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أشياء أخرى

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$$a) y = \frac{n+r}{r^2+r-1n+r} = \frac{n+r}{(n-1)(r^2+rn-r)} \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{array}{l|l} r^2+r-1n+r & n-1 \\ \hline -r^2+r & r^2+rn-r \end{array} \quad n \neq 1$$

$$r^2+rn-r \neq 0$$

$$r(n+r)(n-\frac{1}{r}) \neq 0$$

$$(n+r)(n-1) \neq 0$$

$$n \neq -r$$

$$r \neq -1$$

$$r \neq 1 \rightarrow n \neq \frac{1}{r}$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1, -r, \frac{1}{r}\}$$

$$b) y = \frac{n+r}{r^2+9n^2+10n+r} = \frac{n+r}{(n+1)(r^2+rn+r)}$$

$$\begin{array}{l|l} r^2+9n^2+10n+r & n+1 \\ \hline -r^2-r & r^2+rn+r \end{array} \quad n \neq -1$$

$$r^2+rn+r \neq 0$$

$$(n+r)(r \neq -1) \neq 0$$

$$n \neq -r$$

$$n \neq \frac{1}{r}$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-1, -r, \frac{1}{r}\}$$

$$\text{الف) } y = \frac{n+r}{n^2 - rn + r - 1} = \frac{n+r}{(n-1)(n^2 - n + 1)} \quad (2)$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} n^2 - rn + r - 1 & n-1 \\ -n^2 + rn & \\ \hline -n^2 + rn - 1 & \\ n^2 - n & \\ \hline n^2 - n & \\ n-1 & \\ \hline -n+1 & \\ 0 & \end{array}$$

$$n-1 \neq 0 \rightarrow n \neq 1$$

$$n^2 - n + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \text{مميزه}$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1\}$$

$$\text{ب) } y = \sqrt{\frac{n+r}{n^2 - rn + r - 1}} = \sqrt{\frac{n+r}{(n-1)(n^2 - n + 1)}}$$

$$\frac{n+r}{(n-1)(n^2 - n + 1)} \geq 0$$

$$\begin{array}{c} -r \quad 1 \\ + \quad | \quad - \quad | \quad + \\ 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \end{array}$$

$$D_f = (-\infty, -r] \cup (1, +\infty)$$

$$y = \frac{r}{n^2 - \delta|n-1| - rn + \delta} \quad (3)$$

$$n^2 - \delta n + \delta - rn + \delta \neq 0 \rightarrow n^2 - rn + 2\delta \neq 0$$

$$(n-r)(n-2\delta) \neq 0$$

$$n \neq r, 2\delta$$

$$n^2 + \delta n - \delta - rn + \delta \neq 0 \rightarrow n^2 + rn \neq 0$$

$$n(n+r) \neq 0$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{r, 0, -r\}$$

$$n \neq 0, -r$$

$$|x_{n+1}|^r \neq |x+r|^r$$

$$x_{n+1}^r + 1 + x_n \neq n^r + 9 + 4n$$

$$x_{n+1}^r - x_n - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow (n-r)(x_{n+1} + 1) \neq 0$$

$$n \neq r$$

$$n \neq -\frac{r}{r}$$

(5)

$$a) y = \frac{n+r}{|x_{n+1}| - |x+r|}$$

$$|x_{n+1}| \neq |x+r| \rightarrow x_{n+1} \neq x+r$$

$$\rightarrow x \neq +r$$

$$\rightarrow x_{n+1} \neq -x-r$$

$$\rightarrow x_n \neq -r$$

$$n \neq -\frac{r}{r}$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ -\frac{r}{r}, r \right\}$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ -\frac{r}{r}, r \right\}$$

$$b) y = \sqrt{|x_{n+1}| - |x+r|}$$

(5)

$$|x_{n+1}| - |x+r| \geq 0$$

$$|x_{n+1}| \geq |x+r|$$

$$x_{n+1}^r + 1 + x_n \geq n^r + 9 + 4n$$

$$x_{n+1}^r - x_n - 1 \geq 0$$

$$(n-r)(x_{n+1} + 1) \geq 0$$

$$\begin{array}{c} -\frac{r}{r} \quad n=r \quad n=-\frac{r}{r} \\ | \quad | \quad | \\ + \quad - \quad + \end{array}$$

