

$$0 = b + a + c$$

$$x = 1$$

$$x = \frac{b+c}{a} = \frac{-(\log b + \log c)}{\log a - \log e} = 0$$

$$|1-0| = 1$$

$$\log_a x \times \log_x a = \log_a a \Rightarrow 1 \times 1 = 1$$

$$\log_{10} 10 = \log_{10} 10 \Rightarrow 1$$

$$\log_{10} 10 + \log_{10} 10 = 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{1}\right)^1 = 1$$

$$\log_{10} 10 + \log_{10} 10 = 2$$

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sol ch 10

$$\log_m a \rightarrow \log_m a = a$$

$$b = \log_m a = \frac{\log_m a + \log_m a}{\log_m a + \log_m a} = \frac{1a+1}{a+1} = 1 + \frac{a}{a+1}$$

$$\rightarrow [b] = 1$$

$$x > 0 \quad \frac{1}{x} > 0 \quad \log_m \frac{1}{x} > 0 \quad \log_m x \neq 0$$

$$+ \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x} = 0 \quad x > 1 \Rightarrow \log_m x > 0$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 - 1} \neq 1 = 0 \quad R = \text{circle}$$

$$x(\log a)^x + 1 - x \log a = 0$$

$$x(\log a)^x + 1 - x \log a = 0$$

$$(x \log a - 1)^x = 0$$

$$\log a = 1 \quad a = 10$$

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$$\log_4 16 = \frac{1}{\log_4 4 + \log_4 4} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\log_4 4 + \log_4 4} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\log_2 4} + \frac{1}{\log_2 4}} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} = 1$$

$$\frac{10,12}{10,4} = \boxed{2,25}$$

$$\log_4 4 \times \log_4 4 = \log_4 16 \Rightarrow 4 \times 4 = 16$$

$$\log_{r^r} 4 \times r = \log_{r^r} 4^r + \log_{r^r} r = \frac{r}{r} \log_{r^r} 4 + \frac{1}{r} \log_{r^r} r = m$$

$$\log_{r^r} 4 = \frac{m - \frac{1}{r}}{\frac{r}{r}} \Rightarrow \log_{r^r} 4 = \frac{r(m-1)}{r}$$

$$\log_{r^r} 4 \times r = \frac{1}{r} \log_{r^r} 4 + \log_{r^r} r = \frac{1}{r} \left(\frac{r(m-1)}{r} \right) + 1 = \frac{r(m-1)}{r} + 1 = \frac{r(m-1)}{r} + \frac{r}{r} = \frac{r(m-1) + r}{r} = \frac{r(m-1+1)}{r} = \frac{r \cdot m}{r} = m$$

$$\left(\frac{r}{a}\right)^{r \cdot n - 1} = \left(\frac{r}{a}\right)^{-r \cdot n}$$

$$r \cdot n - 1 = -r \cdot n$$

$$r \cdot n + r \cdot n - 1 = 0$$

$$2r \cdot n - 1 = 0$$

$$2r \cdot n = 1$$

$$\log_{\frac{r}{a}} \left(\frac{r}{a} \right)^{r \cdot n - 1} = \log_{\frac{r}{a}} \left(\frac{r}{a} \right)^{-r \cdot n} = \log_{\frac{r}{a}} \left(\frac{r}{a} \right)^{-r \cdot n} = \frac{r}{a} \log_{\frac{r}{a}} \left(\frac{r}{a} \right)^{-r \cdot n} = \frac{r}{a} \cdot (-r \cdot n) = -r^2 \cdot n$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \log_{r^r} b = \frac{1}{r} (1 + \log_{r^r} r) \rightarrow \log_{r^r} b = r \log_{r^r} r = \log_{r^r} r^r \rightarrow b = r^r$$

$$\log_{10} 10^{10-1} = 9$$

$$\alpha + \beta = \frac{b}{\Sigma a} \quad \frac{b}{\Sigma a} = \log_{10} \Sigma \quad \frac{b}{a} = \Sigma \times \log_{10} \Sigma = 2 (r \log_{10} r) =$$

$$r \log_{10} r \quad a = \frac{b+c}{r} \quad b+c = ra \quad \frac{b}{a} + \frac{c}{a} = r \quad \frac{c}{a} = r - \frac{b}{a} \Rightarrow$$

$$r - r \log_{10} r$$

$$r - \frac{1}{r} (r - r \log_{10} r) = -\frac{1}{r} + \log_{10} r$$