

نام و نام خانوادگی: نام پدر: نام مادر: پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره کلاس: تاریخ: A

نام برد مشتق دالة با سده

$$x^3 - 2 = 12x - 20 \xrightarrow{a} a^3 - 2 = 12a - 20$$

$$a^3 - 2 - 12a + 20 = 0 \rightarrow a^3 - 12a + 18 = 0 \rightarrow a(a^2 - 12) = -18$$

$$x^3 - 2, x > -2 \Rightarrow a = -2$$

$$12x - 20, x \leq -2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma &\xrightarrow{f^{-1}} \varepsilon & f(\varepsilon) &= 12 + k & f(x) &= 3x - 10 \\ \varepsilon &\xrightarrow{f} \gamma & 12 + k &= \gamma & k &= -10 \end{aligned}$$

$$f(u) = 21 - 10 = 11$$

$$f(f(x)) = f(3x - 10) = 3(3x - 10) - 10$$

$$f(3x - 10) = 9x - 40$$

$$y = \frac{ax}{x-1} \rightarrow y(x-1) = ax \rightarrow yx - y = ax \rightarrow y(x-a) = x$$

$$y = \frac{x}{x-a}$$

$$\downarrow x = \frac{ay}{y-1} \Rightarrow f(a) = \frac{ya}{ya-a} = 2 \quad f(a) = a \quad a = 2$$

$$f^{-1} = \{(\omega, 3), (8, 4), (2, 7), (4, 9)\} \quad g^{-1} = \{(2, 3), (4, 7), (\omega, 9)\}$$

$$a) f \circ f^{-1} = \{(\omega, \omega), (8, 8), (2, 2), (4, 4)\} \quad b) f \circ f^{-1} = \{(\omega, \omega), (8, 8), (2, 2), (4, 4)\}$$

$$c) f \circ g^{-1} = \{(2, \omega), (\omega, 4)\} \quad d) f \circ g^{-1} = \{(2, 9), (7, 3), (9, 8)\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \omega &\xrightarrow{f^{-1}} 2 \xrightarrow{f} \omega \\ 2 &\xrightarrow{f^{-1}} 7 \xrightarrow{f} 2 \\ 7 &\xrightarrow{f^{-1}} 4 \xrightarrow{f} 7 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3 &\xrightarrow{g^{-1}} \omega \xrightarrow{g} 3 \\ \omega &\xrightarrow{g^{-1}} 4 \xrightarrow{g} \omega \\ 4 &\xrightarrow{g^{-1}} 9 \xrightarrow{g} 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$g^{-1} = \{(1, 2), (3, 4), (\omega, 7)\} \quad f \circ g^{-1} = \{(1, 4), (3, 1), (\omega, 8)\}$$

$$h = \{(1, \frac{1}{2}), (3, 4), (\omega, \frac{1}{\omega})\} \rightarrow \{(1, \frac{1}{2}), (3, 2)\}$$

$x = \frac{y+1}{y-1} \rightarrow xy - x = y + 1 \rightarrow xy - 1y = 1x + 1$
 $\Rightarrow xy - 1y = 1x + 1 \rightarrow y(x-1) = 1x + 1$
 $y = \frac{1x+1}{x-1}$
 $3 = \frac{1x+1}{x-1}$
 $3(x-1) = 1x+1$
 $3x-3 = 1x+1$
 $2x = 4$
 $x = 2$
 $y = \frac{1(2)+1}{2-1} = \frac{3}{1} = 3$

$y = 2x - 3$
 $x = \frac{y+3}{2}$
 $y = 2\left(\frac{y+3}{2}\right) - 3$
 $y = y + 3 - 3$
 $y = y$

$y = x + 1$
 $x = y - 1$
 $y = (y - 1) + 1$
 $y = y$

$f(x) = \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = x$
 $f(1) = 1 \rightarrow f'(1) = 1$
 $\Rightarrow -\frac{1}{x^2} = -1$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{1}{x^2} = 1$
 $\Rightarrow x^2 = 1$
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$y = \frac{x}{x^2+1} \rightarrow x = \frac{y}{y^2+1} \rightarrow xy^2 + x = y \rightarrow xy^2 + x - y = 0$
 $y = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1-4x^2}}{2x}$
 $f(x) = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1-4x^2}}{2x}$