

(الف) $\frac{x+\mu}{\mu x + \mu x - \lambda x + \mu}$

$\frac{a}{(x+\mu)^2} \frac{b}{(x+\mu)} \frac{c}{(x-1)}$

$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac$

$\mu a = \mu(\mu)(-\mu)$

$\mu^2 + \mu a$

μa

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mu x + \mu x - \lambda x + \mu \\ -\mu + \mu x + \mu x \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} x-1 \\ \mu x + \mu x - \mu \end{array}$

$\mu x - \lambda x + \mu$

$-\mu + \mu x$

$-\mu x + \mu$

$-\mu x + \mu$

$\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\Delta}}{2a} \rightarrow \frac{-\mu \pm \sqrt{\mu^2 - 4\mu^2}}{\mu}$

$x = \mu$

$x = \frac{1}{\mu}$

$P_f = \left(\frac{1}{\mu}, 1 \right) \cup \left(\mu, +\infty \right)$

	$-\infty$	$\frac{1}{\mu}$	1	μ	$+\infty$
$x-1$	-	-	+	+	+
$\mu x + \mu x - \mu$	+	+	-	-	+
	-	-	-	+	+

برای ماسه

دال 1

$$\rightarrow y_2 = \frac{x + \mu}{r_n^{\mu} + qn^{\mu} + 1 \cdot x + \mu} \rightarrow (r_n^{\mu} + \mu n + \mu)(n+1)$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} r_n^{\mu} + qn^{\mu} + 1 \cdot x + \mu & x+1 \\ \hline r_n^{\mu} + \mu n^{\mu} & r_n^{\mu} + \mu n + \mu \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} \mu n^{\mu} + 1 \cdot x + \mu & \\ \hline \mu n^{\mu} + \mu n & \end{array}$$

$$\mu x + \mu$$

$$- \mu n + \mu$$

$$D_f = (-\mu, 1) \cup \left(\frac{1}{r} + \infty\right)$$

$$\Delta z = b^r - fac \rightarrow (v)^r - f(r)(\mu)$$

$$f_9 - rf_2 = r_0$$

$$x = \frac{b + \sqrt{\Delta}}{ra}$$

$$= v \pm \sqrt{\frac{a}{ra}}$$

$$-1r$$

$$\frac{r \cdot v - a}{r}$$

$$x = \frac{\mu}{a}$$

$$x_2 = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$r_n^{\mu} + \mu n + \mu$$

$$r_n^{\mu} + \mu n + \mu$$

$$n+1$$

x	$-\infty$	$-\mu$	-1	$+\frac{1}{r}$	$+\infty$
$r_n^{\mu} + \mu n + \mu$	+	•	-	-	+
$n+1$	-	-	•	+	+
	-	+/A/	-	+/A/	+

مسئله ۲
 $\Delta < 0$ ریشه‌های حقیقی ندارد

$$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac$$

الف) $y = \frac{x + \mu}{x^2 - \mu x^2 + 2x - 1}$

$$x^2 - \mu x^2 + 2x - 1 \rightarrow (x^2 - x + 1)(x - 1)$$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1\}$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2 - \mu x^2 + 2x - 1 \\ \underline{-(x^2 - x + 1)} \\ -\mu x^2 + 3x - 2 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} x - 1 \\ \underline{-(x^2 - x + 1)} \\ x^2 - x + 1 \end{array}$$

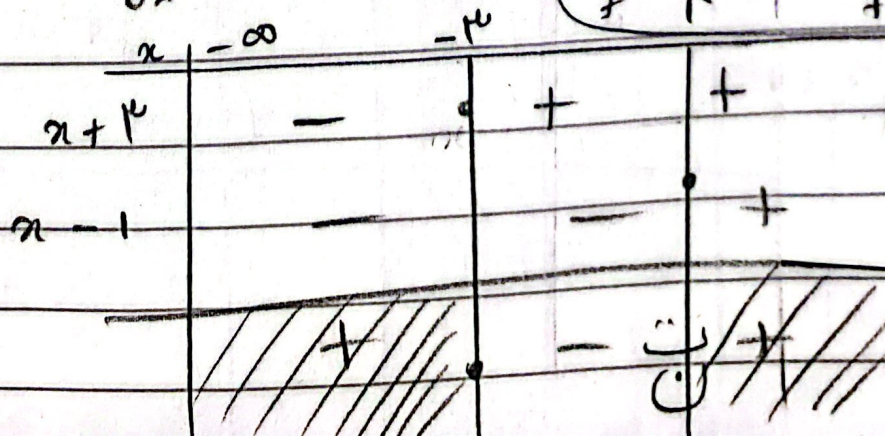
$$\begin{array}{r} x - 1 \\ \underline{-(x^2 - x + 1)} \\ x^2 - x + 1 \end{array}$$

