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$$S_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{2} AB \sin \alpha \rightarrow f/d = \frac{\sqrt{p}}{r} \times \sin \alpha$$

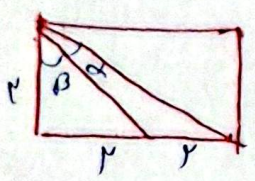
$$\sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{p}}{r} \rightarrow \boxed{\text{max s } 1/r, \text{ min s } r}$$

(1)

$$\tan B = \frac{p}{r} = 1 \quad \alpha + \beta = \theta \rightarrow \tan \theta = \frac{r}{p} = r$$

(2)

$$\tan \alpha = \tan(\theta - \beta) = \frac{\tan \theta - \tan \beta}{1 + \tan \theta \tan \beta} = \frac{r - 1}{1 + r} = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \boxed{\cot \alpha = r}$$

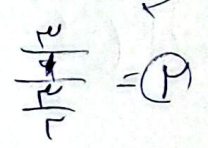
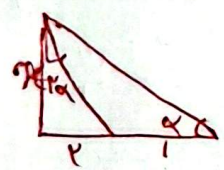


$$\cot \alpha = \frac{r}{p} \rightarrow \cot \alpha = \frac{p}{r} \rightarrow \cot \alpha = \frac{\cot \alpha - 1}{p \cot \alpha}$$

(3)

$$\Rightarrow \frac{r}{p} = \frac{p - r^2}{\frac{r^2}{p}} = \frac{r}{p} = \frac{p - r^2}{r^2} \Rightarrow p^2 r = p - r^2 \Rightarrow p^2 = \frac{p - r^2}{r} \Rightarrow p = \frac{p - r^2}{r^2}$$

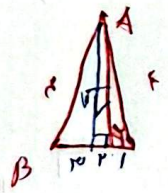
$\cot \alpha = r$



$$h = \sqrt{p} \rightarrow \tan(\theta - \alpha) = \tan \alpha \rightarrow \tan \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{p}}{r}$$

(4)

$\tan \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{p}}{r}$



$$p \sin^2 m \cos^2 n = \frac{p}{r} \rightarrow \sin^2 m \cos^2 n = \frac{p}{r}$$

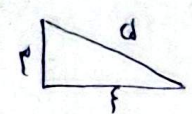
(5)

$$\Rightarrow \sin^2 m = \frac{1}{p} \rightarrow \cot^2 m = 1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sin^2 m} = 1 \rightarrow \cot^2 m = 1 \rightarrow \boxed{\tan^2 m = 1/p}$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 \alpha + r \cos^2 \alpha}{1 + \cos^2 \alpha} - \frac{\cos^2 \alpha + r \sin^2 \alpha}{1 + \sin^2 \alpha} = \frac{\cos^2 \alpha + r \cos^2 \alpha + 1}{1 + \cos^2 \alpha} - \frac{\sin^2 \alpha + r \sin^2 \alpha + 1}{1 + \sin^2 \alpha}$$

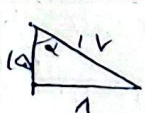
$$\Rightarrow \frac{(1 + r \cos^2 \alpha)}{1 + \cos^2 \alpha} - \frac{(r \sin^2 \alpha + 1)}{\sin^2 \alpha + 1} = 1 + r \cos^2 \alpha - 1 - \sin^2 \alpha = \boxed{\cos^2 \alpha}$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \alpha\right) \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha\right) - \tan\left(\alpha + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$\cos \alpha = \sin \alpha + \cot \alpha$

 $\Rightarrow \frac{r}{d} \times \frac{f}{r} - \frac{f}{r} + \frac{r}{f} = \boxed{\frac{r}{f}}$

$$(r \cos^2 \alpha + \sqrt{r} \sin \alpha - \sqrt{r} \cos \alpha) = r \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{4} - \sqrt{r} (\cos \alpha - \sin \alpha)$$

$$\frac{r}{r} - \sqrt{r} \left(\frac{\cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha}{\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha} \right) = \frac{r}{r} - \sqrt{r} \left(\frac{\cos \frac{\pi}{4}}{\sqrt{r} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)} \right) \Rightarrow \frac{r}{r} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}} = \boxed{\frac{r}{r}}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{r \tan\left(\frac{\alpha}{r}\right)}{1 - \left(\tan\left(\frac{\alpha}{r}\right)\right)^r} \Rightarrow \tan \alpha = \frac{\frac{1}{r}}{\frac{1}{r}} = \frac{1}{1} \Rightarrow$$


$$\Rightarrow \frac{\frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{1}}{\frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{1}} = \frac{1(1 - 1)}{\frac{1 \times 1}{1 - 1}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{1}}$$

$$\frac{\cot \alpha}{\sin \alpha} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin^2 \alpha} > 0 \rightarrow \cos \alpha > 0 \rightarrow \cos \alpha > 0$$

$$r \sin \alpha < r \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sin \alpha > 0 \rightarrow \cos \alpha > 0 \\ \sin \alpha < 0 \rightarrow \cos \alpha < 0 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{r}{r}}$$