

الف) $f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x} - \frac{x}{x-1}} \rightarrow \frac{x-1}{x} - \frac{x}{x-1} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{x^2 - 2x + 1 - x^2}{x^2 - x} = \frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x} = \frac{1}{x} - 2 > 0$ ب) $f(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{2}{x}}{\frac{x}{x-1} + \frac{1}{x+2}} \rightarrow x \neq 0, x \neq -1$ $\frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{2}{x} \rightarrow \frac{x - 2(x+1)}{x(x+1)} = \frac{-x-2}{x(x+1)} \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq -2$ $\frac{x}{x-1} + \frac{1}{x+2} \rightarrow \frac{x(x+2) + (x-1)}{(x-1)(x+2)} = \frac{x^2 + 3x - 1}{(x-1)(x+2)} \neq 0$ $D_f = (\mathbb{R} - \{-2, -1, 0\}) \cup [\frac{1}{2}, 1)$	۱
الف) $f(x) = \sqrt{((\frac{1}{x})^x - a)(2x - \frac{1}{x})} = ((\frac{1}{x})^x - a)(2x - \frac{1}{x}) > 0$ ب) $\sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{y+1} = 2 \rightarrow \sqrt{y+1} = 2 - \sqrt{x-1} \rightarrow y+1 = 4 - 4\sqrt{x-1} + x - 1 \rightarrow y = x - 4\sqrt{x-1} + 2$ $x-1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq 1$ $y+1 \geq 0 \rightarrow y \geq -1$ $D_f = [1, 1.2]$	۲
$f(x) = \frac{\log_{\frac{1}{e}}(x^2 - x - 2)}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1} + 1} = \log_{\frac{1}{e}}(x^2 - x - 2) = x^2 - x - 2 > 0 \rightarrow (x+1)(x-2) > 0$ $\rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -1) \cup (2, +\infty)$ (I) $\rightarrow x^2 - 1 > 0 \rightarrow x < -1 \text{ or } x > 1$ $\rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -1) \cup (1, +\infty)$ (II) (I) ∩ (II) $D_f = (-\infty, -1) \cup (2, +\infty)$	۳
$\sqrt{x+a} - x^2 \rightarrow [-2, b)$ $\xrightarrow{\text{محدودیت } x \in \mathbb{R}} x - 2a - \epsilon = 0 \rightarrow -1 - 2a = 0 \rightarrow 2a = -1 \Rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{2}$ $a = -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow -x^2 - \frac{1}{2}x + 2 \rightarrow \Delta = \frac{1}{4} - 4(-1)(2) = \frac{17}{4} \rightarrow x = \frac{-(-\frac{1}{2}) \pm \sqrt{\frac{17}{4}}}{-2} = \frac{-\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{\sqrt{17}}{2}}{-2}$ $\Rightarrow b = \frac{17}{4}$ $a+b = \frac{17}{4} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{15}{4}$ (1)	۴
$f(x) = \begin{cases} x-2, & x \geq 1 \\ 2x+2, & x < 1 \end{cases}$ $g(x) = \sqrt{f(x) \cdot x} = f(x) \cdot x > 0 \rightarrow f(x) > 0$ $\Rightarrow x-2 > 0, x \geq 1 \rightarrow x > 2$ (I) $\Rightarrow 2x+2 > 0, x < 1 \rightarrow x > -1$ (II) (I) ∩ (II) $D_f = [-1, +\infty)$	۵

$$f(n) = \begin{cases} (a+1)(n+r), & n > 1 \\ ra+rn, & n \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$rf(a) = f(-r) + a$$

$$f(a) = (a+1)(r) \rightarrow f(a) = ra+r = rf(a) = 12a+12$$

$$f(-r) = ra - \epsilon$$

$$12a+12 = ra - \epsilon + a \Rightarrow 12a+12 = 12a-2 - 1 \cdot a = -11a \Rightarrow a = -11/18$$

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$$f(n) = \sqrt{n} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} + r$$

$$f(r-\sqrt{r}) + f(r+\sqrt{r}) = f(r+\sqrt{r}) + f\left(\frac{1}{r+\sqrt{r}}\right)$$

$$(r+\sqrt{r} = t) \rightarrow f(t) + f\left(\frac{1}{t}\right) = r(\sqrt{t} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{t}}) + \epsilon \rightarrow r(\sqrt{r+\sqrt{r}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{r+\sqrt{r}}}) + \epsilon$$

$$r(\sqrt{r+\sqrt{r}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{r+\sqrt{r}}}) + \epsilon \rightarrow K = (r-\sqrt{r})(r+\sqrt{r}) + r\sqrt{(r+\sqrt{r})(r-\sqrt{r})} = 4 \rightarrow K = \sqrt{4}$$

$$f(r-\sqrt{r}) + f(r+\sqrt{r}) = rK + \epsilon \rightarrow \sqrt{4} + \epsilon$$

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$$rf(n) - rf(-n) = \epsilon n^r - n \rightarrow rf(-n) - rf(n) = \epsilon n^r - n$$

$$\begin{cases} 4f(-n) - 9f(n) = 15n^r - 5n \\ 9f(n) - 4f(-n) = 15n^r - 5n \end{cases}$$

$$-5f(n) = 15n^r + n \rightarrow f(n) = -\frac{3n^r + n}{5}$$

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$$(n+r)f(n) - rn f(n+r) = \epsilon n^r - mn + \epsilon m - 1$$

$$x=0 \rightarrow rf(0) = \epsilon m - 1$$

$$x=r \rightarrow 4f(1) = 14 + \epsilon m + \epsilon m - 1 \rightarrow 4f(1) = 13 + 2\epsilon m$$

$$f(1) = rf(1) = r\left(\frac{1}{r}\right) - 1 = \frac{1}{r} - 1 \rightarrow f(1) = \frac{1}{r} - 1$$

$$\begin{cases} 4f(1) = 13 + 2\epsilon m \\ rf(1) = \epsilon m - 1 \end{cases}$$

$$-4\epsilon m + 13 = -\epsilon m - 1 \rightarrow \epsilon m = 14$$

$$m = \frac{14}{\epsilon} = \frac{14}{r}$$

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$$f(n) + f\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) = \frac{rn^r - 11n + r}{n} = rn - 11 + \frac{r}{n}$$

$$\begin{cases} f(n) = an + b \\ f\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) = a\frac{1}{n} + b \end{cases} \rightarrow f(n) + f\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) = a\left(n + \frac{1}{n}\right) + 2b = rn - 11 + \frac{r}{n}$$

$$rn - 11 + \frac{r}{n} = an + \frac{a}{n} + 2b \rightarrow a = r, b = -11$$

$$\Rightarrow f(n) = rn - 11 \rightarrow f(-1) = -r - 11 = -9$$

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