

$y = \frac{x+1}{x-2}$ → $y = \frac{x+1}{x-2} \rightarrow y(x-2) = x+1$
 $yx - 2y = x + 1$
 $x(y-1) = -y+1$
 $x = \frac{-y+1}{y-1}$ (1,2)
 $y = \frac{x+1}{x-2}$ → $y = \frac{x+1}{x-2} \rightarrow y(x-2) = x+1$
 $yx - 2y = x + 1$
 $x(y-1) = -y+1$
 $x = \frac{-y+1}{y-1}$

if $x \rightarrow 2$
 if $x \rightarrow \infty$
 if $x \rightarrow -\frac{1}{y}$
 if $x \rightarrow \frac{1}{y}$

$y = \frac{x+1}{x-2}$ → $y = \frac{x+1}{x-2} \rightarrow y(x-2) = x+1$
 $yx - 2y = x + 1$
 $x(y-1) = -y+1$
 $x = \frac{-y+1}{y-1}$

$f(x) = |x-1| - |x-2|$ [a,b] →
 if $x=1 \rightarrow -1$
 if $x=2 \rightarrow 1$
 $[0,b] = [1,3]$
 $f(x) = |x-1| - |x-2|$
 if $1 < x < 2 \rightarrow x-1 - (-x+2) = x-1+x-2 = 2x-3$
 $f = 2x-3$
 $x = \frac{y+3}{2}$

$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 1 & ; x \geq 1 \\ x-1 & ; x < 0 \end{cases}$
 $f^{-1}(x) = \begin{cases} y = \sqrt{x-1} & x \geq 1 \\ y = \frac{x+1}{2} & x < 1 \end{cases}$
 $y = x^2 + 1 \rightarrow y-1 = x^2 \rightarrow x = \sqrt{y-1} \rightarrow y = \sqrt{x-1}$
 $y = x-1 \rightarrow y+1 = x \rightarrow x = \frac{y+1}{1} \rightarrow y = \frac{x+1}{2}$

$f(x) = x^2 - \frac{(x+1)^2}{x+2}$ → $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{ax+b}{cx+d}$
 $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{-1-x}{x+2} \rightarrow \frac{ax+b}{cx+d}$
 $a = -1, b = -1, c = 1, d = 2$
 $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{-1-x}{x+2}$
 $f^{-1}(b) = ?$
 $y = \frac{-x-1}{x+2} \rightarrow y(x+2) = -x-1$
 $yx + 2y = -x-1$
 $x(y+1) = -1-2y$
 $x = \frac{-1-2y}{y+1}$
 $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{-1-x}{x+2}$

$f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2+1}$ → $y = \frac{x}{x^2+1} \rightarrow y(x^2+1) = x$
 $yx^2 + y = x$
 $yx^2 - x + y = 0$
 $x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1-4y^2}}{2y}$
 $Rf \frac{x}{x^2+1} \rightarrow [-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}]$
 $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1-4x^2}}{2x}, x \in [-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}]$