

19,0

الف)  $\frac{x-1}{x} - \frac{x}{x-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{(x-1)^2 - x^2}{x(x-1)} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{x^2 - 2x + 1 - x^2}{x(x-1)} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{-2x+1}{x(x-1)} \geq 0$   
 $x = \frac{1}{2}$   
 $x \leq 0 \rightarrow x=1$

ب)  $\frac{x-2(x+1)}{x(x+1)} = \frac{x-2x-2}{x(x+1)} = \frac{-x-2}{x(x+1)}$   
 $\frac{3(x+2)+1(x-1)}{(x+2)(x-1)} = \frac{3x+6+x-1}{(x+2)(x-1)} = \frac{4x+5}{(x+2)(x-1)}$   
 $\frac{-x-2}{x(x+1)} \cdot \frac{4x+5}{(x+2)(x-1)}$   
 $\text{D}_f = \mathbb{R} - \{ -2, \frac{5}{4}, -1, 0, 1 \}$

①  $x(x+1) \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq 0, x \neq -1$   
 ②  $\frac{4x+5}{(x+2)(x-1)} \neq 0 \rightarrow 4x+5 \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq -\frac{5}{4}$   
 ③  $(x-1)(x+2) \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq 1, x \neq -2$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{ -2, \frac{5}{4}, -1, 0, 1 \}$

الف)  $(\frac{1}{x})^x - 9 \geq 0 \rightarrow (x^{-x} - 9) \geq 0 \rightarrow (x^{-x} - 3^2) \geq 0 \rightarrow x^{-x} - 3^2 = 0 \rightarrow x = -2$   
 $x^{-x} - 3^2 = 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{9}{3}$

ب)  $\sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{y+1} = 3$   
 $\sqrt{y+1} = 3 - \sqrt{x-1}$   
 $x-1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq 1$  ①  
 $3 - \sqrt{x-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{x-1} \leq 3 \rightarrow x-1 \leq 9 \rightarrow x \leq 10$  ②

$D_f = \text{①} \cap \text{②} = [1, 10]$

$\frac{x^2 - x - 2}{x^2 - 1} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{(x-2)(x+1)}{(x-1)(x+1)} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{x-2}{x-1} > 0$   
 $x = -1$   
 $x = 2$

$x^2 - 1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x^2 \geq 1 \rightarrow x \geq 1$  ①  
 $x \leq -1$  ②

$\sqrt{x^2 - 1} + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{x^2 - 1} \neq -1 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  ③

$D_f = \text{①} \cap \text{②} \cap \text{③} = (-\infty, -1) \cup (2, +\infty)$

$3 + ax - x^2 \geq 0$   
 عبارت به ازای  $x=2$  صفر شود  $\rightarrow 3 + 2a - 4 = 0 \rightarrow -2a = 1 \rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{2}$

$x^2 - \frac{x}{2} + 3 \geq 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 4(-\frac{1}{2})(3)}}{2(-\frac{1}{2})} \rightarrow x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1+6}}{-1} = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{7}}{-1}$   
 $x_1 = \frac{1 + \sqrt{7}}{-1} = -1 - \sqrt{7}$   
 $x_2 = \frac{1 - \sqrt{7}}{-1} = -1 + \sqrt{7}$

$a + b = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{2} = 1 \rightarrow b = \frac{3}{2}$

$D_f = [-1 - \sqrt{7}, -1 + \sqrt{7}]$

$f(x) - x \geq 0 \rightarrow f(x) = x$   
 $3x - 2 = x \rightarrow x = 1$   
 $2x + 3 = x \rightarrow x = -3$

با توجه به ضرایبها (مثلا برای  $x=2$ )  $3(2) - 2 = 4 \leftarrow x=2$  برای  $x=2$  مثبت است یا برای  $x=0$   $3(0) + 3 = 3$  مثبت است یا برای  $x=-4$   $3(-4) + 3 = -9$  منفی است

$D_f = [-3, +\infty)$

$$f(a) = (a+1)(\sqrt{a}) = \sqrt{a} + a\sqrt{a} \rightarrow 2f(a) = 1\sqrt{a} + 1a\sqrt{a}$$

$$f(-a) = \sqrt{-a} + (-a)\sqrt{-a} = \sqrt{-a} - a\sqrt{-a}$$

$$2f(a) = f(-a) + a \rightarrow 1\sqrt{a} + 1a\sqrt{a} = \sqrt{-a} - a\sqrt{-a} + a \rightarrow 1 \cdot a = -1 \rightarrow a = -1 \quad \text{6}$$

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$$\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 2 = \frac{x + 2\sqrt{x} + 1}{\sqrt{x}} \rightarrow \frac{(\sqrt{x} + 1)^2}{\sqrt{x}} \quad \text{پایه 2} = 1\sqrt{4} + 2$$

$$\frac{(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x} + 1)^2}{\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x}} + \frac{(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x} + 1)^2}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x}} \xrightarrow{\text{منحصر به فرد کردن}} \frac{(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x} + 1)^2(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x}} + \frac{(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x} + 1)^2(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x}}$$

$$= \frac{(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x} + 1)(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x}} + \frac{(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x} + 1)(\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x}}$$

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$$\xrightarrow{x=2} 2f(x) - 2f(-x) = 5x^2 - x \rightarrow 2f(x) - 2f(-x) = 5x^2 - x$$

$$\xrightarrow{x=-2} 2f(-x) - 2f(x) = 5x^2 + x \xrightarrow{\times \frac{1}{2}} 2f(-x) - \frac{1}{2}f(x) = 4x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{9}} \frac{1}{2}f(x) = 1 \cdot x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x \rightarrow f(x) = (1 \cdot x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x) \cdot \frac{2}{2} = -5x^2 - \frac{1}{2}x \quad \text{1}$$

$$x + 2 = 0 \rightarrow x = -2$$

$$\xrightarrow{x=2} 4f(0) = 2m + 1a \xrightarrow{\div 2} 2f(0) = \frac{a}{2}m + a \quad \text{1} \quad \text{9}$$

$$\xrightarrow{x=0} 2f(0) = 3m - 1 \quad \text{2}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{1} = \text{2} \rightarrow \frac{a}{2}m + a = 3m - 1 \rightarrow \frac{a}{2}m = 4 \rightarrow m = \frac{8}{a}$$

$$2f(0) = \frac{a}{2} \times \frac{8}{a} + a = \frac{4a}{a} + a = 4 + a \rightarrow f(0) = \frac{4a}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{4a}{2}$$

$$f(x) + f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \frac{3x^2 - 12x + 3}{x} \quad \text{5}$$

$$f(-1) + \frac{f\left(\frac{1}{-1}\right)}{f(-1)} = \frac{3(-1)^2 - 12(-1) + 3}{-1} \rightarrow 2f(-1) = -18 \rightarrow f(-1) = -9 \quad \text{10}$$