

18/5

نام و نام خانوادگی (هرايز 1397) پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره کلاس

$$\log_n^m = a \rightarrow n^a = m$$

$$\log_{mn}^{m^n} = b \quad (mn)^b = m^n \rightarrow (n^{a+1})^b = n^{n^{a+1}} \rightarrow ab + b = n^{a+1}$$

$$b = \frac{na + 1}{a} = n + \frac{1}{a}$$

$$b = n + \frac{1}{a}, a > 0 \rightarrow b = 2, m \rightarrow [b] = 2$$

$$\sqrt[n]{\frac{x}{\log \frac{1}{x}}} \rightarrow x > 0$$

$$\frac{a}{\log \frac{1}{x}} \rightarrow \log \frac{1}{x} < 0 \rightarrow x < 1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} x > 1 \\ x < 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow 0 = (0, 1)$$

$$\log_f (x^2 - x - 2) \rightarrow (x-2)(x+1) > 0$$

$$\frac{-1}{2} - \frac{2}{-1} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$x^2 - 1 > 0 \rightarrow \frac{-1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = -1$$

$$D = (-\infty, -1) \cup (2, +\infty)$$

$$r \log_n^a + \log_a \sqrt{n} = r$$

$$r \log_n^a + \log_a^r = r \rightarrow \log_n^a + \log_a^r = r \rightarrow n + \frac{1}{n} = r \rightarrow n = 1$$

$$\log_n^a = \log_a^r = 1 \rightarrow a = r$$

$$\log 2 \sim 0,3 \quad \log 3 \sim 0,4$$

$$(\log 2)^x + (\log 3)^x - \log 10 = 0 \rightarrow |x_1 - x_2| = \frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{a} = \frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{a} = \frac{\sqrt{(\log 2)^2 + 4 \log 10 \times \log 3}}{2}$$

$$\log 9 = r \log 3 = 0,12 \quad f(\log 10 \times \log 3) = f(\log 10 + \log 3)(\log 10 - \log 3) = f(\log 3)^2 - (\log 3)^2$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{0,12 + f(0,12 - 0,12)}{0,12 - 0,12}} = \frac{1,1}{0,12} = \frac{14}{3}$$

$$\log_0^r = 0,12 \quad \log_r^v = 4,1 \quad \log_0^v = 1,1$$

$$\log_{1,1}^0 = \frac{\log_0^0}{\log_0^v} = \frac{\log_0^r + \log_0^0}{\log_0^v + \log_0^r} = \frac{0,12 + 1}{0,12 + 1,1} = \frac{1,12}{1,22}$$

$$\log_r^0 = 1.0 \quad \log_{\frac{r}{f}}^r = 1.9 \rightarrow \log_r^0 = 2.15$$

$$\log_{10}^r = \frac{\log_r^r}{\log_r^{10}} = \frac{\log_r^r + \log_r^r}{\log_r^0 + \log_r^r} = \frac{1 + 1.9}{2.15 + 1.9} = \frac{2.9}{4.05} = \boxed{\frac{10}{14}}$$

$$\log_n^{1n} = m \rightarrow \frac{1}{r} \log_r^{1n} = m \rightarrow \log_r^{1n} = rm \rightarrow \log_r^r + r \log_r^r = rm$$

$$\log_r^r = \frac{rm-1}{r}$$

$$\log_f^{1r} = \frac{1}{r} \log_r^{1r} = \frac{1}{r} (r \log_r^r + \log_r^r) = \frac{1}{r} (r + \frac{rm-1}{r}) = 1 + \frac{rm-1}{r} = \boxed{\frac{r}{f} (m+1)}$$

$$(orf)^{r^{n-1}} = \left(\frac{100}{n}\right)^{2r}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\left(\frac{r}{\theta}\right)^{r^{n-1}} = \left(\left(\frac{r}{\theta}\right)^{-r}\right)^{2r}$$

$$\rightarrow r^{n-1} = -2r^2 \rightarrow r^{n-1} + 2r^2 = 0 \rightarrow n-1 = -2 \rightarrow n = -1$$

$$\log_n^{(9 \times \frac{1}{r} + 1)} = \log_n^r = \frac{1}{r} \log_r^r = \boxed{\frac{r}{r}}$$

$$\log_r^r = a \quad \log_n^b = \frac{r}{r} (1+a) \rightarrow \log_r^b = r(1+a) = r + r \log_r^r = \log_r^b$$

$$\log_r^b - r \log_r^r = r \rightarrow \log_r^b - \log_r^r = r \rightarrow \frac{b}{a} = r \rightarrow b = r^2$$

$$\log(r^2 - 1) = \log 1 = \boxed{r}$$

$$\frac{b}{fa} = \log_f^{10} \quad ra = b+c \rightarrow ra-b=c \rightarrow ra - fa \log_f^{10} = c$$

$$a(r - f \log_f^{10}) = \frac{c}{a} \rightarrow r^{-\frac{1}{a}} (r - f \log_f^{10}) = r^{-\frac{1}{f} + \frac{1}{r} \log_f^{10}} = r^{-\frac{1}{f}} \times r^{\frac{1}{r} \log_f^{10}}$$

$$r^{\frac{1}{r} \log_f^{10}} = \boxed{10^{\frac{1}{f}}}$$

$$a = \frac{b+c}{r} \rightarrow b = ra - c \rightarrow \frac{1}{ra-c} = \frac{1}{s} = \frac{fa}{b} = \frac{fa}{ra-c} = r \log_r^r$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{ra}{ra-c} = \log_r^r \xrightarrow{\text{cross}} \frac{ra-c}{ra} = \log_r^r \rightarrow 1 - \log_r^r = \frac{c}{ra} \rightarrow r - \log_r^r = \frac{c}{a}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{\frac{c}{a}} = \left(r^{-\frac{1}{a}}\right)^{\frac{c}{a}} = \left(r^{-\frac{c}{a}}\right)^{\frac{1}{a}} \xrightarrow{D} \left(r^{-r \log_r^r}\right)^{\frac{1}{a}}$$

$$\left(\frac{r^r}{r \log_r^r}\right)^{\frac{1}{a}} = \left(\frac{r}{1-r}\right)^{\frac{1}{a}} = (10)^{\frac{1}{a}} = \sqrt{a}$$