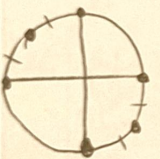


$$\Rightarrow (y+r)^r + r(n-1)^r = 0 \rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ -r \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{multiplier}} r^r + 1^r \times r = 9 + r = 11$$

الف) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - x - 4}{x^2 - 13x^2 + 4}} \geq 0$ $(x-3)(x+2) \geq 0$ $(x^2-9)(x^2-13x^2+4) \geq 0$ $-12x^2 + 4 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x^2 \leq \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow x \in [-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}]$ $D_f = \mathbb{R} - ([-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}] \cup \{3\})$	ب) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 13x^2 - 2x + 4}{x^2 + 13x^2 - 2x - 4}} \geq 0$ $(x-1)(x^2-x-4) \geq 0$ $(x+1)(x^2+x-4) \geq 0$ $D_f = (-\infty, -1) \cup [-2, -1) \cup [1, 2) \cup [2, +\infty)$	6
الف) $y = \sqrt{[x] - 2} \geq 0$ $[x] \geq 2 \Rightarrow -x \geq 2 \Rightarrow x \leq -2$ $D_f = (-\infty, -2]$	ب) $y = \sqrt{2x^2 + 4}$ $[x] \leq [x] - 2 \neq$ $x^2 - 13x - 2 \neq 0 \Rightarrow (x-3)(x+1) \neq 0$ $x \neq 3, -1 \Rightarrow [x] \neq 3, [x] \neq -1$ $D_f = \mathbb{R} - ([3, 4) \cup [-1, 0))$	7
الف) $y = \frac{\cot x + 1}{\tan x + 1} \neq 0$ $\cot x \neq -1 \Rightarrow \tan x \neq -1$ $\cot x = \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \neq -1 \Rightarrow \sin x \neq -\cos x$ $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4}, k\pi + \frac{7\pi}{4}\}$ 	ب) $y = \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{f} \sin^2 x} \geq 0$ $\frac{1}{f} \sin^2 x \leq 1 \Rightarrow \sin^2 x \leq f \Rightarrow \frac{1}{f} \leq \sin x \leq \frac{1}{f}$  $D_f = [k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4}]$	8
الف) $y = \sqrt{1 - \log \frac{x-1}{x}} \geq 0 \Rightarrow x-1 \geq \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow x > 1$ $1 - \log \frac{x-1}{x} \geq 0 \Rightarrow -\log \frac{x-1}{x} \leq 0 \Rightarrow \log \frac{x-1}{x} \geq 0$ $x-1 \geq \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow x \geq \frac{1}{x-1}$ $D_f = [\frac{1}{x-1}, +\infty)$	ب) $y = \sqrt{x^2 - x} \geq 0$ $x^2 - x \geq 0 \Rightarrow x(x-1) \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \leq 0 \text{ or } x \geq 1$ $D_f = (-\infty, 0] \cup [1, +\infty)$	9
الف) $y = \sqrt{r^2 \tan^2 x - r^2} \geq 0$ $r^2 \tan^2 x \geq r^2 \Rightarrow \tan^2 x \geq 1 \Rightarrow \tan x \geq 1 \text{ or } \tan x \leq -1$ $x^2 - 13x + 4 \geq 0 \Rightarrow (x-3)(x-1) \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \leq 1 \text{ or } x \geq 3$ $D_f = [1, 3]$	ب) $y = \frac{(r_n + d)!}{r_n + r} \in \omega$ $r_n + d = r_n + r + r - r_n - r = r - r$ $x(r - r) \leq r - r \Rightarrow x \leq \frac{r - r}{r - r}$ $D_f = \{x \mid x = \frac{rk - d}{r - rk}, k \in \omega\}$	10