

$$2x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 4y + k = 0 \rightarrow 2x^2 - 4x = 2(x-1)^2 - 2$$

$$y^2 + 4y = (y+2)^2 - 4$$

$$\rightarrow 2(x-1)^2 + (y+2)^2 + k - 11 = 0 \quad 2(x-1)^2 + (y+2)^2 = \frac{11-k}{\text{نامننی}}$$

عبارت در نقطه (۱, -۲) $k=11$

$$11-k \geq 0 \quad |k \leq 11|$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 4x & x > 1 \\ 2x + a + 2 & x \leq 1 \end{cases} \xrightarrow{x=1} (1)^2 + f(1) = 2(1) + a + 2 \quad \omega = 4 + a \quad |a=1|$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} x^2 + 4x \\ 2x + 3 \end{cases} \quad f(1) \quad (1)^2 + f(1) = 2(1) + 3 = \boxed{\omega}$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x^2 - b & |x+1| \geq 2 \rightarrow x+1 \geq 2 \quad x \geq 1 \quad x \leq -3 \\ a + 2x & -3 \leq x \leq -1 \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow 2(-3)^2 - b = a + 2(-3) \quad 18 - b = a - 6 \quad a + b = \boxed{24}$$

$$\sqrt{4x-a} + \sqrt{b-3x} \geq 0$$

$$\rightarrow 4x-a \geq 0 \quad x \geq \frac{a}{4} \quad \left[\frac{b}{3}, \frac{a}{4}\right] \neq \emptyset \rightarrow a=12 \quad b=4$$

$$\rightarrow b-3x \geq 0 \quad x \leq \frac{b}{3} \quad \frac{b}{a} = \frac{4}{12} = \left[\frac{1}{3}\right]$$

الف) $\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{1x-31}} + \sqrt{\frac{4-x}{x^2+2x+4}} \cdot \frac{x+1}{1x-31} \geq 0$

$$\frac{4-x}{x^2+2x+4} \cdot \frac{1}{x-31} \quad \textcircled{2} (-\infty, 4] \quad \textcircled{1} \cap \textcircled{2} = (-3, -1] \cup [3, 4]$$

ب) $y = \sqrt{[x]-4} + \sqrt{4-[x]}$

$$[x]-4 \geq 0 \quad [x] \geq 4 \quad 4-[x] \geq 0 \quad [x] \leq 4 \quad \textcircled{1} \cap \textcircled{2} = \emptyset$$

① $x \geq 4$ ② $x \leq 4$

c) $\sqrt{x^2 - x - 4}$ $\rightarrow (x-3)(x+1) = 0$ $x = 3$ $x = -1$
 $\sqrt{x^2 - 13x + 36} \rightarrow x^2 - 13x + 36 = 0$ $(x-9)(x-4) = 0$ $x = 9$ $x = 4$
 $-13 \star -2$ 1 $36 \star$ $\rightarrow (-\infty, -1) \cup (2, 3) \cup (3, +\infty)$

$$\rightarrow y = \sqrt{\frac{x^4 - 2x^3 - 2x + 4}{x^4 + 2x^3 - 2x - 4}} \xrightarrow{\div (x-1)} \frac{(x-1)(x^4 - x - 4)}{(x+1)(x^4 + x - 4)} \Rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(x^3 - 1)(x+1)}{(x+1)(x^3 + 1)(x-1)}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} -3 & -2 & -1 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ + & - & + & - & + & - \\ \oplus & \ominus & \oplus & \ominus & \oplus & \ominus \end{array} \quad (-\infty, -3) \cup [-2, -1) \cup [1, 2) \cup [3, +\infty)$$

$$y = \sqrt{[-x] - r} \quad [-x] - r \geq 0 \quad [-x] \geq r \quad D_f = (-\infty, -r]$$

$$\rightarrow y = \frac{\omega x^2 + 4}{[x]^2 - 2[x] - 3} \quad [x]^2 - 2[x] - 3 \neq 0 \quad ([x] - 3)([x] + 1) \neq 0$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - [(-1, 0) \cup (3, 4)]$$

الف) $y = \frac{\cot x + 1}{\tan x + 1} \rightarrow \frac{\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} + 1}{\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + 1} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \cos x \neq 0 & x \neq k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \tan x \neq -1 & x \neq k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} \\ \sin x \neq 0 & \end{cases}$

$R = [k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}]$

$\Rightarrow y = \sqrt{1 - k^2 \sin^2 \alpha}$ $1 - k^2 \sin^2 \alpha \geq 0$ $k^2 \sin^2 \alpha \leq 1$ $\sin^2 \alpha \leq \frac{1}{k^2}$ $\frac{1}{k} \leq \sin \alpha \leq \frac{1}{k}$
 $\left[\frac{k\pi}{r} + \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{k\pi}{r} - \frac{\pi}{4} \right]$

الف) $y = \sqrt{1 - \log \frac{x-1}{x}}$ $\left. \begin{array}{l} x-1 > 0 \quad x > 1 \quad (1) \\ 1 - \log \frac{x-1}{x} \geq 0 \quad \log \frac{x-1}{x} \leq 1 \quad x-1 \leq \frac{1}{x} \quad x \leq \frac{x}{x-1} \quad (2) \end{array} \right\} \left(1, \frac{x}{x-1} \right]$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } y &= \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - x}}{1 - \log_f x^2 - 3x} \rightarrow x^2 - x > 0 \quad x(x-1) > 0 \quad \frac{0}{+ \quad - \quad +} (-\infty, 0] \cup [1, +\infty) \text{ (1)} \\ &\rightarrow x^2 - 3x > 0 \quad x(x-3) > 0 \quad \frac{0}{- \quad - \quad +} (-\infty, 0) \cup (3, +\infty) \text{ (2)} \\ 1 - \log_f x^2 - 3x &\neq 0 \quad \log_f x^2 - 3x &\neq 6 \quad x^2 - 3x \neq 1^6 \quad x^2 - 3x + 1^6 \neq 0 \quad (x-1)(x+1) \neq 0 \text{ (3)} \\ \textcircled{1} \cap \textcircled{2} \cap \textcircled{3} &= (-\infty, -1) \cup (-1, 0) \cup (1, 1) \cup (1, +\infty) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{الف) } y = \sqrt{r^2 x^2 - \alpha^2} - 1 \quad r^2 x^2 - \alpha^2 \geq 0 \quad r^2 x^2 \geq \alpha^2 \quad r^2 x^2 - \alpha^2 \geq 0$$

$$\alpha^2 - r^2 x^2 + 1 \geq 0 \quad (\alpha - r)(\alpha + r) \geq 0 \quad \frac{1}{b+d} \quad [1, 1]$$

$$\text{ب) } y = \left(\frac{\mu x + \omega}{\mu x + \nu} \right)! \quad \frac{\mu x + \omega}{\mu x + \nu} \in W \quad \mu x + \omega \in \mu x W + \nu W \quad \mu x - \mu x W \in \nu W - \omega$$

$$x(\mu - \nu W) \in \nu W - \omega \quad x \in \frac{\nu W - \omega}{\mu - \nu W} \left\{ x \mid x = \frac{\nu k - \omega}{\mu - \nu k}, k \in W \right\}$$