$\Rightarrow y = \sqrt{\frac{x + \mu}{x^2 - \mu x^2 + 2x - 1}} \rightarrow \frac{x + \mu}{x^2 - \mu x^2 + 2x - 1} \geq 0$

$(x^2 - x + 1)(x - 1)$ $x = 1$

$\Delta < 0$ ریشه‌های حقیقی ندارد

$D_f = (-\infty, -\mu] \cup (1, +\infty)$



باران سائیم

$$y = \frac{r}{x^2 - a|x-1| - rx + a} \quad - \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

اگر $x > 1$: $|x-1| \rightarrow x-1 \Rightarrow D = x^2 - vx + 1$

$$x = \frac{v \pm \sqrt{v^2 - 4}}{2} \rightarrow$$

$x < 1 \rightarrow |x-1| = 1-x \Rightarrow D = x^2 - vx$

$$x(x-v) \begin{cases} x=0 \\ x=v \end{cases}$$

محل

$$\frac{x + \mu}{|rx+1| - |x+\mu|}$$

(الف) ٢

$$|rx+1| \neq |x+\mu|$$

$$(rx+1)^r = (x+\mu)^r \Rightarrow rx^r - rx - \lambda = 0$$

$$x = r, -\frac{r}{\mu}$$

$$D_2 \cap \mathbb{R} = \left\{ r, -\frac{r}{\mu} \right\}$$

$$y = \sqrt{|rx+1| - |x+\mu|} \quad (=)$$

$$|rx+1| - |x+\mu| \geq 0$$

$$|rx+1| \geq |x+\mu|$$

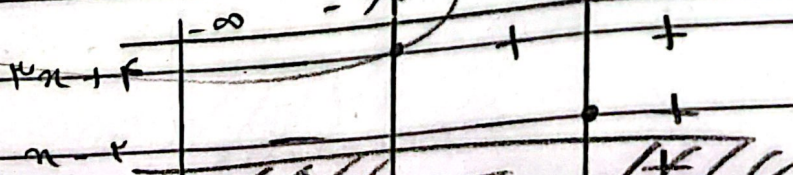
$$(rx+1)^r \geq (x+\mu)^r$$

$$rx^r - rx - \lambda \geq 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$(rx+\mu)(x-r) \geq 0$$

$$D_2 = \left(-\infty, -\frac{r}{\mu} \right] \cup \left[r, +\infty \right)$$

$$\begin{matrix} x = -\frac{r}{\mu} & x = r \\ \downarrow & \downarrow \\ + & + \end{matrix}$$



ایک طرف سے

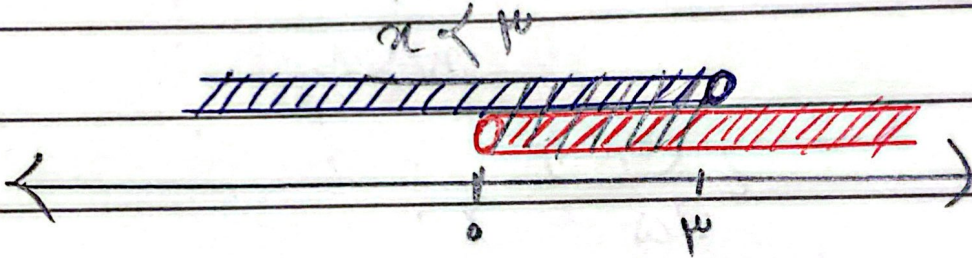
$$y = \log_r (1 - \log_\mu^\alpha)$$

د- (اف)

$$1 - \log_\mu^\alpha > 0$$

$$\log_\mu^\alpha < 1$$

$$P_f = (0, \mu)$$



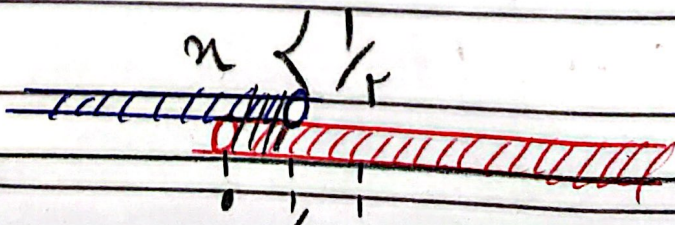
$$\log_r (1 - \log_{\frac{1}{r}}^\alpha) \dots \dots \dots$$

