

$$S = ab \sin \alpha = ۲k \times ۳k \times \sin ۱۵۰^\circ = ۳k^2 = ۹ \Rightarrow k = ۳\sqrt{۲} \quad (۱)$$

$$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline ۹\sqrt{۲} \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{|c|} \hline ۶\sqrt{۲} \\ \hline \end{array} \Rightarrow \text{مساحت} = ۲(۹\sqrt{۲} + ۹\sqrt{۲}) = ۳۰\sqrt{۲}$$

$$S_{ADE} = \frac{1}{۲} \times ۲ \times ۷ \times \sin \hat{A} \quad (۲)$$

$$S_{ABC} = \frac{1}{۲} \times ۷ \times ۵ \times \sin \hat{A} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right\} \xrightarrow{\text{امکان}} ۲/۵ \sin \hat{A} = ۱/۷ \Rightarrow \sin \hat{A} = \frac{1}{۲}$$

$$\sin^2 \hat{A} + \cos^2 \hat{A} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{۴} + \cos^2 \hat{A} = 1 \Rightarrow \cos \hat{A} = \frac{\sqrt{۳}}{۲} \Rightarrow \tan \hat{A} = \frac{\sqrt{۳}}{۳}$$

$$\frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = -\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \Rightarrow \sin \alpha < 0 \quad \text{نامنه سوم یا چهارم} \quad (۳)$$

$$\frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} - \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \Rightarrow \cos \alpha < 0 \quad \text{نامنه دوم یا سوم}$$



$$\text{نسبت: } \tan \alpha = \frac{۱۵ - ۰}{۰ - ۲} = \frac{-۳}{۲} \quad (۴)$$

$$\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{۲} - \alpha\right) = \cot \alpha \quad \rightarrow \text{باغیچک: } \tan \alpha = \frac{-۴}{۳}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} ۱۵\alpha \rightarrow ۱۱ - ۲۲ \\ ۲۴\alpha \rightarrow ۲۷ - ۲۲ \\ ۷۰\alpha \rightarrow ۱۱ + ۲۲ \\ ۲۹\alpha \rightarrow ۲۷ + ۲۲ \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \frac{۳ \cos\left(\frac{۳\pi}{۲} - ۲۲^\circ\right) - ۲ \sin\left(\pi - ۲۲^\circ\right)}{\sin\left(\pi + ۲۲^\circ\right) - \cos\left(\frac{۳\pi}{۲} + ۲۲^\circ\right)}$$

$$\frac{-۳ \sin ۲۲^\circ - ۲ \sin ۲۲^\circ}{-\sin ۲۲^\circ - \sin ۲۲^\circ} = \frac{-۵ \sin ۲۲^\circ}{-۲ \sin ۲۲^\circ} = \frac{۵}{۲} = \frac{۲/۵}{۲}$$

# تذكرة

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$$\frac{\sin(\frac{p}{q} + \alpha) + \sin(\frac{p}{q} - \alpha)}{|\tan^2 \alpha - 1|} = \frac{\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha}{|\tan^2 \alpha - 1|}$$

$\sin \alpha < 0$  (S)  
 $\cos \alpha > 0$

$$\tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} - 1 \Rightarrow \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{q}{p} - 1 = \frac{a}{p}$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{p}{q} + \sin^2 \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{a}}{p}$$

$$e.g.: \frac{\frac{p}{p} + \frac{-\sqrt{a}}{p}}{|\frac{a}{p} - 1|} = \frac{\frac{p - \sqrt{a}}{p}}{\frac{1}{p}} = \frac{1 - \sqrt{a}}{p}$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$$

$\sin \alpha < 0$  (✓)  
 $\cos \alpha < 0$

$$p \cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{a} \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{a}} = \frac{-\sqrt{a}}{a}$$

$$\text{سبب: } \tan \theta = \sqrt{p} \Rightarrow y = \frac{p - ym}{m^2 - 1} \Rightarrow y = \frac{-ym}{m^2 - 1} + \frac{p}{m^2 - 1}$$

$$\frac{-ym}{m^2 - 1} = \sqrt{p} \Rightarrow m^2 \sqrt{p} + ym - \sqrt{p} = 0 \xrightarrow{\times \sqrt{p}} pm^2 + y\sqrt{p} - p = 0$$

$$\Delta = 1p + p^2 = 4p \Rightarrow m = \frac{-p\sqrt{p} \pm 2\sqrt{p}}{2} \left. \begin{array}{l} m_1 = \frac{\sqrt{p}}{p} \\ m_2 = -\sqrt{p} \end{array} \right\} \text{حلول} \rightarrow \frac{p\sqrt{p}}{p}$$

$$\frac{-p}{p} < \alpha < \frac{p}{p} \rightarrow \frac{-p}{p} < -\alpha < \frac{p}{p} \Rightarrow 0 < \frac{p}{p} - \alpha < \frac{p}{p}$$

$$\tan 0 < \tan(\frac{p}{p} - \alpha) < \tan \frac{p}{p} \Rightarrow 0 < \frac{1-m}{1+m} \quad \frac{-y}{-p+1}$$

$$\hookrightarrow -y < m < 1$$

$$\tan(45^\circ) \cos(45^\circ) + \tan(45^\circ) \sin(45^\circ) = \tan(90^\circ) \sin(45^\circ)$$

$$-\sqrt{p} \times \frac{-\sqrt{p}}{p} + -\sqrt{p} \times \frac{\sqrt{p}}{p} = \frac{p}{p} + \frac{-p}{p} = 0$$