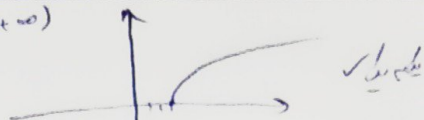


$$\text{الف) } y = \sqrt{x-1}$$

$$Rf = Df^{-1} \times [0, +\infty)$$

$$x = \sqrt{y-1} \rightarrow x^2 = y-1 \rightarrow \boxed{f^{-1}(x) = x^2 + 1}$$



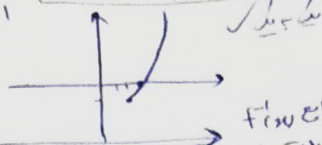
$$\text{ب) } y = x^2 - 8x + 17, x \in [0, +\infty) \quad \text{و} \quad \left| \frac{\frac{b}{a} = \frac{8}{2} = 4}{c - a \cdot \frac{b^2}{4} = -1} \right|$$

$$x \leq 4 \rightarrow y \leq 9 - 16 + 17 = 0$$

$$x = \sqrt{y-1} \rightarrow y = x^2 + 1 \rightarrow (x-4)^2 = 1 \rightarrow x-4 = \pm \sqrt{y-1}$$

$$x \leq 4 \pm \sqrt{y-1} + 4 \rightarrow \boxed{f^{-1}(x) = 4 \pm \sqrt{x+1} + 4}$$

$$Rf = Df^{-1} \times [-1, +\infty)$$



فرد تابع اولی برلری با دامنه تابع تابع $f^{-1}(x)$ بین مقادیر ثابت ثابت قابل قبول است

$$f(x) = y \leq x + \sqrt{x+1} + \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow y \leq (x + \frac{1}{x}) - \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow x = (\sqrt{y+1} + \frac{1}{y}) - \frac{1}{y} \Rightarrow \sqrt{y+1} - \frac{1}{y} \leq \sqrt{y}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = y \leq x + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x} - \sqrt{x+1} \in \sqrt{y} \leq \sqrt{x+1} - \frac{1}{x} \leftarrow \text{تابعی است بین مقادیر ثابت ثابت قابل قبول است}$$

$$ax + b - \sqrt{x-c} \leq x + \frac{1}{x} - \sqrt{x+1}$$

$$1 + x(\frac{1}{x}) + x(\frac{1}{x}) = 1$$

$$(a < 1) \quad (b \leq \frac{1}{x}) \quad (c = -\frac{1}{x}) \Rightarrow$$

$$y = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2-1}} \xrightarrow{(\cdot)^2} \frac{x^2}{x^2-1} \leq y^2 \rightarrow x^2 \leq y^2 x^2 - y^2 \rightarrow y^2 = \frac{y^2 x^2 - x^2}{x^2(y^2-1)}$$

$$\boxed{f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x\sqrt{y}}{x-1}} \leftarrow x = \sqrt{\frac{y^2}{y^2-1}} \leftarrow \pm \sqrt{\frac{y^2}{y^2-1}} \leq x \leftarrow \frac{y^2}{y^2-1} \leq x^2$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{درستی} \\ \text{قبولی} \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} (x_1, y) \\ (x_2, y) \end{array} \in f$$

$$\frac{x_1}{\sqrt{x_1^2-1}} \leq \frac{x_2}{\sqrt{x_2^2-1}} \rightarrow \frac{x_1^2}{x_1^2-1} \leq \frac{x_2^2}{x_2^2-1} \rightarrow x_1^2 x_2^2 - x_2^2 \leq x_1^2 x_2^2 - x_1^2$$

$$\text{است} \leftarrow \text{قبولی} \quad (x_2 + x_1) \text{ مستند} \quad \text{قبولی} \quad x_2 \leq x_1 \leftarrow x_2 \leq x_1 \leftarrow x_2 \leq x_1$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{1+|x|}$$

چون دامنه تابع $f(x)$ برلری با برد تابع $f^{-1}(x)$ است پس :

$$f(-\frac{r}{a}) = a = -\frac{r}{a}$$

$$f^{-1}(a) = -\frac{r}{a} \rightarrow \frac{a}{1+|a|} = -\frac{r}{a} \rightarrow -r - r|a| \leq aa \rightarrow \text{ا) } a > 0 \rightarrow -r - ra \leq aa \rightarrow \forall a \leq -r$$

$$\text{ب) } a < 0 \rightarrow -r + ra \leq aa \rightarrow \forall a \leq -r$$

$$g^{-1}(-\frac{r}{a}) \leq b = \frac{q}{a}$$

$$g(b) \leq -\frac{r}{a} \rightarrow \sqrt{b-1} \leq -\frac{r}{a} \rightarrow \sqrt{b} \leq \frac{r}{a} + 1 \rightarrow b \leq \frac{q}{a}$$

$$\boxed{a = -\frac{r}{a}} \in \text{درستی} \quad \text{قبولی} \quad \boxed{a = -\frac{r}{a}}$$

$$f(-\frac{r}{a}) + g^{-1}(-\frac{r}{a}) = -\frac{r}{a} + \frac{q}{a} \leq \frac{-r+q}{a} \leq \frac{-r+q}{a} = \frac{-r+q}{a}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) \leq \sqrt{x-1} \rightarrow x \leq \sqrt{y-1} \rightarrow x^2 \leq y-1 \rightarrow y \leq x^2+1 = f(x)$$

$$y = x^2 + 1$$

$$g(x) \leq x^2 + 1 + \sqrt{x^2+1} \Rightarrow a^2 + 1 + \sqrt{a^2+1} \leq 17 \Rightarrow t^2 + t \leq 17 \Rightarrow t^2 + t - 17 \leq 0$$

$$\boxed{g^{-1}(17) \leq a \leq 5}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2+1} \leq t$$

$$\sqrt{a^2+1} \leq t \leftarrow t \leq 5$$

$$\boxed{a < 1} \leftarrow \sqrt{a^2+1} \leq 5 \leftarrow t \leq 5$$

$$g(a) \leq 17$$

1.