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Limit A nil - u p o s i t i v e p l u s i n g

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{1} + 1}{\omega x^r - 1x + 1} = \frac{0}{0} \text{ p r o } = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1)(\sqrt{x}-1)}{(x-1)(\omega x - 1)} \quad (1)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{x}-1}{\omega x - 1} = \frac{1}{1} \quad (5)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{|\sqrt{x}-1| - |\sqrt{x}+1|}{x} = \frac{0}{0} \text{ p r o } \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{matrix} \text{+} \\ \text{+} \end{matrix} \frac{|0^+ - 1| - |0^+ + 1|}{x} = \frac{-\sqrt{x} + 1 - \sqrt{x} - 1}{x} = \frac{-2\sqrt{x}}{x} = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} \quad (5)$$

$$\begin{matrix} \text{-} \\ \text{-} \end{matrix} \frac{|0^- - 1| - |0^- + 1|}{x} = \frac{-\sqrt{x} + 1 - \sqrt{x} - 1}{x} = \frac{-2\sqrt{x}}{x} = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} \quad (5)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \epsilon} \frac{x - \epsilon}{\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{\epsilon}} = \frac{0}{0} \text{ p r o } \Rightarrow \frac{(\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{\epsilon})(\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{\epsilon})}{\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{\epsilon}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \epsilon} \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{\epsilon} = 2\sqrt{\epsilon} \quad (1)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow r} \frac{x - \sqrt{rx}}{rx^r - x - r} = \frac{0}{0} \text{ p r o } \Rightarrow \frac{x - \sqrt{rx}}{(x-r)(x+\frac{r}{x})} \times \frac{\infty \cdot r}{\infty \cdot r} = \frac{x^r - rx}{(x-r)(x+\frac{r}{x})(\epsilon)} \quad (1)$$

$$= \frac{x}{(x+\frac{r}{x})x\epsilon} = \frac{r}{1\epsilon} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon}} \xrightarrow{\text{up}} \frac{1 - \frac{r}{r\sqrt{rx}}}{r\sqrt{x}-1} = \frac{1}{1r}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1 - \sqrt{x}}{r\sqrt{x} - x} \times \frac{r \cdot r}{r \cdot r} \times \frac{\infty \cdot r}{\infty \cdot r} = \frac{(1-x)\epsilon}{(r-x+x)\epsilon} = \frac{(1-x)\epsilon}{(-1+x)\epsilon} = \frac{\epsilon - \epsilon x}{-\epsilon + \epsilon x} \quad (1)$$

$$= \frac{r(r-x)}{-(r-x)} = -r \quad (5)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \epsilon} \frac{\sqrt{rx+\epsilon} - \epsilon}{\sqrt{\omega x + v} - r} = \frac{0}{0} \text{ p r o } \times \frac{\infty \cdot r}{\infty \cdot r} \times \frac{r \cdot \epsilon}{r \cdot \epsilon} = \frac{(rx + \epsilon - \epsilon^2) \times r v}{(\omega x + v - rv) \times \epsilon} \quad (1)$$

$$= \frac{(rx - \epsilon^2)(rv)}{(\omega x - rv) \times \epsilon} = \frac{(x - \epsilon) \times r \times rv}{(x - \epsilon) \times \omega \times \epsilon} = \frac{1}{\epsilon \omega} \quad (5)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{3x} + \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x} - 1} = \frac{\text{O.P} \times \text{P.F}}{\text{O.P} \times \text{P.F}} = \frac{(3x + \sqrt{x} - \varepsilon) \times \tau}{(x - 1) \times \varepsilon}$$

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$$= \frac{3x + \sqrt{x} - \varepsilon}{\varepsilon x - \varepsilon} = \frac{\tau(\sqrt{x} - 1)(\sqrt{x} + \frac{\varepsilon}{\tau})}{\tau(\sqrt{x} - 1)(\sqrt{x} + 1)} = \frac{\sqrt{x} + \frac{\varepsilon}{\tau}}{\sqrt{x} + 1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{1 + \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x} = \frac{(1 + \cos x)(1 + \cos^2 x - \cos x)}{(1 - \cos x)(1 + \cos x)} = \frac{1 + 1 - (-1)}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$$

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1 - \tan x}{\sin x - \cos x} = \frac{\cos x - \sin x}{\cos x} = -\frac{1}{\cos x} = \frac{1}{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} = -\sqrt{2}$$

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{\tan^2 x - 1}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} = 2$$

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$$v) \text{ pythag. } \rightarrow \lim_{a \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{\mu a + \sqrt{a}} - r}{r\sqrt{a} - 1} \times \frac{\sqrt{\mu a + \sqrt{a}} + r}{\sqrt{a^r + 1 + \sqrt{a}}} \times \frac{\mu}{r}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{HOP}} \frac{\mu}{r} \times \frac{\mu + \frac{1}{r\sqrt{a}}}{1} = \frac{\mu}{r} \times \frac{1}{r} = \frac{\mu}{r^2}$$