

ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} [4x - x^2]$ $x = -\frac{b}{2a} = \frac{-4}{-2} = (2)$ (9)
 $y = (4)$

نقطه min به عنوان داخل برآید است و با هم در این نقطه حد گذرد!

حد آن برابر 4 است

الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{|x-2|}{x^2 - 3x + 2} = \frac{0}{0}$

$\xrightarrow{x^+} \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-2}{(x-2)(x-1)} = (1)$
 $\xrightarrow{x^-} \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{-x+2}{(x-2)(x-1)} = (-1)$

ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x - [x]}{x^2 - 1} = \frac{0}{0}$

$\xrightarrow{x^+} \frac{0}{0} = 0$
 $\xrightarrow{x^-} \frac{1}{0^-} = -\infty$

الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 - \sqrt{x+1}}{x}$ (✓)

$\begin{matrix} \nearrow & \frac{0}{0} = -\infty \\ \searrow & \frac{0}{0} = +\infty \end{matrix}$

$\frac{x}{+0} - \frac{\Sigma}{+}$

$(x - \epsilon) (x - \epsilon)$
 $x = \epsilon > \Sigma$

ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x) - 3}{x - 0}$

$\begin{matrix} \nearrow & \frac{0}{0} = 0 \\ \searrow & \frac{0}{-1} = -0 \end{matrix}$

ج) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} [cn] + [-2n]$ (∧)

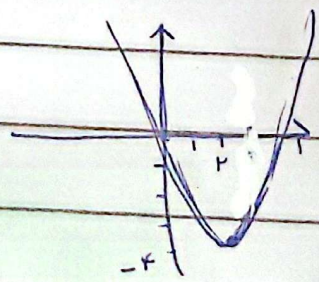
$\begin{matrix} \nearrow & 9 + (-5) = 4 \\ \searrow & 1 + (-4) = -3 \end{matrix}$

د) $\lim_{n \rightarrow 4} [-2n] + [2n]$

$\begin{matrix} \nearrow & -4 + 2 = -2 \\ \searrow & 2 + (-4) = -2 \end{matrix}$

هـ) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} [x^2 - 5x]$ (4)

$\begin{matrix} \nearrow & 4 - 10 = -6 \\ \searrow & -4 \end{matrix}$



$x^2 - 5x$

$\frac{x = 0}{y = 0} = 1$
 $\frac{y = 0}{x = -3}$

$\begin{cases} -\frac{b}{2a} = 2 \\ \frac{c}{a} \\ y = -6 \end{cases}$

الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow r} \frac{f(x) - f(r)}{x - r}$

$\begin{matrix} \nearrow \text{مث} & \frac{f(r^+) - f(r)}{0^+} = +\infty \\ \searrow \text{مث} & \frac{f(r^-) - f(r)}{0^-} = -\infty \end{matrix}$

(3)

ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow r} \frac{f(x) - f(r)}{(x - r)^2}$

$\begin{matrix} \nearrow \text{مث} & \frac{f(r^+) - f(r)}{0^+} = +\infty \\ \searrow \text{مث} & \frac{f(r^-) - f(r)}{0^-} = -\infty \end{matrix}$

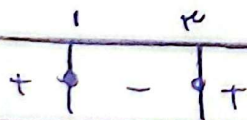
ج) $\lim_{x \rightarrow r} \frac{f(x) - f(r)}{\sqrt{x - r}}$

$\begin{matrix} \nearrow \text{مث} & \frac{q}{\sqrt{0^+}} = +\infty \\ \searrow \text{مث} & \frac{q}{\sqrt{0^-}} = \frac{\infty}{x} = \text{خارج النطاق} \end{matrix}$

(4)

د) $\lim_{x \rightarrow r} \frac{f(x) - f(r)}{\sqrt{x - r}}$

$\begin{matrix} \nearrow \text{مث} & \frac{q}{\sqrt{0^+}} = x \\ \searrow \text{مث} & \frac{q}{\sqrt{0^-}} = -\infty \end{matrix}$



$n^2 - 2 + r \leq 0$
 $(n-1)(n-r) = 0$
 $n = 1 \text{ or } r$

① عند اقتراب المتغير من قيمة معينة فإن...

بما يعني

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x) - c = \delta$$

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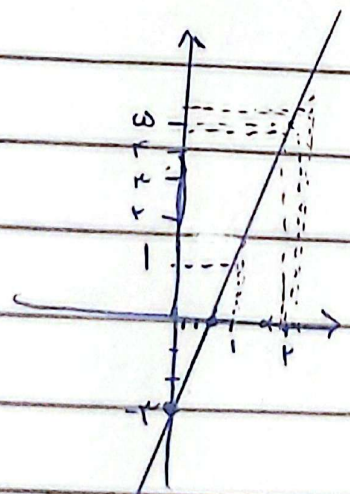
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x) - c = \delta$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x) - c = \delta$$

عدد صحيح

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow c} [f(x) - c] = \infty$$

طوب



$$\lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x) = c$$

بما يعني

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow c^+} f(x) = c$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow c^-} f(x) = c$$