

14,5

نام و نام خانوادگی: جبر پایه یازدهم
پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره 15... کلاس: یازدهم ریاضی 3

الف) $f = \{(3, 2), (n, 5), (3, n^2 - n), (m, 2), (-1, 4)\}$
 $n^2 - n = 2 \quad n^2 - n - 2 = 0 \quad (n-2)(n+1) = 0 \rightarrow \boxed{n=2} \quad \text{یا} \quad n=-1 \quad \boxed{m=3}$

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ب) $f = \{(-1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 3), (a, m-1), (a+2, n), (m, 3)\}$
 $m=2 \rightarrow a=-1 \quad \boxed{n=2} \quad \& \quad \{(-1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 3)\}$

$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x-1 & x \geq 1 \\ x+a & x < 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow$

بالاترین نقطه 2

$x+a \leq 2 \rightarrow 1+a \leq 2 \quad \boxed{a \leq 1} \quad (-\infty, 1]$

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$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x-1 & x \geq 1 \\ ax+a-1 & x < 1 \end{cases}$
 $\hookrightarrow \textcircled{1} a > 0 \quad a-1 < 2 \quad \textcircled{2} a < 3 \rightarrow \boxed{0 < a < 3}$
 $\hookrightarrow a < 0 \quad a-1 > 2 \quad a > 3 \quad \text{X}$

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الف) $y = x^3 + 2 \quad \begin{cases} y = x_1^3 + 2 \\ y = x_2^3 + 2 \end{cases} \rightarrow x_1^3 + 2 = x_2^3 + 2 \quad x_1^3 = x_2^3 \quad x_1 = x_2 \quad \checkmark$
 $\rightarrow x = y^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2 \quad y^{\frac{1}{3}} = x - 2 \quad y = \sqrt[3]{x-2}$

ب) $x^2 - 2x + 2$ سهمی - یک به یک نسبت $\frac{-b}{2a} = 1 \quad y = -1$

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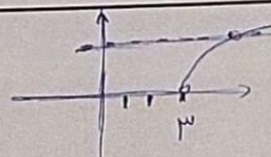
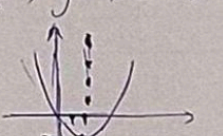
4

الف) $y = \frac{3x+1}{x-2}$ همگرا نیست یک به یک است $x = \frac{3y+1}{y-2} \quad y(x-2) = 1+2x \quad y = \frac{2x+1}{x-2}$

ب) $y = \frac{4+2x}{x+2} \quad \frac{2(2+x)}{x+2} = 2 \quad x \neq -2$ تابع ثابت یک به یک نیست X

