

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \cot \frac{\pi x}{4} & x < 1 \\ \sqrt{x^2 + 1} & x > 1 \end{cases} \quad f\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = \cot \frac{\pi \cdot \frac{1}{4}}{4} = \frac{\pi}{4} \rightarrow \cot \frac{\pi}{4} = 1$$

$$\rightarrow f\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2 + 1} = 1$$

$$f \circ f\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = f\left(f\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)\right) = \underline{\underline{1}}$$

$$f(x) = [x] \rightarrow [-0.5, 0.5] = -0.5$$

$$g(x) = \frac{x}{1-x} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1-\sqrt{x}} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{x}+1}{1-x} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{x}+1}{1-x}$$

$$f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - 1} = \sqrt{\frac{-1}{2}}$$

$$g(x) = x \cos^2 x \rightarrow x \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f \circ g(\sqrt{x}) = -1$$

$$f \circ g\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \underline{\underline{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}}$$

$$f(x) = \sin x \rightarrow \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$g(x) = x\sqrt{1-x^2} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{x}{2}}} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{x}{2}}} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$g \circ f\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \varepsilon &\rightarrow \delta \rightarrow \Lambda \\ \gamma &\rightarrow \delta \rightarrow \delta \\ \varepsilon &\rightarrow \Lambda \rightarrow \Lambda \\ \Lambda &\rightarrow \Lambda \rightarrow X \end{aligned}$$

$$g \circ g(x)$$

$$f \circ f(x)$$

$$g \circ f(x)$$

$$f(g(x)), f \circ g(x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \varepsilon &\rightarrow \delta \rightarrow X / \Lambda \rightarrow \Lambda \rightarrow X \\ \delta &\rightarrow \Lambda \rightarrow X / \Lambda \rightarrow \Lambda \rightarrow X \end{aligned}$$

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$$g \circ g(x) = \{(\varepsilon, \Lambda) (\delta, \delta) (\gamma, \Lambda) \}$$

$$f \circ f = \emptyset$$

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$$f \circ g(x) = \{ (\varepsilon, \delta) (\delta, \delta) (\gamma, \Lambda) (\Lambda, \Lambda) \}$$

$$F = \{ (a, 1) (b, 2) (c, 3) (d, 4) \}$$

$$g(x) = \{ (1, 2) (2, 1) (a, 3) (b, 4) \}$$

$$(c, 2) \in f \circ g$$

$$(a, 1) \in g \circ f$$

$$f \circ g \rightarrow \begin{cases} 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1 \\ 2 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2 \\ a \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2 \\ b \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow a = f$$

$$(f, 3)$$

$$g \circ f \rightarrow \begin{cases} 1 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 1 \\ 2 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 2 \\ f \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 1 \\ 1 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow b = 3$$

$$f(F(x)) = \varepsilon x + \mu \rightarrow a(ax+b) + b = \varepsilon x + \mu \rightarrow a^2 x + ab + b = \varepsilon x + \mu$$

$$g(\varepsilon x + \mu) = \mu x + \nu \rightarrow a(\varepsilon x + \mu) + b = \mu x + \nu \rightarrow \varepsilon a x + \mu a + b = \mu x + \nu \rightarrow a = \frac{\mu}{\varepsilon}, b = -\frac{1}{\varepsilon}$$

$$a = \pm \varepsilon, b = -1, \varepsilon$$

$$g \circ f(-1) = -1 \Rightarrow F = \varepsilon x + 1, g = \frac{\mu}{\varepsilon} x - \frac{1}{\varepsilon}$$

$$F(-1) = -\varepsilon + 1 = -1, g(-1) = -\frac{\mu}{\varepsilon} + \frac{1}{\varepsilon} = -\frac{1}{\varepsilon} = -1$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+|x|}, g(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 - \varepsilon x}$$

$$D_{g \circ f} = \left\{ x \in D_f, f(x) \in D_g \right\} \rightarrow \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R} \mid \sqrt{x+|x|} \in \mathbb{R} - \{0, \varepsilon\} \right\} \rightarrow D_{g \circ f} = (0, \infty) - \{\varepsilon\}$$

$$D_f = x + |x| \geq 0 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_+$$

$$D_g = x^2 - \varepsilon x \neq 0 \rightarrow x(x - \varepsilon) \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq 0, x \neq \varepsilon$$

$$x + |x| \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq (-\infty, 0]$$

$$x + |x| \neq \varepsilon \rightarrow x \neq \varepsilon$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{1-x^2}, g(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

$$D_{(f \circ g) \circ f} = \left\{ x \in D_f, f(x) \in D_{f \circ g} \right\} \rightarrow \left\{ x \in [-1, 1], x \in [-1, 1] \right\} \rightarrow D = [-1, 1]$$

$$D_{f \circ g} = D_f \cap D_g \Rightarrow [-1, 1] \cap [0, \infty) = [0, 1]$$

$$D_g = x \geq 0, D_f = [-1, 1]$$

$$0 \leq 1 - x^2 \leq 1 \rightarrow |x| \geq 0 \rightarrow x \in [-1, 1]$$

$$الف) f\left(\frac{\mu x + 1}{x - \nu}\right) = \varepsilon x + \omega$$

$$\frac{\mu x + 1}{x - \nu} = t \rightarrow x = \frac{-\nu t + 1}{t - \mu} = \frac{\nu t + 1}{t - \mu}$$

$$\rightarrow f(t) = f\left(\frac{\nu t + 1}{t - \mu}\right) = \varepsilon x + \omega = \frac{\varepsilon(\nu t + 1)}{t - \mu} + \omega$$

$$\rightarrow F(x) = \frac{\varepsilon x + \omega}{x - \mu} + \omega$$

$$ب) f\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) = x^{\mu} + \frac{1}{x^{\nu}}$$

$$x + \frac{1}{x} = t \rightarrow \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{\mu} = t^{\mu} \rightarrow \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{\mu - \nu} = t^{\mu - \nu}$$

$$f(t) = t^{\mu - \nu} t$$

$$F(x) = x^{\mu - \nu} x$$

$$f(x) = x\sqrt{x}$$

$$g \circ f(x) \rightarrow g(f(x)) = 0 \rightarrow F(x) = 1 - x\sqrt{x} = 1 \rightarrow x = 1$$

$$g(1) = 0, g(\sqrt{2}) = 0 \rightarrow f(x) = \sqrt{2} - x\sqrt{x} = \sqrt{2} \rightarrow x = 2$$

$$\text{اختلاف طول مقاطين} = x_2 - x_1 = 2 - 1 = 1$$

نجدد $g \circ f$ حور، x متغير