$$D_f = (-\infty, -\frac{r}{r}] \cup [r, +\infty)$$

⑤

$$\text{الف) } y = \log_r (1 - \log_r^n)$$

$$n > 0 \quad (1)$$

$$1 - \log_r^n > 0$$

$$1 > \log_r^n \rightarrow r > n \quad (2)$$

$$(1) \cap (2) \Rightarrow 0 < n < r$$

$$D_f = (0, r)$$

(5)

$$\text{ب) } y = \log_r (1 - \log_{\frac{1}{r}}^n)$$

$$n > 0 \quad (1)$$

$$1 - \log_{\frac{1}{r}}^n > 0 \rightarrow 1 > \log_{\frac{1}{r}}^n \rightarrow \frac{1}{r} < n \quad (2)$$

$$(1) \cap (2) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r} < n$$

$$D_f = (\frac{1}{r}, +\infty)$$

$$f(n) = \sqrt{\log_a \log_a (f(n-1))}$$

⑥

$$f(n-1) > 0 \rightarrow f(n) > 1 \rightarrow n > \frac{1}{r} \quad (1)$$

$$\log_a^{f(n-1)} > 0 \rightarrow f(n-1) > 1 \rightarrow f(n) > 2 \rightarrow n > 1 \quad (2)$$

$$\log_a \log_a^{(f(n-1))} > 0 \rightarrow \log_a^{f(n-1)} > 1 \rightarrow \dots$$

$$f(n-1) < 0 \rightarrow f(n) < 1 \rightarrow \dots$$

$$\textcircled{1} \cap \textcircled{P} \cap \textcircled{M} \Rightarrow \text{domain } (1, \frac{1}{r}]$$

$$D_f = \text{domain } (1, \frac{1}{r}]$$

$$D_f = (1, r]$$

1, r, 0

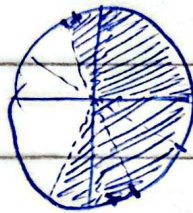
$$\text{الف) } y = \log(r \cos n + 1)$$

✓

$$r \cos n + 1 > 0$$

$$r \cos n > -1$$

$$\cos n > -\frac{1}{r}$$



$$D_f = (r\pi - \frac{r\pi}{r}, r\pi + \frac{r\pi}{r})$$

$$\text{ب) } y = \sqrt{\log \frac{n-1}{n+1}}$$

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$$\frac{n-1}{n+1} > 0 \quad \begin{array}{c} -1 \\ + \frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r} + \end{array} \quad (-\infty, -1) \cup (1, +\infty) \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$\log \frac{n-1}{n+1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{n-1}{n+1} \geq 1 \rightarrow \frac{n-1}{n+1} - 1 \geq 0$$

$$\frac{n-1-n-1}{n+1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{-2}{n+1} \geq 0 \quad \begin{array}{c} -1 \\ + \frac{1}{r} - \end{array}$$

$$(-\infty, -1) \quad \textcircled{2}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \cap \textcircled{2} \Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -1)$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{(a+x)x^2 + ax + b}$$

no x^2 no

①

$$a+x=0 \rightarrow a=-x$$

$$-x^2 + b \geq 0$$

$$x=1 \rightarrow -1 + b = 0 \rightarrow \boxed{b=1}$$

5

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + x + 1 - m^2}$$

②

$$x^2 + x + 1 - m^2 \geq 0 \rightarrow$$

$D_f = \mathbb{R}$

$\Delta = 0$ باید باشد

$$b^2 - 4ac = 0$$

$$1 - 4(1 - m^2) = 0$$

$$1 - 4 + 4m^2 = 0 \rightarrow 4m^2 = 3 \rightarrow m^2 = \frac{3}{4}$$

افتاد به بیشترین = $1 - (-1) = \boxed{2}$



$$\sqrt{1-n^2}$$

(10)

$$[n] + [-n] + 1$$

$$n \in \mathbb{Z} \Rightarrow [n] + [-n] = 0$$

/ (5)

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-n^2}}{1}$$

$$\frac{-2}{-1} + \frac{2}{1} \rightarrow [-2, 2]$$

$$D_f = -2, -1, 0, 1, 2 \rightarrow \boxed{\text{مجموعه}}$$