

(سوال صادق زاده یا زنگنه و فخر A)

$$f(n) = \sqrt{\frac{n-1}{n} - \frac{n}{n-1}} \quad \frac{n-1}{n} - \frac{n}{n-1} > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1-2n}{n(n-1)} > 0$$

$\hookrightarrow n < 0, \frac{1}{2}, 1$

$$\Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, 0) \cup \left[\frac{1}{2}, 1\right)$$

$$f(n) = \frac{\frac{1}{n+1} + \frac{2}{n}}{\frac{2}{n-1} + \frac{1}{n+2}} \Rightarrow \frac{3}{n-1} + \frac{1}{n+2} \neq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{3n+4+n-1}{(n-1)(n+2)} = \frac{4n+3}{(n-1)(n+2)}$$

$$\hookrightarrow n \neq -\frac{3}{4}, -2, 1 \text{ و } n+1 \neq 0, n \neq 0 \Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{-\frac{3}{4}, -2, 1, 0\right\}$$

$$f(n) = \sqrt{\left(\left(\frac{1}{e}\right)^n - 9\right)(37 - e^n)} \rightarrow (3^{-n} - 9)(2^{\frac{1}{2}n} - 2^{\frac{1}{2}n}) > 0$$

سوال ۲

$\hookrightarrow 3^{-n} - 9 < 0 \quad 2^{\frac{1}{2}n} - 2^{\frac{1}{2}n} < 0 \Rightarrow n < 2, \frac{1}{2}$

$\hookrightarrow 3^{-n} < 9 \Rightarrow n > -2$

$$\Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -2] \cup [2, \infty)$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{y+1} = 3 \rightarrow x \geq 1 \quad \text{①}$$

یا منفی ② یا منفی ③

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$$n-1 \leq 1 \rightarrow n \leq 2 \Rightarrow D_f = [1, 2]$$

$$f(n) = \frac{\log_e}{\sqrt{n^2-1}+1} \Rightarrow n^2 - n - 2 > 0 \Rightarrow (n-2)(n+1) > 0$$

سوال ۳

عوض به تکرار و زیر آن جواب را می‌توان صدای منفی

$$\Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -1) \cup (2, \infty)$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{4an - n^2} \rightarrow -n^2 + 4an + 3$$

(سوال ۴)

$$\Delta = \frac{1}{4} + 12 = \frac{49}{4} \rightarrow n = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \pm \sqrt{\frac{49}{4}}}{-2} \rightarrow n = \frac{3}{2} \text{ یا } \frac{5}{2}$$

$$a+b = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$



$$\rightarrow n > 1 \rightarrow g(n) = \sqrt{3n-2-n} = \sqrt{2(n-1)} \rightarrow \sqrt{2n-2}, \quad (100 \text{ سوال})$$

$$\frac{-1}{-1+} \rightarrow D_f^{(1)} [1, +\infty)$$

$$\rightarrow n < 1 \rightarrow g(n) = \sqrt{2n+2-n} = \sqrt{n+2} \rightarrow \sqrt{n+2}, \quad \frac{-2}{-1+} \rightarrow D_f^{(2)} [2, +\infty)$$

$$\textcircled{1} \cup \textcircled{2} = [2, +\infty)$$

$$2f(a) = f(a-2) + a \quad f(n) = \begin{cases} (a+1)(n+2); & n > 1 \\ 3a+2n; & n \leq 1 \end{cases} \quad (40 \text{ سوال})$$

$$2f(a+1) = 3a-2+a \quad \hookrightarrow f(a) = (a+1) \cdot 2 = 2a+2$$

$$1 \leq a+1 \leq 3a-2 \rightarrow 1 \leq a-1 \rightarrow 1 \leq a \rightarrow f(a-1) = 3a-2$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 \leq a-1 \rightarrow a \geq \frac{1+1}{1} = 1$$

$$f(n) = \sqrt{n} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} + 2 \rightarrow (1-\sqrt{2})(1+\sqrt{2}) = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{1-\sqrt{2}} = 1+\sqrt{2} \quad (70 \text{ سوال})$$

$$f(1-\sqrt{2}) + f(1+\sqrt{2}) = \sqrt{1-\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} + 2 + \sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{1-\sqrt{2}} + 2 =$$

$$2(\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{1-\sqrt{2}} + 2)$$

$$A \xrightarrow{2025} A^2 = 1+\sqrt{2} + 1-\sqrt{2} + 2 = A^2 = 4 \rightarrow A = \sqrt{4}$$

$$2(\sqrt{4} + 2) = 2\sqrt{4} + 4$$

$$\begin{cases} (2f(n) - af(-n)) = (2n^2 - 4)/2 \\ (2f(-n) - af(n)) = (2n^2 + 4)/2 \end{cases} \quad (10 \text{ سوال})$$

$$-af(n) = 2n^2 - 2n + 12n^2 + 2n = 14n^2 + 2n = -af(n) \Rightarrow f(n) = \frac{14n^2 + 2n}{-2}$$



$$(n+r)f(n) - rnf(n+r) \leq \varepsilon n^p - mn + r^{p-m-1} \quad (9 \text{ سوال})$$

$$\xrightarrow{n \rightarrow r} 4f(0) = 14 + rm + r^{p-m-1} \rightarrow 4f(0) \leq d(r+m)$$

$$\rightarrow f(0) \leq \frac{d}{4}(r+m)$$

$$\xrightarrow{n \rightarrow 0} rf(0) = r^{p-m-1} \rightarrow f(0) \leq \frac{r^{p-m-1}}{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d}{4}(r+m) \leq \frac{r^{p-m-1}}{r} \Rightarrow 1\delta + dm \leq rm - \varepsilon$$

$$\varepsilon m \leq 1 \Rightarrow m \leq \frac{1}{\varepsilon}$$

$$f(0) \leq \frac{d}{4} \times \frac{1}{r} \leq \frac{r\delta}{\varepsilon}$$

$$f(n) + f\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) \leq \frac{r_n^p - 1r_n + r}{n}$$

(10 سوال)

$$rf(r-1) \leq \frac{r+1r+\varepsilon}{-1} \Rightarrow f(r-1) \leq -9$$