

11

پاسخنامه تشریحی تکالیف شماره ۲ کلاس شماره ۱۱ جعفری

$K=?$ $2x^2+y^2-4x+4y+K=0$ $K=11$

$2x^2-4x+y^2+4y+K=0$
 $2(x^2-2x)+(y^2+4y)+K=0$
 $2[(x-1)^2-1]+[(y+2)^2-4]+K=0$
 $2(x-1)^2+(y+2)^2+(K-11)=0$
 $2(x-1)^2+(y+2)^2=11-K$
 $11-K>0 \rightarrow X$ $11-K<0 \rightarrow X$ $11-K=0$

$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{نقطه} \\ \text{تماس} \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{مجموعه مقادیر مثبت} \\ \text{صفر است} \\ \text{بسیار عدد منفی دارند} \end{array}$

$(a>0)$ $f(1)=?$ $f(x)=\begin{cases} x^2+4x & x \geq a \\ 2x+a+2 & x \leq a \end{cases}$

$a^2+4a=2a+a+2$
 $a^2+2a=2$
 $a^2+a-2=0$
 $(a+2)(a-1)=0$
 $a=-2$ و $a=1$ (با توجه به $a>0$)
 $a=1$ ✓

$f(1)=\begin{cases} 1+4=5 \\ 2+3=5 \end{cases}$ $f(1)=5$

$f(x)=\begin{cases} x^2+4x & x \geq 1 \\ 2x+3 & x \leq 1 \end{cases}$

$a+b=?$ $f(x)=\begin{cases} x^2-b & |x+1| \geq 2 \\ a+2x & -2 \leq x \leq 1 \end{cases}$

$|x+1| \geq 2$
 $x+1 \geq 2 \rightarrow x \geq 1$
 $x+1 \leq -2 \rightarrow x \leq -3$
 $x=-3 \rightarrow 11-b=a-4$
 $11+4=a+b$ $a+b=15$

$\frac{b}{a}=?$ $D_f=\{x\}$ $y=\sqrt{4x-a}+\sqrt{b-4x}$

$4x-a \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq \frac{a}{4}$
 $b-4x \geq 0 \rightarrow x \leq \frac{b}{4}$
 $\frac{a}{4} \leq x \leq \frac{b}{4}$
 $\frac{a}{4} = \frac{b}{4} = 2 \rightarrow a=8, b=8$
 $\frac{b}{a} = \frac{8}{8} = 1$

$x \neq -1, x \neq 2 \rightarrow x \leq 4$

الف) $y=\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x^2+2x+1}}+\sqrt{\frac{4-x}{x^2+2x+1}}$

$\frac{x+1}{x^2+2x+1} \geq 0$ $|x-1| \neq 0$ $\frac{4-x}{x^2+2x+1} \geq 0$ $(x+2)^2 \neq 0$
 $(-\infty, -1] \cup (1, +\infty)$ $(-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, 4]$
 $D_f = (-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, 1] \cup (1, +\infty)$ $D = [-1, 4] - \{1\}$

ب) $y=\sqrt{[x]-4}+\sqrt{4-[x]}$

$[x]-4 \geq 0$ $4-[x] \geq 0$
 $[x] \geq 4$ $[x] \leq 4$
 $[4, +\infty)$ $(-\infty, 4]$

$D_f = \emptyset$

$$\frac{x^2 - 2x^2 - 2x + 4}{x^2 - 2x^2 - 2x + 4} \Bigg| \frac{x-1}{x^2 - x - 4}$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 2x^2 - 2x + 4}{x^2 - 2x^2 - 2x + 4} \Bigg| \frac{x-1}{x^2 - x - 4}$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 2x^2 - 2x + 4}{x^2 - 2x^2 - 2x + 4} \Bigg| \frac{x-1}{x^2 - x - 4}$$

الف) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - x - 4}{x^2 - 13x^2 + 24}}$

