

$$g(x) = \{(-1, 1), (0, 4), (2, 5), (1, 2)\}$$

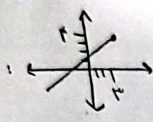
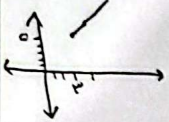
$$f(x) = \sqrt{1-x^2} \Rightarrow f(x) = \{(-1, 0), (0, 1), (1, 0)\}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2g - 3f = ? : \begin{cases} 2g = \{(-1, 2), (0, 8), (2, 10), (1, 4)\} \\ 3f = \{(-1, 0), (0, 3), (1, 0)\} \end{cases} \Rightarrow 2g - 3f = \{(-1, 2), (0, 5), (1, 4)\}$$

$$\Rightarrow R_f = \{2, 4, 5\} \Rightarrow 2+4+5=11$$

$$f(x) = 2x - 1$$

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{x}x + 3$$



$$D_f = [2, +\infty) \quad , \quad D_g = (-\infty, 3]$$

$$\Rightarrow R_f = [0, +\infty) \quad , \quad R_g = (-\infty, 4] \quad \Rightarrow R_f \cup R_g = (-\infty, 4] \cup [0, +\infty) \subseteq \mathbb{R} - \{3, 5\}$$

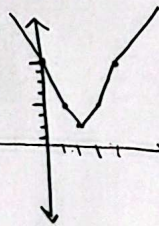
$$y = \frac{-x^2}{x} + x + 3 : \frac{-x^2}{x} + x + 3 > \frac{x}{x} \xrightarrow{\times x} -x^2 + x + 3 > 1 : x^2 - x - 2 < 0$$

$$x = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+8}}{2} : \frac{-1+3}{2} \rightarrow (-1, 2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{b-a} : \sqrt{3-(-1)} = \sqrt{4} = \frac{2}{x}$$

$$y = |x-1| + |x-2| + |x-3| \quad \text{کمترین مقدار}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c|c} 1 & 2 & 3 & \\ \hline x+1-x+3 & x-1+x-2 & x-1+x-3 & x-1+x-3 \\ -x+4 & -x+1 & -x-2 & -x-3 \\ \hline -2x+4 & -x+1 & -x-2 & -x-3 \\ \hline -2x+4 & -x+1 & -x-2 & -x-3 \\ \hline -2x+4 & -x+1 & -x-2 & -x-3 \end{array}$$

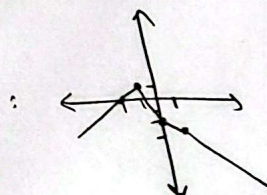


$$\Rightarrow R_f = [2, +\infty)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2}{x} : \text{جواب}$$

$$y = |x| - 2|x+1| \rightarrow R_f = ?$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} -1 & 0 & \\ \hline -x+2x+2 & -x-2x-2 & x-2x-2 \\ \hline x+2 & -3x-2 & -x-2 \\ \hline x+2 & -3x-2 & -x-2 \\ \hline x+2 & -3x-2 & -x-2 \end{array}$$



$$\Rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, 1]$$

$$y = \frac{x^2 + ax + m}{x+1} \rightarrow R_f = \mathbb{R} \Rightarrow yx + y = x^2 + ax + m \rightarrow x^2 + (a-y)x + (m-y) = 0$$

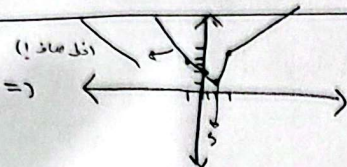
$$\Delta = \frac{-(a-y) \pm \sqrt{(a-y)^2 - 4(m-y)}}{2} = \frac{-(a-y) \pm \sqrt{y^2 - 4y + (-4m+4a)}}{2} \Rightarrow \Delta \geq 0 : y^2 - 4y + (-4m+4a) \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} a > 0 \\ \Delta \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow 4y - 4(-4m+4a) \leq 0 \rightarrow 4y - 16m + 16a \leq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 16m - 4a \leq 0 \rightarrow m - a \leq 0 \rightarrow m \leq a \Rightarrow (-\infty, a] \rightarrow \text{phần } x : \{1, 2, 3, 4\} \Rightarrow 1, 2, 3, 4$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x+r}{x^2-rx+r} & : x \geq r \\ \frac{x^2-rx+r}{1-x+r} & : 0 \leq x < r \\ \frac{1}{1-x+r} & : x < 0 \end{cases}$$



$$\Rightarrow R_f = [1, +\infty)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x+r}{x^2-rx+r} : x=r \rightarrow \frac{a+r}{a-r+a} = \frac{a}{r} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x+r} \rightarrow x=0 \Rightarrow r$$

$$\rightarrow x=0 \rightarrow \textcircled{1}, \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{r}{r} = 1$$

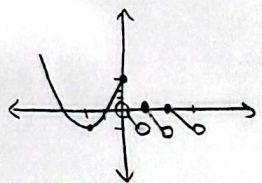
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x+r} \rightarrow x=0 \Rightarrow r \\ x=1 \rightarrow \textcircled{2} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2+bx+r}{[rx]-rx} & : x \leq 0 \\ [rx]-rx & : x > 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow R_f = ?$$

$$R = (-1, 0]$$

$$\frac{-b}{2a} = -r$$

$$\rightarrow x=0 : r$$



$$\Rightarrow R_f = [-1, +\infty)$$

$$y = a+1 - \sqrt{rx+r} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} D_f = [b, +\infty) \\ R_f = (-\infty, a] \end{cases} \Rightarrow ab = ?$$

$$\Rightarrow a+1 - \sqrt{rx+r} = a \Rightarrow a - \sqrt{rx+r} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{a}{r} = 1, rx+r > 0$$

$$\rightarrow rx+r = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow D_f = [-\frac{r}{r}, +\infty) \rightarrow \frac{b}{r} = -\frac{r}{r} \Rightarrow ab = \frac{r}{r} = \frac{-r}{r}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{1-x}}{x^2-1} \quad \wedge \quad \frac{f(x)+g(x)}{\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x+1}} = \frac{x\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x+1}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x+1}} = \frac{x\sqrt{(1-x)(1+x)} + \sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{(1-x)(1+x)}} = \frac{\sqrt{(1-x)(1+x)}}{\sqrt{(1-x)(1+x)}} = \frac{\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{1+x}} = 1$$

$$f(x)+g(x) = \frac{x\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{1-x}}{x^2-1} \Rightarrow g(x) = \frac{x\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{1-x}}{x^2-1} = \frac{\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{1-x}}{x^2-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow D_f = D_g = [-1, 1] \Rightarrow y = \frac{f(x)}{x} - \frac{g(x)}{x} = 1 \rightarrow \frac{f(x) - g(x)}{x} = \frac{(x\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{1-x}) - (x\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{1-x})}{x} = \frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{x}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{1-x}}{x} \rightarrow x \leq 1 : R_f = [0, +\infty)$$

$$D_f = (-\infty, 1] \rightarrow \frac{1}{x}$$