

IV, V, 8

الف) $y = \frac{x+r}{x^2+r^2-x+r}$

$\frac{x^2+r^2-x+r}{-x^2+r^2} \cdot \frac{x-1}{x^2+ax-r} = \frac{(x+r)^{-r}}{(x-1)(x-\frac{1}{r})(x+r)}$

$\frac{(x+r)^{-r}}{(x-1)(x-\frac{1}{r})(x+r)}$

$\Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-r, \frac{1}{r}, 0\}$

ب) $y = \frac{x+r}{x^2+9x^2+1 \cdot x+r}$

$\frac{x^2+r^2+9x^2+1 \cdot x+r}{-x^2-r^2} \cdot \frac{x+1}{x^2+9x^2+r} = \frac{(x+r)^{-r}}{(x+1)(x+r)(x+\frac{1}{r})}$

$\Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-r, -1, -\frac{1}{r}\}$

ج) $y = \frac{x+r}{x^2-rx^2+r-1}$

$\frac{x^2-rx^2+r-1}{-x^2+r^2} \cdot \frac{x-1}{x^2-rx^2+r-1} = \frac{(x+r)^{-r}}{(x-1)(x^2-rx^2+r-1)}$

$\Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1\}$

د) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x+r}{x^2-rx^2+r-1}}$

$\Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -r] \cup [1, +\infty)$

$y = \frac{r}{x^2-a|x-1|-r-1}$

$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2-rx+1 & : x \geq 1 \\ x^2-rx & : x < 1 \end{cases}$

$\Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-r, 0, 1, 0\}$

هـ) $y = \frac{x+r}{|x+1|-|x+r|}$

$f(x) = \begin{cases} x-r & : x \geq -r \\ -x+r & : x < -r \end{cases}$

$x \geq -\frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow \frac{r}{x+r} \Rightarrow \frac{r}{x+r}$

$\Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-\frac{1}{r}, r\}$

و) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x+r}{|x+1|-|x+r|}}$

$f(x) = \begin{cases} x-r & : x \geq -r \\ -x+r & : x < -r \end{cases}$

$x \geq -\frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow \frac{r}{x+r} \Rightarrow \frac{r}{x+r}$

$\Rightarrow D_f = \emptyset$

ز) $y = \log_r (1 - \log_r^n)$

$\Rightarrow 1 - \log_r^n > 0 \Rightarrow \log_r^n < 1 \Rightarrow \frac{n}{r} < 1$

$D_f = (0, \frac{1}{r})$

ح) $y = \log_r (1 - \log_r \frac{n}{r})$

$\Rightarrow 1 - \log_r \frac{n}{r} > 0 \Rightarrow \log_r \frac{n}{r} < 1 \Rightarrow \frac{n}{r} < \frac{1}{r}$

$\Rightarrow D_f = (0, \frac{1}{r})$

$D_f = (\frac{1}{r}, +\infty)$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{\log \log \frac{(x-1)}{\frac{1}{x}}}$$

$$\begin{cases} 1) x-1 > 0 \rightarrow x > 1 \\ 2) \log \frac{(x-1)}{\frac{1}{x}} > 0 \rightarrow x-1 > 1 \rightarrow x > 2 \\ 3) \log \log \frac{(x-1)}{\frac{1}{x}} \geq 0 \rightarrow \log \frac{(x-1)}{\frac{1}{x}} \geq 1 \rightarrow x-1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow D_f = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : x \geq 2\} \quad D_f = (2, \infty)$$

(1,9)

$$الف) y = \log(x \cos x + 1) : x \cos x + 1 > 0 \rightarrow \cos x > -\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left[\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2} \right]$$

(1,4)

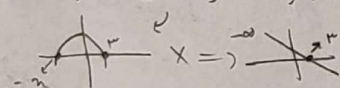
$$ب) y = \sqrt{\log \frac{(x-1)}{x+1}} \Rightarrow \frac{x-1}{x+1} > 0 : \frac{-1}{x+1} > 0 : (-\infty, -1) \cup [1, +\infty)$$

$$\Rightarrow \log \frac{(x-1)}{x+1} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{x-1}{x+1} > 1 \rightarrow \frac{x-1-x-1}{x+1} > 0 : \frac{-2}{x+1} > 0 : \frac{-1}{x+1} < 0 : (-\infty, -1)$$

$$\Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} : (-\infty, -1)$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{(a+x)x^2 + ax + b}$$

$$D_f = [-\infty, r], b = ?$$



$$\Rightarrow (a+x) = 0 \rightarrow a = -x$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{-x^2 + b} = y$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = -x \\ y = 0 \end{cases} : \sqrt{-x^2 + b} = 0 \rightarrow b = x^2$$

(5)

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + x + x - m^2} : D_f = \mathbb{R}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} 1) \Delta \geq 0 : x^2 + x + x - m^2 \geq 0 : x^2 + 2x - m^2 \geq 0 : x^2 - 1 \geq 0 : (-1, 1) \\ 2) \Delta < 0 : x^2 + x + x - m^2 < 0 : x^2 + 2x - m^2 < 0 : (-\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}) \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow m = (-1, 1) : 1 - (-1) = 2$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{2-x^2}}{[x] + [-x] + 1} : \frac{-x}{-1+1} : [-2, 2]$$

$$[x] + [-x] + 1 \neq 0$$

$$\rightarrow [x] + [-x] \neq -1 \rightarrow \text{فقط (العدد صحيح)} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\Rightarrow [-2, 2] \in \mathbb{Z} : \{-2, -1, 0, 1, 2\}$$

(1)