

تکلیف ۱۱ از فصل ۱۱

$$x^r - \epsilon = f(x) \rightarrow R = (a^r - \epsilon, +\infty) \quad | \quad x^r - \epsilon = f(x) \rightarrow R = (-\infty, |a - \epsilon|]$$

$$\Rightarrow |a - \epsilon| < a^r - \epsilon \rightarrow a^r |a + \epsilon| > 0 \quad x \quad \begin{matrix} \text{فرض} \\ r \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} -\epsilon \\ -\frac{\epsilon}{2} + \frac{\epsilon}{2} \end{matrix} \rightarrow a^r - \epsilon$$

$$f(x) = rx + k \rightarrow y = rx + k \rightarrow y - k = rx \rightarrow x = \frac{y - k}{r} \rightarrow y = \frac{x - k}{r} \rightarrow f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x - k}{r}$$

$$\rightarrow f^{-1}(r) = \epsilon \rightarrow \frac{r - k}{r} = \epsilon \rightarrow r - k = r\epsilon \rightarrow k = -1$$

الف) $f(x) = r(x) - 1 = r(1) - 1 = 0$ ب) $f(f(x)) = r(rx - 1) - 1 = 9x - \epsilon$

$$f(x) = \frac{ax}{x-1} \rightarrow y = \frac{ax}{x-1} \rightarrow y(x-1) = ax \rightarrow (y-a)x = y \rightarrow x = \frac{y}{y-a} \Rightarrow f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{x-a}$$

$$A(xa, a) \rightarrow \frac{xa}{xa-a} = a \rightarrow \frac{xa}{a} = a \rightarrow a = x$$

الف) $f \circ f^{-1} = \{(1,1), (2,2), (3,3), (4,4)\}$ ع

ب) $f^{-1} \circ f = \{(1,1), (2,2), (3,3), (4,4)\}$

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$$g^{-1} \circ f = \{(1,1), (2,2), (3,3)\} \rightarrow f \circ g^{-1} = \{(1,1), (2,2), (3,3)\}$$

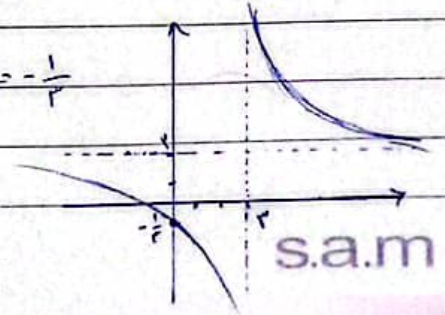
$$\frac{h}{f \circ g^{-1}} = \frac{1}{1} = 1 \quad \frac{h}{f \circ g^{-1}} = \frac{2}{2} = 1 \quad \frac{h}{f \circ g^{-1}} = \frac{3}{3} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{h}{f \circ g^{-1}} = \{(1,1), (2,2)\}$$

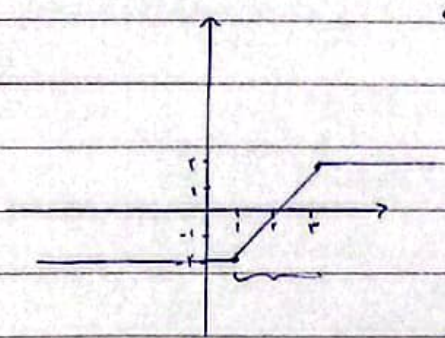
$$y = \frac{rx+1}{x-2} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{میانبر} \rightarrow \frac{a}{c} = y \rightarrow r = y \\ \text{میانبر} \rightarrow \frac{a}{c} = y \rightarrow r = y \end{cases} \rightarrow n=0 \rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{r} \rightarrow A / -\frac{1}{r}$$

تکلیف ۱۱

$$y = \frac{rx+1}{x-2} \rightarrow y(x-2) = rx+1 \rightarrow (y-2)x = rx+1 \rightarrow x = \frac{rx+1}{y-2} \rightarrow f^{-1}(x) = \frac{rx+1}{y-2}$$

$$y = \frac{rx+1}{x-2} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{میانبر} \rightarrow \frac{a}{c} = y \rightarrow r = y \\ \text{میانبر} \rightarrow \frac{a}{c} = y \rightarrow r = y \end{cases} \rightarrow n=0 \rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{r}$$





$$y = |x-1| - |x-3| \Rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 & f \\ -1 & 1 & -2 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow [a, b] \rightarrow [1, 3] \rightarrow a=1 \quad b=3$$

$$y = |x-1| - |x-3|, x \in [1, 3] \rightarrow y = x-1 - (3-x) = 2x-4$$

$$y = 2x-4 \rightarrow 2x = y+4 \rightarrow x = \frac{y+4}{2} \rightarrow 1 \leq \frac{y+4}{2} \leq 3$$

$$\rightarrow y \in [-2, 2] \Rightarrow f^{-1}(y) = \frac{y+4}{2}, y \in [-2, 2]$$

$$x^r + f = y \rightarrow R = [\omega, +\infty) \quad f_{n-1} = y \rightarrow R = (-\infty, -1]$$

$$y = x^r + f \rightarrow x^r = y - f \rightarrow x = \sqrt[r]{y-f} \quad x \geq 1 \rightarrow y \geq 1$$

$$y = f_{n-1} \rightarrow f_n = y+1 \rightarrow x = \frac{y+1}{f} \quad x \leq -1 \rightarrow y \leq -1$$

$$f^{-1}(y) = \begin{cases} \sqrt[r]{y-f} & x \geq 1 \\ \frac{y+1}{f} & x \leq -1 \end{cases}$$

$$f(x) = x^r \frac{(x+1)^r}{x+r} \rightarrow f(x) = \frac{x^r + r x^r - x^r - 1 - r x^r - r x}{x+r} = \frac{-r x - 1}{x+r}$$

$$\rightarrow y = \frac{-r x - 1}{x+r} \rightarrow y x + r y = -r x - 1 \rightarrow (y+r)x = -r y - 1 \rightarrow x = \frac{-r y - 1}{y+r} \rightarrow y = \frac{-r x - 1}{x+r}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{-r x - 1}{x+r} = \frac{a x + b}{r x + d} \rightarrow a = -r \quad b = -1 \quad d = r \rightarrow f^{-1}(y) = \frac{-r y - 1}{y+r}$$

$$y = \frac{x}{x^r + 1} \rightarrow y(x^r + 1) = x \rightarrow y x^r + y = x \rightarrow y x^r + y - x = 0$$

$$\rightarrow x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{A}}{r a} \rightarrow a = y \quad b = -1 \quad c = y \rightarrow x = \frac{-(-1) \pm \sqrt{1 - 4 y^2}}{2 y}, y \neq 0$$

تابع بین $-\frac{1}{r}$ و $\frac{1}{r}$ متناهی می شود و متناهی می شود [در $\frac{1}{r}$ و $-\frac{1}{r}$ تقریب می شود]

$$f^{-1}(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1 + \sqrt{1 - 4 x^r}}{2 x} & x > 0 \\ \frac{1 - \sqrt{1 - 4 x^r}}{2 x} & x < 0 \end{cases}, x \in [-\frac{1}{r}, \frac{1}{r}]$$