

$$f = \{(3,2), (1,4), (3, n^2-n), (m, 2x-1)\}$$

$$n^2-n=2 \rightarrow n^2-n-2=0 \rightarrow (n-2)(n+1)=0 \rightarrow \begin{matrix} n=2 \\ n=-1 \end{matrix}$$

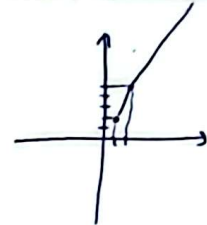
$$(-1, 4), (-1, 2)$$

$$F = \{(-1, 4), (1, 2), (2, 3), (a, m-1), (a+1, 8), (m, 3)\}$$

$$m=2 \rightarrow a+2=1 \rightarrow a=-1$$

$$n=2$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x-1 & x \geq 1 \\ x+a & x < 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow (-\infty, 2) \rightarrow x+a < 2 \rightarrow a > 1$$



$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x-1 & x \geq 1 \\ ax+a-1 & x < 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow (-\infty, 2) \rightarrow ax+a-1 < 2 \rightarrow a-1 < 2 \rightarrow a < 3$$



$$y = x^2 + 2$$

$$\begin{cases} y_1 = x_1^2 + 2 \\ y_2 = x_2^2 + 2 \end{cases} \rightarrow x_1^2 = x_2^2 \rightarrow x_1 = \pm x_2$$

$$x = y^2 + 2 \rightarrow y^2 = x - 2 \rightarrow y = \sqrt{x-2}$$

$$\begin{cases} y = x^2 - 2x + 2 + 2 - 2 \\ y_1 = (x_1 - 2)^2 - 2 \\ y_2 = (x_2 - 2)^2 - 2 \end{cases} \rightarrow (x_1 - 2)^2 = (x_2 - 2)^2 \rightarrow x_1 = \pm x_2$$

$$y = \frac{2x+1}{x-2}$$

$$x = -\frac{-2y-1}{y-2} \rightarrow y = \frac{2x+1}{x-2}$$

$$y = \frac{2x+1}{x-2}$$

$$y = \frac{2(x+1)}{(x-2)} = 2$$

$$u) y = \sqrt{x-r}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} y_1 &= \sqrt{x_1-r} \\ y_r &= \sqrt{x_r-r} \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow \sqrt{x_1-r} = \sqrt{x_r-r} \rightarrow x_1-r = x_r-r \rightarrow x_1 = x_r$$

$$x = \sqrt{y-r} \Rightarrow x^2 = y-r \rightarrow y = x^2 + r \quad x \geq 0$$

$$y = x^2 - 4x + 3$$

$$\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{4}{2} = 2 \quad (-4)$$

$$-1$$

$$[2, +\infty) \cup (-6, 1)$$



$$\begin{aligned} y &= (x-2)^2 - 1 \rightarrow x = \sqrt{y+1} + 2 \\ x &= (y-2)^2 - 1 \rightarrow x-1 = (y-2)^2 \\ &\rightarrow \sqrt{x-1} = y-2 \rightarrow y = \sqrt{x-1} + 2 = f^{-1}(x) \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = x + \sqrt{x} \rightarrow R = (0, +\infty), f^{-1}(x) = ax + b - \sqrt{x-c} \rightarrow P = (0, +\infty)$$

$$\begin{aligned} f^{-1}(x) &\Rightarrow x = y + \sqrt{y} \xrightarrow{\text{let } y = t^2} x = t^2 + t \rightarrow x + \frac{1}{4} = \left(t + \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 \rightarrow \sqrt{x + \frac{1}{4}} = t + \frac{1}{2} \\ &\rightarrow \sqrt{y} = -\frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{x + \frac{1}{4}} \rightarrow y = \frac{1}{4} + x + \frac{1}{4} - \sqrt{x + \frac{1}{4}} \rightarrow y = x - \sqrt{x + \frac{1}{4}} + \frac{1}{2} = ax + b - \sqrt{x-c} \end{aligned}$$

$$a + 2b + 4c = 1 + 1 - 1 = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 1 \\ b &= \frac{1}{2} \\ c &= -\frac{1}{4} \end{aligned}$$

$$y = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2-2}} \rightarrow y_1 = y_r \rightarrow \frac{x_1}{\sqrt{x_1^2-2}} = \frac{x_r}{\sqrt{x_r^2-2}} \rightarrow \frac{x_1^2}{x_1^2-2} = \frac{x_r^2}{x_r^2-2} \rightarrow \frac{x_1^2+r-2}{x_1^2-2} = \frac{x_r^2+r-2}{x_r^2-2}$$

$$\rightarrow 1 + \frac{r}{x_1^2-2} = 1 + \frac{r}{x_r^2-2} \rightarrow \frac{r}{x_1^2-2} = \frac{r}{x_r^2-2} \rightarrow x_1^2-2 = x_r^2-2 \rightarrow x_1^2 = x_r^2 \rightarrow x_1 = \pm x_r$$

نکته: اگر $x_1 = x_r$ یا $x_1 = -x_r$ باشد، پس $y_1 = y_r$ می شود. اما اگر $x_1 = -x_r$ باشد، پس $y_1 \neq y_r$ می شود. پس $x_1 = x_r$ است.

$$\text{حکس} \rightarrow x = \frac{y}{\sqrt{y^2-2}} \rightarrow x^2 = \frac{y^2}{y^2-2} \rightarrow x^2 y^2 - 2x^2 = y^2 \rightarrow y^2(x^2-1) = 2x^2 \rightarrow y = \frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{x^2-1}}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{1+|x|}, g(x) = \sqrt{x} - 1 \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} x \geq 0 & \frac{x}{1-x} \\ x < 0 & \frac{x}{1+x} \end{cases} \rightarrow f\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right) = -\frac{2}{5}$$

$$f\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right) + g^{-1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right) = -\frac{2}{5} + \frac{9}{5} = \frac{7}{5} \quad \left. \begin{aligned} &\rightarrow g^{-1}(x) = y = x+1 \rightarrow g^{-1}(x) = (x+1)^2 \rightarrow g^{-1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right) = \frac{9}{5} \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt{x-1} \rightarrow x = \sqrt{y-1} \rightarrow y-1 = x^2 \rightarrow y = x^2 + 1$$

$$g(x) = f(x) + \sqrt{f(x)} \xrightarrow{x \geq -1} g(x) = \frac{x^2+1}{b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{b} = 12x \rightarrow b^2 b - 12 = 0 \rightarrow b = -4 \times \quad b = 3 \checkmark$$

$$g^{-1}(12) = b \rightarrow g(b) = 12 \rightarrow g^{-1}(12) = 2 \quad \sqrt{x^2+1} = 3 \rightarrow x^2 = 8 \rightarrow x = 2\sqrt{2}$$