

الف) $f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x} - \frac{x}{x-1}}$ $x \neq 0$ $x-1 \neq 0$ $x \neq 1$

$$\frac{x^2+1-2x-x^2}{x^2-x} = \frac{-2x+1}{x^2-x} \geq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1-2x}{x(x-1)} \geq 0$$

ب) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{2}{x}$ $x+1 \neq 0$ $x \neq -1$ $x+2 \neq 0$ $x \neq -2$ $x \neq 0$ $x \neq 1$

د) $3x+4+x-1 \neq 0$ $x \neq \frac{-3}{4}$

د = $(-\infty, 0) \cup [\frac{1}{2}, 1)$

د = $\mathbb{R} - \{-1, 0, 1, -2, -\frac{3}{4}\}$

الف) $f(x) = \sqrt{[(\frac{1}{x})^x - 9](32 - x^x)}$ $(\frac{1}{x})^x - 9 \geq 0 \Rightarrow (\frac{1}{x})^x \geq 9$ $x = -2 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{(-2)^{-2}} = 4 < 9$ $x \leq -2$

$32 - x^x \geq 0$ $x^x \leq 32$ $x \leq \frac{\omega}{2}$ $(I) = x \leq \frac{\omega}{2} \cap x \leq -2 \Rightarrow x \leq -2$

$(\frac{1}{x})^x - 3^2 \leq 0 \Rightarrow (\frac{1}{x})^x \leq 3^2$ $x^x \geq 3^2$ $32 - x^x \leq 0 \Rightarrow x^x \geq 32$ $x \geq \frac{\omega}{2}$ $x \geq 2$ $(II) = x \geq 2$

ب) $\sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{x+1} = 3$ $\sqrt{x+1} = 3 - \sqrt{x-1}$ $\sqrt{x-1} \geq 0$ $x \geq 1$ $D = [1, 8]$

$\sqrt{x+1} \geq 0$ $3 - \sqrt{x-1} \geq 0$ $3 \geq \sqrt{x-1} \Rightarrow 9 \geq x-1 \Rightarrow x \leq 10$

$f(x) = \frac{\log_2(x^2 - x - 2)}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1} + 1}$ $x^2 - x - 2 > 0$ $(x-2)(x+1) > 0$ $x < -1$ $x > 2$ (I)

$\sqrt{x^2 - 1} + 1 > 0$ $x^2 - 1 \geq 0 \Rightarrow (x-1)(x+1) \geq 0$ $x < -1$ $x > 1$ (II)

د = $(I) \cup (II) = (-\infty, -1) \cup (2, +\infty)$

$\sqrt{-x^2 + ax + 3}$ $-x^2 + ax + 3 \geq 0$ $-x^2 - \frac{1}{2}x + 3$ $a+b = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{2} = 1$

$-2a \geq 1$ $a \leq -\frac{1}{2}$ $\Delta = \frac{1}{4} - 4(3)(-1) = 1 + 12 = 13$ $\frac{1}{2} \pm \sqrt{\frac{13}{4}}$

$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{13}}{2} = \frac{1+\sqrt{13}}{2} = \frac{a}{2} = -2$

$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{13}}{2} = \frac{1-\sqrt{13}}{2} = +\frac{b}{2} = b$

الف) $2(x) \sqrt{f(x) - x}$ $f(x) - x \geq 0$ $f(x) \geq x$ $D = [1, +\infty)$

ب) $f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x-2; & x \geq 1 \\ 2x+2; & x < 1 \end{cases}$ $3x-2 \geq x \Rightarrow 2x \geq 2 \Rightarrow x \geq 1$ $2x+2 \geq x \Rightarrow x \geq -2 \Rightarrow x < 1 \Rightarrow x \in [-2, 1)$

د = $[-2, 1)$

د = $[1, +\infty)$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} (a+1)x(x+1); & x > 1 \\ 3a+2x; & x \leq 1 \end{cases} \quad \begin{aligned} & f(x) = f(-x) + a \\ & ((a+1)1) = 3a - 1 + a \end{aligned}$$

$$1(a+1) = 3a - 1 + a$$

$$10a = -11$$

$$a = -11/10$$

9

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 2$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x}} + 2$$

$$x = 1 - \sqrt{2} \rightarrow \sqrt{1-\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sqrt{2}}} + 2$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{1-\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{1-\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{1-\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{1-\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{1-\sqrt{2}}} + 2 = \frac{2\sqrt{1-\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{1-\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{1-\sqrt{2}}} + 2 = \frac{4\sqrt{1-\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{1-\sqrt{2}}} + 2 = 4 + 2 = 6$$

$$x = 1 + \sqrt{2} \rightarrow \sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} + 2$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} + 2 = \frac{2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} + 2 = \frac{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} + 2 = 4 + 2 = 6$$

$$f(x) - f(-x) = e^x - x$$

$$\frac{x}{2} (f(x) - f(-x)) = (e^x - x) \frac{x}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow (f(x) - f(-x)) = (e^x - x) \frac{2}{x}$$

$$f(x) - f(-x) = e^x - x$$

$$+ f(-x) - f(x) = 12x^2 + 13x$$

$$- \omega f(x) = 10x^2 + x \rightarrow f(x) = \frac{10x^2 + x}{-x^2 + \frac{1}{x} - \omega}$$

1

$$(x+1)f(x) - 3xf(x+1) = f'(x) - m(x+1)^{m-1}$$

$$x = -1 \rightarrow 4f(0) = 19 + 0^{m-1} \rightarrow 4 \times \frac{19^{m-1}}{1} = \omega m + 1 \omega$$

$$x = 0 \rightarrow 2f(0) = 19^{m-1}$$

$$4m - 2 = \omega m + 1 \omega$$

$$f(0) = \frac{19^{m-1}}{2}$$

$$6m = 1 \omega \rightarrow m = \frac{1 \omega}{6}$$

$$2f(0) = 19 \times \frac{1 \omega}{6} - 1 = \frac{19 \omega}{6} - \frac{6}{6} = \frac{19 \omega - 6}{6}$$

9

$$f(x) + f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \frac{19x^2 - 11x + 19}{x}$$

$$f(x) = an + b$$

$$an + b + \frac{a}{n} + b = \frac{19n^2 - 11n + 19}{n}$$

$$f(x) = 19n - 4$$

$$an^2 + 19bn + a = 19n^2 - 11n + 19$$

$$f(x) = -1 - 4 = -5$$

$$19 = -4 \quad a = 19$$

10