

$$\sqrt{n+1} \left(\frac{-r\sqrt{n-1}}{9-n+1} \right) = \frac{(\sqrt{n-1})^r}{\sqrt{n-1}}$$

$$t = \sqrt{x-1}$$

-1

$$\rightarrow r\sqrt{n+1} = n-1$$

$$\Rightarrow x = t^2 + 1 \rightarrow t \geq 0$$

$$\rightarrow x^2 = 4n + 9$$

$$\rightarrow x = 1 \pm \sqrt{4} \sqrt{t^2 + 1} \left(\frac{1}{t+1} - \frac{1}{1-t} \right) = t$$

$$x = 1 \pm \sqrt{4} \sqrt{t^2 + 1}$$

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$$\sqrt{t^2 + 1} \cdot \frac{1-t^2}{(t+1)(1-t)} = t$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x}+1} - \frac{1}{1-\sqrt{1-x}} = \frac{-r\sqrt{1-x}}{n+1} \rightarrow \frac{-r\sqrt{1-x}}{x+1} = \frac{1-x}{2\sqrt{1-x}}$$

-1

$$\rightarrow x^2 + 1 \cdot x - 1 = 0 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x = 1 \rightarrow \text{مخرج افسردگی} \\ x = -1 \rightarrow \text{ریشه غیر است} \end{array} \right.$$

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$$\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{(1-x)^2} = \frac{19}{9}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3} \pm \frac{\sqrt{10}}{3}$$

$$1 + \frac{2}{3} + \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{10}}{3} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{10}}{3} \right) = 2$$

Arman

$$\frac{L_0}{\omega} = \frac{\Delta}{K}$$

$$\frac{L_1 \omega}{L_0 \omega} = \frac{L_1}{L_0} = \frac{P}{\omega/K} = \frac{KP}{\Delta} \quad \rho = \frac{1+\sqrt{\alpha}}{2}$$

$$\frac{KP}{\omega} = \frac{2(1+\sqrt{\alpha})}{\omega} \cdot \frac{2+2\sqrt{\alpha}}{\omega} \quad \rho = \frac{1+\sqrt{\alpha}}{2}$$

$$\rho = \sqrt{\frac{L^2 + \omega^2}{L}} = \rho$$

$$\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{K^2}} = \rho \Rightarrow 1 + \frac{1}{K^2} = \rho^2$$

$$K^2 = \frac{1}{\rho} = \rho - 1 = \frac{\sqrt{\alpha} - 1}{2}$$

$$\left(\frac{L}{\omega}\right)^2 = \frac{\sqrt{\alpha} - 1}{2}$$