

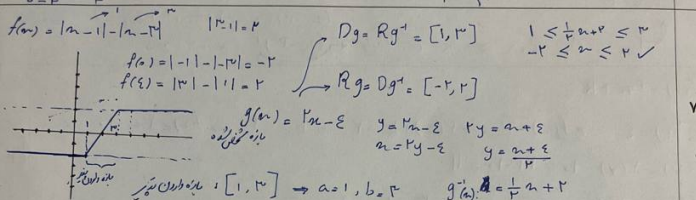
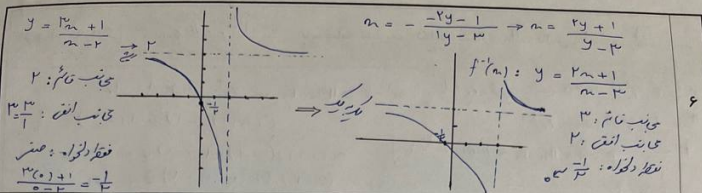
برای $x > a$ داریم $x^3 - \varepsilon > 12x - 20 \rightarrow x^3 - \varepsilon > 12x - 14$
 برای $x \leq a$ داریم $12x - 20 < \min x^3 - \varepsilon$
 $\Rightarrow \max 12x - 20 < \min x^3 - \varepsilon$
 $a > -\varepsilon$
 $\boxed{x > -\varepsilon} \leftarrow x + \varepsilon \geq 0 \leftarrow \text{پسواره نامنفی} \leftarrow (x - 2)^2 (x + 5) \geq 0$
 $x(x+2)(x-2) - 12(x-2) \geq 0$
 $(x-2)(x^2 + 2x - 12) \geq 0$
 $(x-2)(x-2)(x+5) \geq 0$
 $(x-2)^2 (x+5) \geq 0$

$f(x) = 3x + k$
 $f^{-1}(y) = \varepsilon \rightarrow f(\varepsilon) = y \rightarrow 3(\varepsilon) + k = y \rightarrow k = -10 \rightarrow f(x) = 3x - 10$
 $f(v) = 3(v) - 10 = 21 - 10 = 11$
 $f(f(x)) = 3(3x - 10) - 10 = 9x - 30 - 10 = 9x - 40$

$y = \frac{ax}{x-1}$, $x = \frac{ay}{y-1}$
 $A(p_a, a) \rightarrow a = \frac{p_a}{p_a - a} \rightarrow a = \frac{p_a}{a} = \boxed{p}$
 $xy - x = ay$
 $xy - ay = x$
 $y(x - a) = x$
 $y = \frac{x}{x - a}$

f^{-1}	f	f^{-1}	f	f^{-1}	f	f^{-1}
$\omega \rightarrow 3$	$3 \rightarrow \omega$	$\omega \rightarrow 3$	$3 \rightarrow \omega$	$\omega \rightarrow 3$	$3 \rightarrow \omega$	$\omega \rightarrow 3$
$v \rightarrow 4$	$4 \rightarrow v$	$v \rightarrow 4$	$4 \rightarrow v$	$v \rightarrow 4$	$4 \rightarrow v$	$v \rightarrow 4$
$2 \rightarrow 7$	$7 \rightarrow 2$	$2 \rightarrow 7$	$7 \rightarrow 2$	$2 \rightarrow 7$	$7 \rightarrow 2$	$2 \rightarrow 7$
$4 \rightarrow 9$	$9 \rightarrow 4$	$4 \rightarrow 9$	$9 \rightarrow 4$	$4 \rightarrow 9$	$9 \rightarrow 4$	$4 \rightarrow 9$
$f \circ f^{-1} = \{(\omega, \omega), (v, v), (2, 2), (4, 4)\}$	$f^{-1} \circ f = \{(\omega, \omega), (v, v), (2, 2), (4, 4)\}$	$f \circ f^{-1} = \{(\omega, \omega), (v, v), (2, 2), (4, 4)\}$	$f^{-1} \circ f = \{(\omega, \omega), (v, v), (2, 2), (4, 4)\}$	$f \circ f^{-1} = \{(\omega, \omega), (v, v), (2, 2), (4, 4)\}$	$f^{-1} \circ f = \{(\omega, \omega), (v, v), (2, 2), (4, 4)\}$	$f \circ f^{-1} = \{(\omega, \omega), (v, v), (2, 2), (4, 4)\}$

