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$$f(n) = \begin{cases} \cot \frac{\pi n}{2} & ; n < 1 \\ \sqrt{n+1} & ; n > 1 \end{cases}$$

(1) (2)

$$f \circ f \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \rightarrow f \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = \cot \frac{\pi}{2} = \cot \frac{\pi}{2} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$f(\sqrt{2}) = \sqrt{(\sqrt{2})^2 + 1} = (2)$$

$$g(n) = 2 \cos^2 n, \quad f \left(\frac{1}{n} \right) = \sqrt{\frac{n-1}{n^2}} \quad (1) (2)$$

$$f \circ g \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \Rightarrow g \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) = 2 \cos^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = \sqrt{\frac{2-1}{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$g(n) = \frac{2}{1-n}, \quad f(n) = [n] \quad (1)$$

$$f \circ g(\sqrt{2}) \rightarrow$$

$$g(\sqrt{2}) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{1-\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{1+\sqrt{2}}{1+\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}+2}{-1} = -\sqrt{2}-2$$

$$f(\sqrt{2}+2) = [-\sqrt{2}-2] = -2$$

$$? g \circ f \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \xrightarrow{L.H.S} g(n) = \frac{2}{1-n^2}, \quad f(n) = \sin n \quad (1)$$

$$f \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) = \sin \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \quad g \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) = \frac{2}{1-\frac{2}{4}} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{2}} \quad (1)$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{الف) } f \circ g(x) = \{(5, \omega), (2, \omega), (4, 12), (1, 12)\} \quad (4) \quad (5)$$

$$\text{ب) } g \circ f(x) = \emptyset$$

$$\text{ج) } f \circ f(x) = \emptyset$$

$$\text{د) } g \circ g(x) = \{(5, 1), (2, 4), (4, 1)\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (5, 2) &\in f \circ g & g &= \{(1, 2), (3, 1), (4, 3), (5, 1)\} \quad (4) \\ (5, 1) &\in g \circ f & f &= \{(2, 1), (5, 2), (2, 5), (1, 4)\} \end{aligned}$$

$$f \circ g = \{(1, 4), (3, 4), (\overset{a=5}{a}, 2), (b, 1)\} \quad (5)$$

$$g \circ f = \{(5, 2), (5, 1)\} \quad b = \overset{a}{a}$$

$$(a, b) = (5, 1)$$

$$f(f(n)) = n + 3$$

$$g \circ f(-1) = ? \quad (4) \quad (5)$$

$$g(n + 3) = n - 2$$

$$a(an + b) + b = a^2n + ab + b = n + 3 \rightarrow a^2 = 1 \rightarrow a = \pm 1$$

$$ab + b = 3$$

$$\begin{aligned} cn + d \xrightarrow{n=n+3} c(n+3) + d &= n - 2 = n + 3 + d \rightarrow \frac{9}{1} + d = -2 \\ c = 1 \rightarrow c &= \frac{1}{1} & d &= \frac{-2-9}{1} = \frac{-11}{1} \end{aligned}$$



$$ab + b = 1, \quad a = \pm 1$$

$$a = 1 \rightarrow 1b + b = 1 \Rightarrow b = 1$$

$$a = -1 \rightarrow -1b + b = -b = 1 \Rightarrow b = -1$$

$$f(n) = 1n + 1 \quad \text{و} \quad -1n - 1$$

$$g(n) = \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n}$$

$$f(-1) = -1 + 1 = (-1) \quad \text{و} \quad 1 - 1 = 0$$

$$g(-1) = \frac{-1}{1} - \frac{1}{1} = \frac{-2}{1} = (-2) \Rightarrow g \circ f(-1) = -2$$

$$f(n) = \sqrt{n+|n|}, \quad g(n) = \frac{1}{n^2 - n} \quad (\checkmark)$$

(*)

D g o f = ?

$$n \in D_f \rightarrow n+|n| > 0 \rightarrow n > 0 \text{ و } n < 0 \text{ و } n=0$$

$$n < 0 \text{ و } n=0 \text{ و } n > 0$$

$$n=0 \text{ و } n < 0$$

$$f \in D_g \rightarrow n^2 - n \neq 0$$

$$n(n-1) \neq 0$$

$$n \neq 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{n+|n|} \neq 0 \rightarrow n > 0$$

$$n \neq 1 \rightarrow \sqrt{n+|n|} \neq 1 \rightarrow n+|n| \neq 1 \rightarrow n \neq 1$$

$$D_{g \circ f} = (0, +\infty) - \{1\}$$

$$: g(x) = \sqrt{x}, \quad f(x) = \sqrt{1-x^2} \quad (1)$$

$$D(f+g) \circ f \quad (2)$$

$$f+g(x) = \sqrt{1-x^2} + \sqrt{x}$$

$$f+g(\sqrt{1-x^2}) = \sqrt{1-(\sqrt{1-x^2})^2} + \sqrt{1-x^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{1-1+x^2} + \sqrt{1-x^2} = \sqrt{x^2} + \sqrt{1-x^2}$$

$$x^2 \geq 0 \quad 1-x^2 \geq 0 \rightarrow 1 \geq x^2 \rightarrow 1 \geq x \geq -1$$

$$D(f+g) \circ f = [-1, 1]$$

$$\text{الف) } f\left(\frac{x+1}{x-1}\right) = f(x) + d \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{x+1}{x-1} = t \rightarrow x = \frac{t+1}{t-1} \Rightarrow f(t) = f\left(\frac{t+1}{t-1}\right) + d$$

$$= \frac{1+t+2+2t-1}{t-1} = \frac{1t+11}{t-1} \quad f(x) = \frac{11x-11}{x-1}$$

$$\text{ب) } f\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) = x^r + \frac{1}{x^r}$$

$$\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^r = x^r + r x^{r-1} \times \frac{1}{x} + \frac{r(r-1)}{2} x^{r-2} \times \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^r} =$$

$$x^r + r x^{r-1} \times \frac{1}{x} + \frac{r(r-1)}{2} x^{r-2} \times \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^r} =$$

$$f\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) = \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^r - \frac{r}{2} - r x = \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^r - r\left(\frac{1}{x} + x\right)$$

$$f(t) = t^r - r t \rightarrow f(x) = x^r - r x$$

$$f(n) = n\sqrt{n} \rightarrow f(0) = 0,$$

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(۱۰)

$$g(1) = 0, \quad g(2\sqrt{2}) = 0$$

$$f(n) = 1 \rightarrow n = 1$$

$$f(n) = 2\sqrt{2} \rightarrow n = 2 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right\} 2-1=1 \text{ (1)}$$