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الف) $y = \sqrt{x-3}$  ب) $y = x^2 - 4x + 3$ $x \in (2, +\infty)$ 	$f^{-1}(x) \Rightarrow x = \sqrt{y-3}$ $x^2 = y-3$ $y = x^2 + 3$ $\alpha = y^2 - 4y + 3$ $x = (y-2)^2 - 1$ $y = 2 \pm \sqrt{x+1}$ $\alpha = y \Rightarrow f^{-1}(x) = 2 + \sqrt{x+1}$	6
$f(x) = x + \sqrt{x}$ $y = x + \sqrt{x}$ $y = t^2 + t$ $t^2 + t - y = 0$ $t = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+4y}}{2}$ $t = \sqrt{x} \rightarrow y = \left(\frac{-1 + \sqrt{1+4y}}{2}\right)^2 \rightarrow \frac{1+4y-2\sqrt{1+4y}+1}{4} = \frac{4y+2-2\sqrt{1+4y}}{4}$ $x + \frac{1}{y} - \left(\frac{1}{y}\sqrt{1+4y}\right) = \frac{ax+b-\sqrt{cx-d}}{e}$ $a=1$ $b=\frac{1}{y}$ $c=-\frac{1}{y}$ $a+2b+fc = 1 + 2 \times \frac{1}{y} + (-\frac{1}{y}) = \boxed{1}$	$f(x) = x + \sqrt{x}$ $y = x + \sqrt{x}$ $y = t^2 + t$ $t^2 + t - y = 0$ $t = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+4y}}{2}$ $t = \sqrt{x} \rightarrow y = \left(\frac{-1 + \sqrt{1+4y}}{2}\right)^2 \rightarrow \frac{1+4y-2\sqrt{1+4y}+1}{4} = \frac{4y+2-2\sqrt{1+4y}}{4}$ $x + \frac{1}{y} - \left(\frac{1}{y}\sqrt{1+4y}\right) = \frac{ax+b-\sqrt{cx-d}}{e}$ $a=1$ $b=\frac{1}{y}$ $c=-\frac{1}{y}$ $a+2b+fc = 1 + 2 \times \frac{1}{y} + (-\frac{1}{y}) = \boxed{1}$	7
$y = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2-2}}$ $\begin{cases} \frac{x_1}{\sqrt{x_1^2-2}} = y \\ \frac{x_2}{\sqrt{x_2^2-2}} = y \end{cases}$ $\frac{x_1^2}{x_1^2-2} = \frac{x_2^2}{x_2^2-2}$ $x_1^2 x_2^2 - 2x_1^2 = x_1^2 x_2^2 - 2x_2^2$ $x_1^2 = x_2^2$ $x_1 = x_2$ $\checkmark$ $f^{-1}(x) \Rightarrow x = \frac{y}{\sqrt{y^2-2}}$ $x\sqrt{y^2-2} = y$ $x^2(y^2-2) = y^2$ $y = \frac{\pm x}{x^2-2}$ $\checkmark$ $y = \frac{\sqrt{2x}}{\sqrt{x^2-1}}$	$y = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2-2}}$ $\begin{cases} \frac{x_1}{\sqrt{x_1^2-2}} = y \\ \frac{x_2}{\sqrt{x_2^2-2}} = y \end{cases}$ $\frac{x_1^2}{x_1^2-2} = \frac{x_2^2}{x_2^2-2}$ $x_1^2 x_2^2 - 2x_1^2 = x_1^2 x_2^2 - 2x_2^2$ $x_1^2 = x_2^2$ $x_1 = x_2$ $\checkmark$ $f^{-1}(x) \Rightarrow x = \frac{y}{\sqrt{y^2-2}}$ $x\sqrt{y^2-2} = y$ $x^2(y^2-2) = y^2$ $y = \frac{\pm x}{x^2-2}$ $\checkmark$ $y = \frac{\sqrt{2x}}{\sqrt{x^2-1}}$	1, 0
$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{1+ x }$ $\begin{cases} y = \frac{x}{1+x} \\ y = \frac{x}{1-x} \end{cases}$ $y+yx=x$ $y = \frac{x}{1-x}$ $\times$ $y-yx=x$ $y = \frac{x}{1+x} \left(-\frac{r}{\omega}\right) \checkmark$ $g(x) = \sqrt{x}-1$ $\sqrt{x} = y+1$ $y = (x+1)^2$ $f\left(-\frac{r}{\omega}\right) + g\left(-\frac{r}{\omega}\right) \Rightarrow \frac{-\frac{r}{\omega}}{1-\frac{r}{\omega}} + \left(-\frac{r}{\omega}+1\right)^2 = \frac{r}{\omega} + \frac{a}{r\omega} = \boxed{-\frac{r^2}{\sqrt{\omega}}}$	$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{1+ x }$ $\begin{cases} y = \frac{x}{1+x} \\ y = \frac{x}{1-x} \end{cases}$ $y+yx=x$ $y = \frac{x}{1-x}$ $\times$ $y-yx=x$ $y = \frac{x}{1+x} \left(-\frac{r}{\omega}\right) \checkmark$ $g(x) = \sqrt{x}-1$ $\sqrt{x} = y+1$ $y = (x+1)^2$ $f\left(-\frac{r}{\omega}\right) + g\left(-\frac{r}{\omega}\right) \Rightarrow \frac{-\frac{r}{\omega}}{1-\frac{r}{\omega}} + \left(-\frac{r}{\omega}+1\right)^2 = \frac{r}{\omega} + \frac{a}{r\omega} = \boxed{-\frac{r^2}{\sqrt{\omega}}}$	9
$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x-1}$ $y = x^3 + 1$ $g(x) = f(x) + \sqrt{f(x)} \Rightarrow x^3 + 1 + \sqrt{x^3 + 1}$ $y = t^3 + 1$ $t^3 + t - y = 0$ $t = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+4y}}{2}$ $t = x^3 + 1$ $x = \sqrt[3]{\frac{t}{t+1}}$ $x = \sqrt[3]{\left(\frac{-1 + \sqrt{1+4y}}{2}\right)^3} - 1 \xrightarrow{g^{-1}(12)} \sqrt[3]{\left(\frac{-1 + \sqrt{1+4y}}{2}\right)^3} - 1 = \sqrt[3]{(12)^3} - 1 = \sqrt[3]{1728} - 1 = \sqrt[3]{1727} = \boxed{12}$	$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x-1}$ $y = x^3 + 1$ $g(x) = f(x) + \sqrt{f(x)} \Rightarrow x^3 + 1 + \sqrt{x^3 + 1}$ $y = t^3 + 1$ $t^3 + t - y = 0$ $t = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+4y}}{2}$ $t = x^3 + 1$ $x = \sqrt[3]{\frac{t}{t+1}}$ $x = \sqrt[3]{\left(\frac{-1 + \sqrt{1+4y}}{2}\right)^3} - 1 \xrightarrow{g^{-1}(12)} \sqrt[3]{\left(\frac{-1 + \sqrt{1+4y}}{2}\right)^3} - 1 = \sqrt[3]{(12)^3} - 1 = \sqrt[3]{1728} - 1 = \sqrt[3]{1727} = \boxed{12}$	10