

$$\text{شیب} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{1 - (-2)}{2 - 4} = \frac{14}{-2} = -7$$

شیب عکس و متضاد $\Rightarrow \frac{1}{7}$ ، سطح موازی $(\frac{4+2}{2}, \frac{1+1}{2})$

$$y = \frac{1}{7}x + b \Rightarrow 1 = \frac{1}{7} \times 2 + b \Rightarrow b = \frac{5}{7}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{1}{7}x + \frac{5}{7}$$

$$BC = \sqrt{(5-3)^2 + (2-1)^2} = \sqrt{4+1} = \sqrt{5}$$

$$\text{شیب} = \frac{5-3}{-4-(-1)} = -\frac{2}{3}$$

معادله خط BC: $y = -\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{5}{3}$

$$d = \frac{|ax_0 + by_0 + c|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} = \frac{|\frac{2}{3} \times 3 + 1 - \frac{5}{3}|}{\sqrt{\frac{4}{9} + \frac{9}{9}}} = \frac{|\frac{2}{3} + 1 - \frac{5}{3}|}{\frac{5}{3}} = \frac{0}{\frac{5}{3}} = 0$$

$$2y - x = 7 \Rightarrow 4y - 2x = 14$$

$$4y - 2x = 14 \Rightarrow x = 2$$

$$d = \frac{|C - C'|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} = \frac{|14 - 2|}{\sqrt{4^2 + (-2)^2}} = \frac{12}{\sqrt{20}} = \frac{6\sqrt{5}}{5}$$

$$S_0 = \pi r^2 = \pi \times (\frac{6\sqrt{5}}{5})^2 = \frac{36 \times 5}{5} \pi = 36\pi$$

$$\pi = 3.14 \Rightarrow \frac{36 \times 3.14}{5} = 22.608$$

شیب خط $M(\frac{2+4}{2}, \frac{3+1}{2}) \Rightarrow M(3, 2)$

$$\text{شیب} = \frac{3-4}{2-1} = -1 \Rightarrow y = -x + b \Rightarrow 2 = -3 + b \Rightarrow b = 5$$

$$d = \frac{|1 - 1 - 4 - 5|}{\sqrt{1+1}} = \frac{9}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{9\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$C, M = \sqrt{(5-3)^2 + (2-2)^2} = \sqrt{4+0} = \sqrt{4} = 2$$

$$= \sqrt{(\frac{4+2}{2})^2 + (\frac{3+1}{2})^2} = \sqrt{3^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{13}$$

$$\text{شیب خط 2} = -\frac{3m-2}{5-m}$$

$$\frac{m+1}{2m-4} \times (-\frac{3m-2}{5-m}) = -1 \Rightarrow \frac{(m+1)(3m-2)}{(2m-4)(5-m)} = 1 \Rightarrow (m+1)(3m-2) = (2m-4)(5-m)$$

$$3m^2 + m - 2 = 2m^2 - 10m + 20 \Rightarrow m^2 + 11m - 22 = 0$$

$$5m^2 - 12m + 18 = 0 \Rightarrow \Delta = (-12)^2 - 4(5)(18) = 144 - 360 = -216$$

$\Delta < 0 \Rightarrow$ به ازای هیچ عددی از m برقرار نیست

$$\begin{cases} y = -\frac{x}{r} + \frac{r}{r} \\ y = -x + r \end{cases} \Rightarrow B(0, -1)$$

$$\begin{cases} y = \frac{x}{r} + \frac{r}{r} \\ y = x + 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow A(1, 1)$$

$$\begin{cases} y = x - 1 \\ y = x - 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow C(\frac{0}{r}, \frac{r}{r})$$

$$M = (\frac{\frac{0}{r} + \frac{10}{r}}{r}, \frac{-\frac{r}{r} + \frac{r}{r}}{r}) = M(\frac{10}{r^2}, \frac{0}{r})$$

$$AM = \sqrt{(\frac{r}{r})^2 + (\frac{1}{r})^2} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{r}$$

$$A \log B = \frac{|1+1-1|}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = AH$$

$$AM \text{ معادلة } \Rightarrow a = -1 \quad b = r \Rightarrow x + y = r$$

$$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} = 1 \quad \text{نسبة} \quad \frac{1}{a} = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow \frac{b}{a} = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow b = \frac{a}{r}$$

$$bx + ay = ab \quad \Delta = |ax_0 + bx_0 + ab| \quad \Delta = \sqrt{r_0}$$

$$bx + ay = c$$

$$b = \frac{a}{r} \quad ab = a \times \frac{a}{r} = \frac{a^2}{r} \Rightarrow \sqrt{a^2 + \frac{a^2}{r}} = \sqrt{\frac{a^2}{r}} = \frac{a\sqrt{r}}{r}$$

$$\Delta = \frac{a}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{a}{\sqrt{5}} = \sqrt{r_0} \Rightarrow a = \sqrt{r_0} \times \sqrt{5} = \sqrt{5r_0} = 10 \quad b = \frac{a}{r} = 20$$

$$A(a, 0) = (10, 0) \quad B(0, b) = (0, 20) \quad AB = \sqrt{(10-0)^2 + (0-20)^2} = \sqrt{500}$$

$$my - \frac{1}{m}x = r \Rightarrow y = \frac{1}{m}x + r$$

$$\begin{cases} y + mx = r \Rightarrow y = -mx + r \\ y = \frac{1}{m}x + r \end{cases} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{m}x + r = -mx + r \Rightarrow \frac{1}{m}x + mx = 0 \Rightarrow x(\frac{1}{m} + m) = 0 \Rightarrow x = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{m}x + r = -mx + r \Rightarrow \frac{1}{m}x + mx = 0 \Rightarrow x(\frac{1}{m} + m) = 0 \Rightarrow x = 0$$

$$\Delta = \frac{0}{r} \quad 0 = \frac{1}{m}x + r \Rightarrow x_A = -\frac{r}{m}$$

$$C = (0, r) \Rightarrow \text{نقطة التقاطع مع المحور } y \Rightarrow y = r$$

$$0 = (1-m)x + r \Rightarrow x_B = -\frac{r}{1-m}$$

$$\textcircled{1} -\frac{1}{m}x - r = \frac{0}{r} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{m}x - r = 0 \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{m}x = r \Rightarrow x = -mr$$

$$\textcircled{2} -\frac{1}{m}x - r = \frac{0}{r} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{m}x - r = 0 \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{m}x = r \Rightarrow x = -mr$$

$$x = 0 \quad y = r(0) = -r$$

$$3 \times (-1 + \sqrt{5})(-1 - \sqrt{5}) = -3$$

$$\text{نسبة} \quad (2, -2) \quad \text{نقطة التقاطع مع المحور } y$$

$$\begin{cases} x' = r(1) - 0 = r \\ y' = r(-1) - (-r) = -r + r = 0 \end{cases} \quad (r, -1)$$

$$y + 1 = r(x - 1) \Rightarrow y + 1 = rx - r \Rightarrow y = rx - r - 1$$

$$y - x - 0 = 0$$

$$a = 1 \quad \frac{1}{a} = 1$$

$$y - r = -1(x - 1) \Rightarrow y = -x + r$$

$$\Rightarrow rx = -r \Rightarrow x = -1$$

$$y = x + 0 \Rightarrow y = x$$

$$A'(-1, 1)$$

$$rb - a = r(1) - (-r) = 2r$$