... $\alpha > 0$

$$P_f = (0, \frac{1}{r})$$

$$1 - \log_{\frac{1}{r}}^\alpha > 0$$

$$\log_{\frac{1}{r}}^\alpha < 1$$



$$y = f(n) = \sqrt{\log \log \log (r_{n-1})}$$

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$$\log \log \log (r_{n-1})$$

$$r_{n-1} > 0$$

$$r_n > 1$$

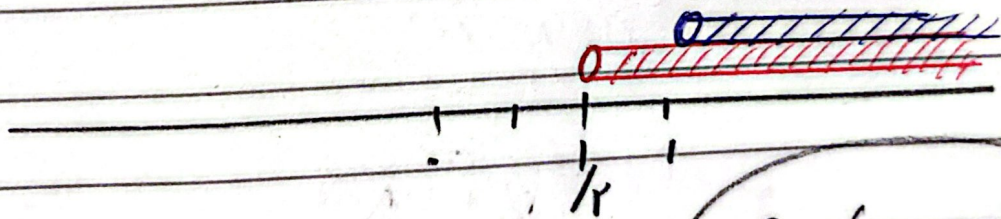
$$n > \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\log \log \log (r_{n-1}) > 0$$

$$r_{n-1} > 1$$

$$\cancel{r_n > 1}$$

$$n > 1$$



$$D_f = (1, +\infty)$$

باران مانع

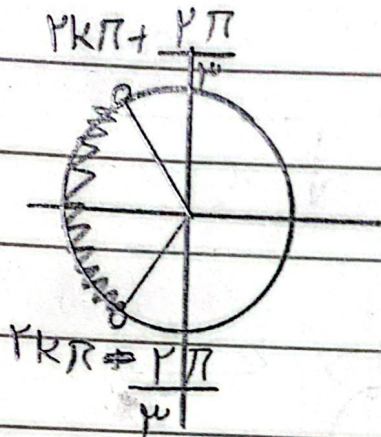
(الف) - 1

$$y = \log (r \cos \alpha + 1)$$

$$r \cos \alpha + 1 > 0$$

$$r \cos \alpha > -1$$

$$\cos \alpha > -\frac{1}{r}$$



$$D = \left(-rk\pi + \frac{r\pi}{r}, rk\pi + \frac{r\pi}{r} \right)$$

$$n = -1$$

$$n = 1$$

$$y = \sqrt{\log \frac{n-1}{n+1}}$$

$$\frac{n-1}{n+1} > 0$$

(=)

$$\log \frac{n-1}{n+1} > ?$$

+

+

$$f(z) = (a+z)z^r + az + b \quad \text{for } z \in (-\infty, \mu] \quad \text{نقطة}$$

$$a+1z \rightarrow az = -1$$

$$(a+1)z^r + az + b = 0 \quad / \quad z^r - z + b = 0$$

$$\sqrt{-z+b}$$

$$-z+b > 0$$

$$z \leq b \rightarrow b = r$$

$$b = r, \quad az = -1$$

$$f(z) = \sqrt{z^r + rz + r - m^r}$$

$\downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow$
 $a \quad b \quad c$

$$a > 0$$

$$\Delta < 0$$

$$b^r - 4ac$$

$$r = f(r-m)(1)$$

$$\frac{r}{1 - (-1)^r} = -1 + fm^r < 0$$

$$-1 < m < 1$$

$$-r + fm^r$$

$$m^r < 1$$

$$m^r < 1$$

1. $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{F-x^2}}{[x] + [-x] + 1}$

$F-x^2$

$-2, -1, 0, 1, 2$

a

$x^2 \leq F$

$-r \leq x \leq r$

$[x] + [-x] = -1 \quad x \notin \mathbb{Z}$

$[x] + [-x] = 0 \quad x \in \mathbb{Z}$

F