$(x-4)(x+1) \geq 0$

$(x^2-9)(x^2-16)$

$x=3 \quad x=-3 \quad D_f = (-\infty, -3) \cup (3, 3) \cup (3, +\infty)$

$x^2-9=0 \Rightarrow x^2=9 \Rightarrow x=\pm 3$

$x^2-16=0 \Rightarrow x^2=16 \Rightarrow x=\pm 4$

$-3 \quad -4 \quad 3 \quad 4$

$+ \quad - \quad - \quad + \quad +$

ب) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 2x^2 - 2x + 4}{x^2 + 2x^2 - 2x - 4}}$

$(x-1)(x-2)(x+2) \geq 0$

$(x+1)(x+2)(x-1)$

$-1 \quad -2 \quad 1 \quad 2$

$+ \quad - \quad - \quad + \quad +$

$D_f = (-\infty, -2) \cup (-1, 1) \cup (2, +\infty)$

الف) $y = \sqrt{[-x] - 2}$

$[-x] - 2 \geq 0$

$[-x] \geq 2$

$-x \geq 2$

$x \leq -2$

$D_f = (-\infty, -2]$

ب) $y = \frac{2x^2 + 4}{[x]^2 - 2[x] - 3}$

$[x]^2 - 2[x] - 3 \neq 0 \Rightarrow [x] = t$

$t^2 - 2t - 3 \neq 0$

$(t-3)(t+1) \neq 0$

$t \neq 3 \Rightarrow x \notin [3, 4)$

$t \neq -1 \Rightarrow x \notin [-1, 0)$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{[-1, 0) \cup [3, 4)\}$

الف) $y = \frac{\cot x + 1}{\tan x + 1}$

$\frac{\cos}{\sin} + 1$

$\frac{\sin}{\cos} + 1$

$\sin \neq 0$

$\cos \neq 0$

$\tan x + 1 \neq 0$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}\}$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}\}$

ب) $y = \sqrt{1 - \sqrt{\sin^2 x}}$

$1 - \sqrt{\sin^2 x} \geq 0$

$\sqrt{\sin^2 x} \leq 1$

$|\sin x| \leq 1$

$D_f = [k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}] \cup [k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4}, k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{4}]$

$D_f = [k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}]$

الف) $y = \sqrt{1 - \log_{\frac{1}{4}} x - 1}$

$1 - \log_{\frac{1}{4}} x - 1 \geq 0$

$\log_{\frac{1}{4}} x \leq 1$

$x - 1 \geq \frac{1}{4}$

$x \geq \frac{5}{4}$

$D_f = [\frac{5}{4}, +\infty)$

ب) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - x}{1 - \log_{\frac{1}{4}} x^2 - x}}$

$x^2 - x \geq 0$

$x(x-1) \geq 0$

$1 - \log_{\frac{1}{4}} x^2 - x \neq 0$

$\log_{\frac{1}{4}} x^2 - x \neq 1$

$x^2 - 2x \neq 4$

$x^2 - 2x - 4 \neq 0$

$(x-1)(x+1) \neq 0$

$x \neq 1, x \neq -1$

$D_f = (-\infty, -1) \cup (-1, 0) \cup (1, 4) \cup (4, +\infty) - \{1\}$

الف) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - x}{x^2 - x - 1}}$

$\frac{x^2 - x}{x^2 - x - 1} \geq 0$

$x^2 - x \geq 0$

$x^2 - x - 1 \geq 0$

$x^2 - x - 1 \geq 0 \Rightarrow (x^2 = 1)$

$x^2 - x - 1 \geq 0$

$x^2 - x + 1 \leq 0$

$(x-1)(x-1) \leq 0$

$D_f = [1, 2]$

ب) $y = (\frac{x^2 + a}{x^2 + b})!$

$x \in \frac{fw - a}{rw - b}$

$x \in \frac{fw + a}{rw - b}$

$\frac{x^2 + a}{x^2 + b} \in \mathbb{N}$

$x^2 + a \in \mathbb{N}(x^2 + b)$

$x^2 - rxw \in \mathbb{N}(x^2 - rw)$

$x \in \frac{fw - a}{rw - b} \Rightarrow x \in \frac{fw + a}{rw - b}$