

نام و نام خانوادگی: پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ۱.۵ ... کلاس: B

الف) ۱-۲ $m = \frac{y}{x} = -2 \quad y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$

$y - 2 = -2(x - 4) \rightarrow y = -2x + 10$

ب) ۱ $2y + 4x = -1 \quad m = \frac{-y}{x} = -2 \quad y - 2 = -2(x - 4)$
 $y = -2x + 10$

ج) ۱ $x + 3y = 1 \quad m = \frac{-1}{3} = -\frac{1}{3} \quad y - 2 = -\frac{1}{3}(x - 4) \quad y = -\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{10}{3}$

د) $m = \tan \frac{\pi}{4} = 1 \quad y - 2 = 1(x - 4) \rightarrow y = x - 2$

الف) ۲ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+4}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \quad \text{فاصله} = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2} = \sqrt{(-1)^2 + 4^2} = 5$

ب) ۲ $3x + 4y - 4 = 0 \quad \text{فاصله} = \frac{|4 + 12 - 4|}{\sqrt{3^2 + 4^2}} = \frac{12}{5} = 2.4$

$\frac{|ax_1 + by_1 + c|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}$

الف) ۳ $\begin{cases} 2x + 3y = 4 \\ 4x + 4y = 12 \\ 2x + 4y = 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow 2x + 4y = 10$

ب) $\text{فاصله} = \frac{|C - C'|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{4 + 16}} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{20}} = \frac{4}{2\sqrt{5}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$

ج) $3x - 2y = 1 \quad 2x + 3y = 4 \quad \frac{1}{\alpha} \quad \text{مختصات مرکز دایره}$

د) ۴ $\frac{|3\alpha - 2\beta - 1|}{\sqrt{3^2 + 4^2}} = \frac{|4\alpha + 3\beta - 4|}{\sqrt{3^2 + 4^2}} \quad 3\alpha - 2\beta - 1 = 4\alpha + 3\beta - 4$
 $\alpha = 5\beta - 2 \rightarrow x = 5y - 2 \rightarrow y = \frac{x + 2}{5}$

$3\alpha - 2\beta - 1 = -4\alpha - 3\beta + 4$
 $7\alpha = -\beta + 5 \rightarrow 7x = -y + 5 \quad y = -7x + 5$

$y = -3x + 10 \quad y = 2x + 5$

ه) $\tan \alpha = \left| \frac{m - m'}{1 + mm'} \right| = \left| \frac{2 + 3}{-5} \right| = 1 \quad \alpha = 45^\circ$

$$A \begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$B \begin{vmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$AB = \sqrt{(1)^2 + (-1)^2} = 1$$

(الف)

$$AB \begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{vmatrix} : x = \frac{x_A + x_B}{2} = -1$$

$$M \begin{vmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

(ب) 5

$$y = \frac{y_A + y_B}{2} = 1$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$x_M = \frac{x_1 + x_2 + x_3}{3} = \frac{-1}{3} = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

(الف)

1, 5

$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [9 - 24 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 1] = 22 \quad \delta = \frac{1}{2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = 28$$

(ب)

7

$$y = \frac{2x+1}{x-2}$$

$$-y = \frac{2x+1}{x-2} \Rightarrow y = \frac{-2x-1}{x-2}$$

(الف)

$$y = \frac{2(-x)+1}{x-2} \Rightarrow y = \frac{-2x+1}{x-2}$$

(ب)

8

$$x = \frac{2y+1}{2y-2} \quad y = \frac{2x+1}{2x-2}$$

$$-x = \frac{-2y+1}{-2y-2} \Rightarrow y = \frac{-2x+1}{2x+2}$$

(د)

$$x' = x-2$$

$$x = x'+2$$

$$y'-2 = \frac{2(x'+2)+1}{(x'+2)-2} = \frac{2x'+5}{x'+1}$$

(الف)

5

9

$$y' = \frac{2x'+1}{x'-1}$$

$$x = x'+2$$

$$y'+2 = \frac{2(x'+2)+1}{(x'+2)-2} = \frac{2x'+5}{x'+1}$$

(ب)

$$y' = \frac{2}{x'}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x + 3y = 2 \\ x - 2y = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x + 3y = 2 \\ -2x + 10y = -2 \end{cases}$$

(الف)

$$y = -\frac{1}{19} \quad x = \frac{14}{19}$$

5

10

$$x = -\frac{2+10}{-10-2} = \frac{12}{12}$$

$$y = \frac{2-2}{-10-2} = \frac{1}{-12}$$

(ب)