

أولاً

ثانياً

$$a) y = \frac{x+1}{x^2 + 4x^2 - 12x + 3} \rightarrow (x-1)(2x^2 + 2x + 3)$$

$$y = \frac{x+1}{(x-1)(x+3)(x-1)} \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$D = \mathbb{R} - \left\{1, -\frac{1}{3}, -1\right\}$$

$$b) y = \frac{x+1}{x^2 + 9x^2 + 10x + 3} \rightarrow (x+1)(2x^2 + 10x + 3)$$

$$y = \frac{x+1}{(x+1)(x+3)(2x+1)} \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$D = \mathbb{R} - \left\{-1, -3, -\frac{1}{2}\right\}$$

$$a) y = \frac{x+1}{x^2 - 2x^2 + 2x - 1} \rightarrow (x-1)(x^2 - x + 1)$$

$$(x^2 - x + 1) \rightarrow \Delta = b^2 - 4ac = 1 - 4 = -3$$

$$D = \mathbb{R} - \{1\}$$

$$b) y = \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x^2 - 2x^2 + 2x - 1}}$$

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{(x-1)(x^2 - x + 1)}}$$

$$D = (-\infty, -1] \cup (1, \infty)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{x^2 - 2|x-1| - 2x + 2}$$

$$x > 1 \quad 1) x^2 - 2(x-1) - 2x + 2 = x^2 - 4x + 4 = (x-2)^2 \rightarrow x \neq 2$$

$$x < 1 \quad 2) x^2 + 2(x-1) - 2x + 2 = x^2 = 0 \rightarrow x \neq 0$$

$$D = \mathbb{R} - \{-2, 0, 2\}$$

$$a) y = \frac{x+1}{|2x+1| - |x+1|}$$

$$D = \mathbb{R} - \left\{\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right\}$$

$$(x-\frac{1}{2})(x+\frac{1}{2}) = 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2}, x = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$|2x+1| - |x+1| \neq 0 \rightarrow (2x+1)^2 \neq (x+1)^2$$

$$4x^2 + 4x + 1 \neq x^2 + 2x + 1 \rightarrow 3x^2 + 2x \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq 0, x \neq -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$D = (-\infty, -\frac{2}{3}) \cup (-\frac{2}{3}, 0) \cup (0, \frac{1}{2}) \cup (\frac{1}{2}, \infty)$$

$$a) y = \log_r (1 - \log_r x)$$

$$1 - \log_r x > 0 \rightarrow \log_r x < 1 \rightarrow x < r$$

$$D_1 \cup D_2 \Rightarrow D_{\text{all}} = (0, r)$$

$$b) y = \log_r (1 - \log_r \frac{x}{r})$$

$$1 - \log_r \frac{x}{r} > 0 \rightarrow \log_r \frac{x}{r} < 1 \rightarrow \frac{x}{r} < r \rightarrow x < r^2$$

$$D_1 = (0, r^2)$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{\log_a (rx-1)} \quad D_{f(x)} = D = (1, 4] = D_1 \cap D_2 \cap D_3$$

$$rx-1 > 0$$

$$rx > 1$$

$$\textcircled{1} x > \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\log_a (rx-1) > 0$$

$$rx-1 > 1$$

$$rx > 2$$

$$\textcircled{2} x > \frac{2}{r}$$

$$\log_a (rx-1) \geq 0$$

$$\log_a (rx-1) \leq 1$$

$$rx-1 \leq a$$

$$rx \leq a+1 \quad x \leq \frac{a+1}{r}$$

$$\text{a)} y = \log (r \cos x + 1)$$

$$r \cos x + 1 > 0$$

$$r \cos x > -1$$

$$\cos x > -\frac{1}{r}$$



$$D = \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \arccos\left(-\frac{1}{r}\right), \frac{\pi}{2} + \arccos\left(-\frac{1}{r}\right) \right)$$

$$\text{b)} y = \sqrt{\log \frac{x-1}{x+1}}$$

$$\frac{x-1}{x+1} > 0$$

$$\frac{-1}{x+1} > 0$$

$$\log \frac{x-1}{x+1} \geq 0$$

$$\frac{x-1}{x+1} \geq 1 \Rightarrow \frac{x-1}{x+1} \geq \frac{x-1}{x+1} \Rightarrow x \leq -1$$

$$D = (-\infty, -1]$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{(a+b)x^2 + ax + b} \rightarrow D = (-\infty, \infty]$$

$$a \rightarrow -r \rightarrow \sqrt{-rx + b} \rightarrow -rx + b \geq 0 \rightarrow -rx \geq -b \rightarrow x \leq \frac{b}{r}$$

$$b = 4, \frac{b}{r} = 4$$

$$D = (-\infty, 4]$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 2x + 2 - m^2}$$

$$x^2 + 2x + 2 - m^2 \geq 0$$

$$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac$$

$$\Delta < 0$$

$$4 - 4(2 - m^2) < 0$$

$$4 - 8 + 4m^2 < 0$$

$$4m^2 < 4 \rightarrow m^2 < 1 \rightarrow -1 < m < 1$$

$$\Delta = 0$$

$$4 - 4(2 - m^2) = 0$$

$$4 - 8 + 4m^2 = 0$$

$$4m^2 = 4$$

$$m = \pm 1$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{4 - x^2}$$

$$[x] + [-x] + 1$$

$$D_1 \cap D_2$$

$$D = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : x \in \mathbb{Z} \text{ or } x \in \mathbb{Z} + \frac{1}{2}\}$$

تحت 9 Hints

$$4 - x^2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x^2 \leq 4 \Rightarrow x \in [-2, 2]$$

$$[x] + [-x] + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow [x] + [-x] \neq -1$$

$$\textcircled{1} \checkmark [x] + [-x] = 0 \rightarrow x \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\times [x] + [-x] = -1 \rightarrow x \notin \mathbb{Z}$$