$f \circ g^{-1} = \{(\omega, \omega), (v, v), (2, 2), (4, 4)\}$
 $g^{-1} = \{(\omega, \omega), (v, v), (2, 2), (4, 4)\}$
 $h = \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{\varepsilon} \right), \left(\frac{3}{\varepsilon}, \frac{\varepsilon}{\lambda} \right), \left(\omega, \frac{1}{10} \right) \right\} = \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{\mu} \right), \left(\frac{1}{\mu}, \frac{1}{\nu} \right), \left(\frac{1}{\nu}, \frac{1}{10} \right) \right\}$
 $f \circ g^{-1} = \{(\omega, \omega), (v, v), (2, 2), (4, 4)\}$
 $h = \{(\omega, \omega), (v, v), (2, 2), (4, 4)\}$



$f(n) \begin{cases} n^r + \varepsilon & ; n \geq 1 \\ \varepsilon n - 1 & ; n \leq 0 \end{cases}$

$y = n^r + \varepsilon \rightarrow n = y^{\frac{1}{r}} + \varepsilon$ $\sqrt[r]{n - \varepsilon} \geq 1$
 $y^{\frac{1}{r}} = n - \varepsilon$ $n - \varepsilon \geq 1$
 $y = \sqrt[r]{n - \varepsilon}$ $n \geq \omega$

$+ \Rightarrow \max f_{n-1} < \min n^r + \varepsilon$

$\max f_{n-1} = \varepsilon(0) - 1 = -1$ $y = \varepsilon n - 1 \rightarrow n = \frac{y + 1}{\varepsilon}$ $\frac{n + 1}{\varepsilon} \leq 0$
 $\min n^r + \varepsilon = (1)^r + \varepsilon = \omega$ $\varepsilon y = n + 1$ $n + 1 \leq 0$
 $-1 < \omega \rightarrow$

$f^{-1}(n) \begin{cases} \sqrt[r]{n + \varepsilon} & ; n \geq 0 \\ \frac{n + 1}{\varepsilon} & ; n \leq -1 \end{cases}$

$f(n) = \frac{n^r (n+r)}{n+r} - \frac{(n+1)^r}{n+r} = \frac{n^r + \frac{r}{n} n^r - n^r - 1 - \frac{r}{n} n^r - \frac{r}{n} n^r}{n+r} = \frac{-r_{n-1}}{n+r}$

$f(n) = \frac{-r_{n-1}}{n+r} \rightarrow n = -\frac{ry - (-1)}{1y - (-r)} = \frac{-ry - 1}{y + r} \rightarrow y = \frac{-r_{n-1}}{n+r}$

$f^{-1}(n) = \frac{-r_{n-1}}{n+r} \rightarrow \frac{-r_{n-1}}{n+r} \times \frac{r}{r} = \frac{-ry - 1}{r_{n-1} + y} \Rightarrow b = -r$ $f^{-1}(r) = \frac{-r(-r) - 1}{r(-r) + r} = \frac{1}{r} = \omega$

$f(n) = \frac{a}{n^r + 1}$ $\begin{cases} Df = \mathbb{R} \\ Rf = [-\frac{1}{r}, \frac{1}{r}] \end{cases}$

$y = \frac{a}{n^r + 1} \Rightarrow n = \sqrt[r]{\frac{a}{y} - 1}$

$y = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 - \varepsilon a^r}}{r_n}$

$Df^{-1} = [-\frac{1}{r}, \frac{1}{r}]$
 $R(f^{-1}) = \mathbb{R}$
 $Ry = \mathbb{R}$

$y = \frac{1 - \sqrt{1 - \varepsilon a^r}}{r_n}$

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