

$$1) y = x^r \cdot \varepsilon n + r + 1 = 1 \rightarrow y = x^r \cdot \varepsilon n + \varepsilon = 1 \rightarrow y = (n-r)^r = 1 \rightarrow (n-r)^r = y+1$$

$$\rightarrow n-r = \pm \sqrt[r]{y+1} \rightarrow n = r \pm \sqrt[r]{y+1} \rightarrow f^{-1}(n) = r \pm \sqrt[r]{n+1}$$

$D = [r, +\infty)$ - لایه ترانه ضعیف باشد چون

$$y = x + \sqrt{x} \rightarrow n = y + \sqrt{y} \quad \sqrt{y} = n \rightarrow x = n^r + n \rightarrow n^r + n - x = 0 \rightarrow n = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1 + 4n}}{2}$$

$$\sqrt{y} \geq 0 \rightarrow n = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{1 + 4n}}{2} \quad n = \sqrt{y} \quad n^r = y \rightarrow y = \left(\frac{\sqrt{1 + 4n} - 1}{2} \right)^r \rightarrow y = \frac{\varepsilon n + r - r \sqrt{1 + \varepsilon n}}{\varepsilon}$$

$$\rightarrow y = x + \frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r} \sqrt{1 + \varepsilon n} \rightarrow y = x + \frac{1}{r} - \sqrt{x + \frac{1}{\varepsilon}} \rightarrow f^{-1}(n) = x + \frac{1}{r} - \sqrt{x + \frac{1}{\varepsilon}}$$

$$a = 1 \quad b = \frac{1}{r} \quad c = -\frac{1}{\varepsilon} \rightarrow a + rb + \varepsilon c = 1 + 1 - 1 = 1$$

$$y_1 = y_2 \rightarrow \frac{x_1}{\sqrt{n_1^r - r}} = \frac{n_2}{\sqrt{n_2^r - r}} \rightarrow \frac{x_1^r}{x_1^r - r} = \frac{n_2^r}{n_2^r - r} \rightarrow x_1^r x_2^r - r n_2^r = x_2^r x_1^r - r n_1^r$$

$$\rightarrow x_1^r = n_2^r \rightarrow x_1 = \pm x_2 \quad \text{لایه ترانه ضعیف باشد} \quad x_1 = x_2$$

$$\text{فرض کنیم: } y = \frac{x}{\sqrt{n^r - r}} \rightarrow n = \frac{y}{\sqrt{y^r - r}} \rightarrow x^r = \frac{y^r}{y^r - r} \rightarrow x^r y^r - r n^r = y^r$$

$$\rightarrow x^r y^r - y^r = r n^r \rightarrow y^r (x^r - 1) = r n^r \rightarrow y^r = \frac{r n^r}{x^r - 1} \rightarrow y = \pm \sqrt[r]{\frac{r n^r}{x^r - 1}} \rightarrow y = \frac{\sqrt[r]{r} n}{\sqrt[r]{x^r - 1}}$$

نمی توانیم y و x

$$f^{-1}(n) = \begin{cases} \frac{n}{1+n} & n \geq 0 \rightarrow R = [0, 1) \\ \frac{n}{1-n} & n < 0 \rightarrow R = (-1, 0) \end{cases} \xrightarrow{U} (-1, 1) = R$$

$$\Rightarrow f(n) = \begin{cases} \frac{n}{1-n} & n \geq 0 \\ \frac{n}{1+n} & n < 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow f\left(-\frac{r}{\varepsilon}\right) = \frac{-\frac{r}{\varepsilon}}{\frac{r}{\varepsilon}} = -\frac{r}{r} = -1$$

s.a.m

$$g(n) = \sqrt{n} - 1 \rightarrow \text{بديهي : } y = \sqrt{n} - 1 \rightarrow n = \sqrt{y} - 1 \rightarrow n + 1 = \sqrt{y}$$

$$\rightarrow y = (n+1)^r \rightarrow g^{-1}(n) = (n+1)^r$$

$$\rightarrow g^{-1}\left(-\frac{r}{\omega}\right) = \frac{9}{r\omega}$$

$$f\left(-\frac{r}{\omega}\right) + g^{-1}\left(-\frac{r}{\omega}\right) = -\frac{r}{r} + \frac{9}{r\omega} = \frac{-\omega + 9}{r\omega} = \frac{-r^2}{r\omega}$$

$$f^{-1}(n) = \sqrt[n]{n-1} \rightarrow f(n) = n^r + 1$$

$$g(n) = f(n) + \sqrt[n]{f(n)} = n^r + 1 + \sqrt[n]{n^r + 1} \rightarrow g(n) = 15$$

$$\Rightarrow n^r + 1 + \sqrt[n]{n^r + 1} = 15 \quad \sqrt[n]{n^r + 1} = n \rightarrow n^r = n^r + 1 \rightarrow n^r + n = 15 \rightarrow n^r + n - 15 = 0$$

$$\rightarrow n = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+61}}{r} = \frac{-1 \pm 8}{r} \rightarrow n = 7 \quad n = -9 \rightarrow n \geq 0 \rightarrow n = 7$$

$$\sqrt[n^r + 1]{} = 7 \rightarrow n^r + 1 = 49 \rightarrow n^r = 48 \rightarrow n = 7$$

$$\Rightarrow g^{-1}(15) = 7$$