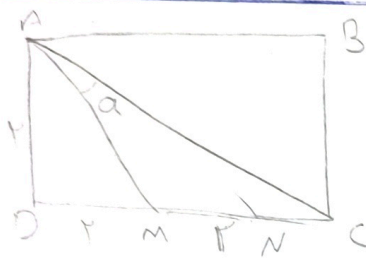




$$S = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin \alpha \Rightarrow S = \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 4 \times \sin \alpha = 8 \sin \alpha \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{S}{8} = \frac{\sqrt{12}}{8}$$

$\left. \begin{array}{l} \min \sin \alpha = 40^\circ \\ \max \sin \alpha = 110^\circ \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \frac{12}{4} = 3$

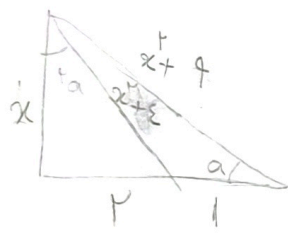


$$AN^2 = 4 + 14 = 18 \rightarrow AN = \sqrt{18}$$

$$AM^2 = 4 + 4 - 1 \rightarrow AM = \sqrt{7}$$

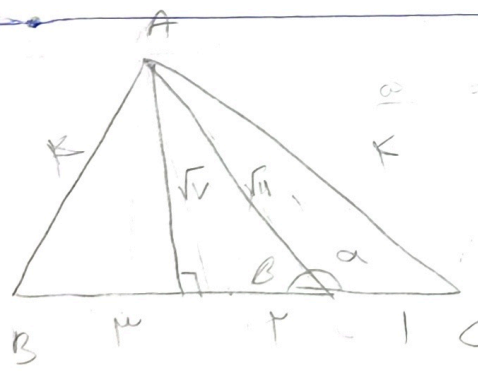
$\rightarrow 4 = 4 + 4 - 2 \times \sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{7} \times \cos \alpha \Rightarrow 4 = 8 - 2 \times \sqrt{126} \times \cos \alpha$
 $12 = \sqrt{126} \times \cos \alpha \Rightarrow 12 = 3\sqrt{14} \times \cos \alpha \Rightarrow \frac{4}{\sqrt{14}} = \cos \alpha$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{4}{\sqrt{14}} \quad \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{14}} \Rightarrow \cot \alpha = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{4}{1} = 4 \Rightarrow \cot \alpha = 4$$



$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \cot \alpha = \frac{4}{1} \\ \tan \alpha = \frac{1}{4} \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \frac{4}{1} = \frac{4}{1} = 4$$

$$\frac{4}{1} = 4 \rightarrow \frac{4}{1} = 4 \rightarrow \cot \alpha = \frac{4}{1} = 4$$



$$\tan \beta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\tan \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{4}{4} \rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{4}{4} \rightarrow 2 \sin^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4} = \cos^2 \alpha$$

$$\tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{(1 - \cos^2 a)^{1/2} + \epsilon \cos^2 a}{1 + \cos^2 a} = \frac{(1 - \sin^2 a)^{1/2} + \epsilon \sin^2 a}{1 + \sin^2 a}$$

(4)

$$\frac{1 - \sqrt{\cos^2 a + \cos^2 a} + \cos^2 a + \epsilon \cos^2 a}{1 + \cos^2 a} = \frac{1 - \sqrt{\sin^2 a + \sin^2 a} + \sin^2 a + \epsilon \sin^2 a}{1 + \sin^2 a} \rightarrow \frac{\cos^2 a}{\cos^2 a} = \frac{\sin^2 a}{\sin^2 a}$$

$$\sqrt{\cos^2 a + \sin^2 a} - 1 = \cos^2 a - \sin^2 a = \cos 2a$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{90^\circ}{r} + a\right) \cos\left(\frac{14^\circ}{r} - a\right) - \tan\left(a - \frac{14^\circ}{r}\right) = -\cos a \times -\sin a + \cot a$$

(5)

$$\cot a = \frac{14}{9}$$

$$1 + \tan^2 a = \frac{1}{\cos^2 a} \rightarrow 1 + \frac{14^2}{9^2} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 a} \rightarrow \cos^2 a = \frac{9}{25}$$

$$1 - \frac{9}{25} = \frac{14^2}{10^2} \rightarrow \sin^2 a = \frac{8}{5}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{14}{9} \times \frac{9}{25} - \frac{9}{25} + \frac{14}{9} &= \frac{14}{10} + \frac{14}{9} \\ -\frac{14}{9} + \frac{14}{9} &= \frac{14}{10} \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\mu \cos^2\left(\frac{a}{r}\right) + \sqrt{PS} \cdot \frac{1}{r} - \sqrt{T} \cos \frac{a}{r} = \frac{\mu}{r} + \sqrt{T} (\sin a - \cos a) = \frac{\mu}{r} + \sqrt{T} \sin(1a - 45^\circ) \times \sqrt{2}$$

(6)

$$\frac{\mu}{r} - \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r} \sqrt{2}$$

$$1 + \left(\tan\left(\frac{a}{r}\right)\right)^2 = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \frac{a}{r}} \rightarrow 1 + \frac{1}{14^2} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \frac{a}{r}} \rightarrow \cos^2 \frac{a}{r} = \frac{14^2}{14^2 + 1} \rightarrow \sin^2 \frac{a}{r} = \frac{1}{14^2 + 1}$$

(7)

$$\sin a = 14 \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{14^2 + 1}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{14^2 + 1}} = \frac{14}{14^2 + 1}$$

$$\frac{\tan a - \sin a}{\sin a - \cos a} = \frac{\frac{14}{10} - \frac{14}{14}}{\frac{14}{14} - \frac{10}{14}} = \frac{144 - 14}{10 \times 14} = \frac{-14}{14} = -1.0$$

$$\cos a = \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{14}{14^2 + 1}\right)^2} = \frac{10}{14}$$

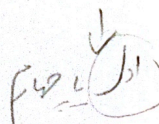
$$\cos a > 0 \leftarrow \frac{\cos a}{\sin a}$$

$$\sqrt{\sin a} < \sin a$$

(8)

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$$\sqrt{\sin a} < \sin a$$



$$\boxed{\sin a} \leftarrow \begin{cases} \sin a < 0 \\ \cos a > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$1 - \cos a < \sqrt{\sin a} - \cos a - \sqrt{\sin a}$$

$$\leftarrow 0 < \sqrt{\sin a} (\cos a - 1)$$