

1)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow c^+} f(x) = L = \Delta$

2)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow c^-} f(x) = L = \Delta$  -1

3)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow c^+} f(x) = f(c) = \Delta$

4)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow c^-} f(x) = f(c) = \Delta$  -2

5)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow c^+} [f(x)] = [L^+] = \Delta$

6)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow c^-} [f(x)] = [L^-] = \Delta$  -3

7)  $[\lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x)] = [L] = \Delta$

8)  $[\lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x)] = [L] = \Delta$  -4

9)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{\infty}{\infty} = \infty$  (L'Hopital's rule)  
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{\infty}{0} = -\infty$

10)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{\infty}{\infty} = \infty$  (L'Hopital's rule)  
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{\infty}{\infty} = \infty$  -5

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 $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{\infty}{\infty} = \infty$  -7

15)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow c} [f(x)] + [-f(x)] = \Delta - \Delta = 0$

16)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow c} [-f(x)] + [f(x)] = -\Delta + \Delta = 0$  -8

17)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow c} [x^2 - f(x)] = [c^2 - f^+] = \Delta$

18)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow c} [4x - x^2] = [4c - c^2] = \Delta$  -9

19)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-1}{(x-1)(x-1)} = \frac{0}{0}$  (L'Hopital's rule)

20)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x - [x]}{x^2 - 1} = \frac{0}{0}$  -10

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-1}{(x-1)(x-1)} = \frac{1}{x-1} = 1$  (L'Hopital's rule)  
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-1}{(x-1)(x-1)} = \frac{-1}{x-1} = -1$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-1}{(x-1)(x+1)} = \frac{1}{x+1} = \frac{1}{2}$  (L'Hopital's rule)  
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-1}{(x-1)(x+1)} = \frac{1}{0} = -\infty$