\omega & 0 \\ \hline rx^2+9x^2+10x+r & x+1 \\ \hline -rx^2-rx & rx-r \\ \hline \omega rx+10x+r & \omega rx+\omega \\ \hline -\omega rx-\omega & 0 \\ \hline rx^2+r & rx-r \\ \hline -rx-r & 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} x^2-rx^2+rx-1 & x-1 \\ \hline -x^2+rx & rx-x \\ \hline -x^2+rx-1 & rx-x-1 \\ \hline +x^2-x & 0 \\ \hline x-1 & x-1 \\ \hline -x+1 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} x^2-rx^2+rx-1 & x-1 \\ \hline -x^2+rx & rx-x \\ \hline -x^2+rx-1 & rx-x-1 \\ \hline +x^2-x & 0 \\ \hline x-1 & x-1 \\ \hline -x+1 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{\log_{\frac{1}{r}}(rx-1)} \quad rx-1 > 0 \quad rx > 1 \quad \boxed{x > \frac{1}{r}}$$

$$\log_{\frac{1}{r}}(rx-1) > 0 \quad rx-1 > 1 \quad rx > 2 \quad \boxed{x > 2}$$

$$D_f = (1, +\infty)$$

9

$$\text{الف) } \log(r \cos x + 1) \quad r \cos x + 1 > 0 \quad r \cos x > -1 \quad \cos x > -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$D_f = (rk\pi - \frac{r\pi}{r}, rk\pi + \frac{r\pi}{r})$$



7

$$\rightarrow y = \sqrt{\log \frac{x-1}{x+1}} \quad \frac{x-1}{x+1} > 0 \quad \frac{-1}{+} - \frac{1}{+} \rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -1) \cup (1, +\infty)$$

$$\rightarrow D_f = (1, +\infty)$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{(a+r)x^2 + ax + b} \quad D_f = (-\infty, 3] \quad b = ?$$

$$9(a+r) + 3a + b = 0 \quad 9a + 18 + 3a + b = 0 \quad 12a + 18 + b = 0 \quad b = -12a - 18$$

$$a+r > 0 \quad a < -r \rightarrow a < -2 \rightarrow \text{ممنوع}$$

$$\rightarrow a = -2 \rightarrow \text{بموضع خطی منتهی} \Rightarrow b = 24 - 18 = 6$$

و من تواند جواب دهد

1

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + rx + r - m^2} \quad D_f = \mathbb{R}$$

$$\frac{m_{\max} - m_{\min}}{-1} = ?$$

$$x^2 + rx + r - m^2 \geq 0$$

$$(x+1)^2 + 1 - m^2 \geq 0$$

$$\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-r}{2} = -1 \quad (0)^2 + 1 - m^2 \geq 0 \quad m^2 \leq 1$$

$$-1 \leq m \leq 1$$

$$1 - \frac{(-1)}{+1} = 2$$

9

$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{[x] + [-x] + 1}$$

$$\text{مجموعه مقادیر} = ?$$

$$1-x^2 \geq 0 \quad x^2 \leq 1 \quad -1 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$-1, -1, 0, 1, 1, 1$$

$$\boxed{[-1, 1]}$$

10

$$[x] + [-x] + 1 \neq 0$$

$$x \in \mathbb{Z} \checkmark$$

$$[x] + [-x] \neq -1 \rightarrow$$

$$\text{اگر } x = -1 \text{ و } x = 1 \text{ و } x = 0$$